

19 June 2023

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RE: Application to Clear Native Vegetation (CPS 10068/1) – Response to Request for Further Information

On behalf of PSP Properties Pty Ltd (**Applicant**) please find following additional information in relation to the clearing permit application for the Perth Surf Park project (CPS 10068/1).

The response addresses the items listed in emailed correspondence of 23 May 2023

1 Wetland

1.1 Assessment

Emailed correspondence of 23 May requests information on three additional items in relation to the wetland on the northern part of the site. In summary, the three items were:

- Provide spatial data of vegetation condition mapping of the wetland;
- Calculate a percentage figure for the vegetation in Good condition or better; and
- Modify the wetland management category assessment sheet.

To address the above PGV Environmental undertook a detailed vegetation condition mapping of the wetland on 1 June 2023. Paul van der Moezel walked the wetland on a 10m x 10m grid and recorded the vegetation condition using the Keighery (1994) scale within a 2m radius of the grid point. The methodology and 2m radius was agreed at a site meeting with DBCA on 17 May 2023.

The vegetation condition results for each grid point are shown in Attachment 1. Examples of vegetation on the site given the vegetation condition ratings are provided in Attachment 2.

A vegetation condition map was then prepared using the grid point results and interpolating the condition between the points using current aerial photography. At this fine scale the vegetation condition in the wetland is very chaotic and changes rapidly, in some cases from Very Good to

Degraded in the space of a metre. The condition of the vegetation under the areas of dense Paperbark are not easily interpolated using aerial photography.

Attachment 3 provides a list of weed species recorded during the vegetation condition assessment. This is not an exhaustive list of non-native species on site but gives an indication of the wide range of weed species in the wetland. The tall woody weed *Acacia longifolia* is the most abundant weed in the wetland.

The resultant vegetation condition map is provided in Attachment 4. We will send you the shapefiles in a separate email.

Table 1 summarises the percentage of each vegetation condition class in the wetland.

Table 1: Wetland Vegetation Condition

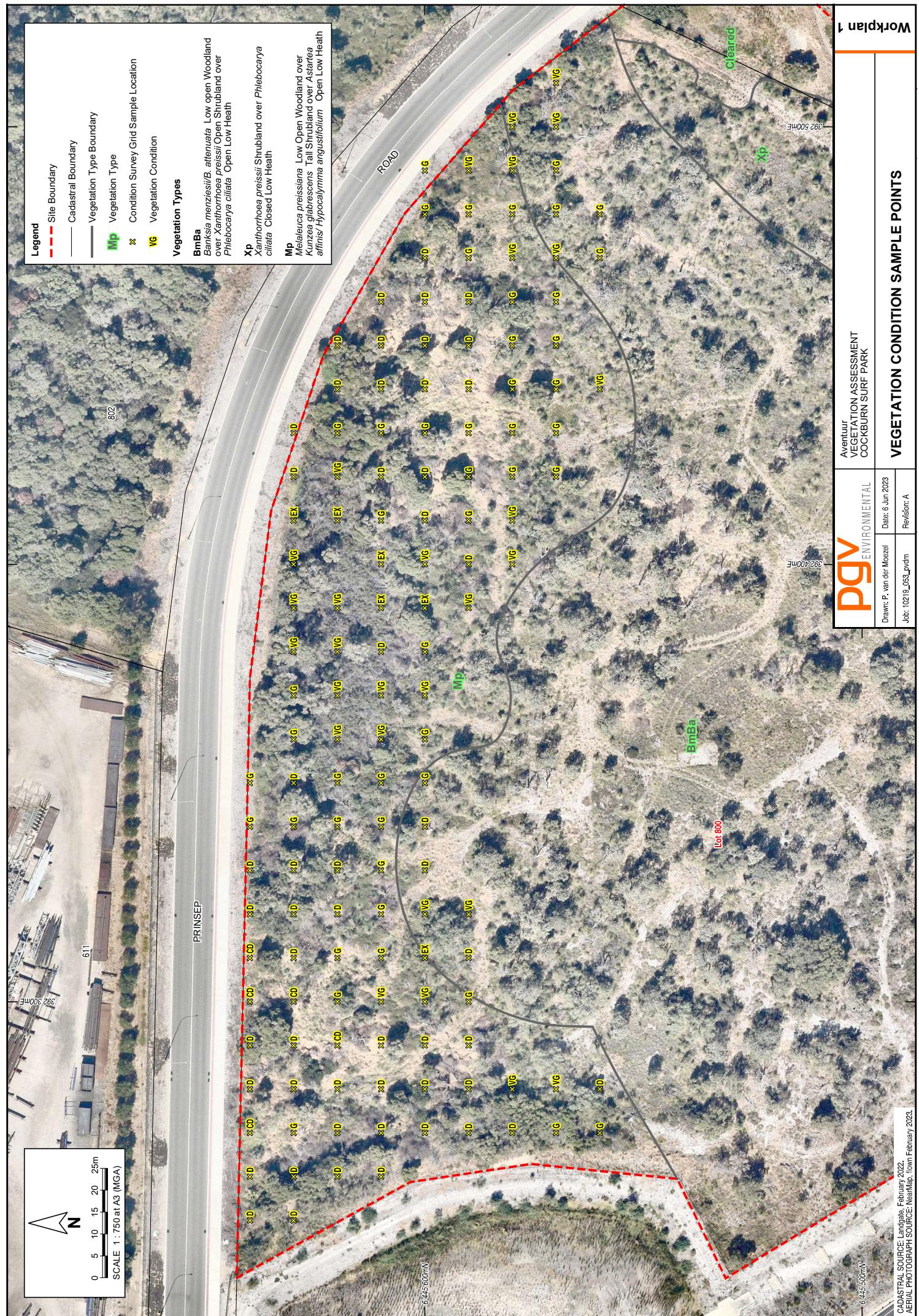
Vegetation Condition	Percentage (%)
Excellent	5.0
Very Good	25.2
Good	28.7
Degraded	35.6
Completely Degraded	5.6

The amount of vegetation in Good condition or better is 58.8%

We have updated the Wetland Evaluation assessment previously provided to you (Attachment 5). The revised Wetland Evaluation uses the vegetation condition percentage outlined above and also addresses your request in the email of 23 May to provide a response to each question rather than leaving the response blank. I also observed a Quenda entering the site during the vegetation condition mapping and have updated the Fauna section based on that observation.

The revised Wetland Evaluation gives a score of High – 3, Intermediate - 9 and Low– 1 (compared to High – 2, Intermediate– 7 and Low– 2 previously) which results in a Resource Enhancement management category.

ATTACHMENT 1
Wetland Vegetation Condition Map
Grid Points



ATTACHMENT 2

Vegetation Condition Examples on Site

Wetland Vegetation Condition Examples on Site

Excellent



Very Good



Good



Degraded



Completely Degraded



ATTACHMENT 3

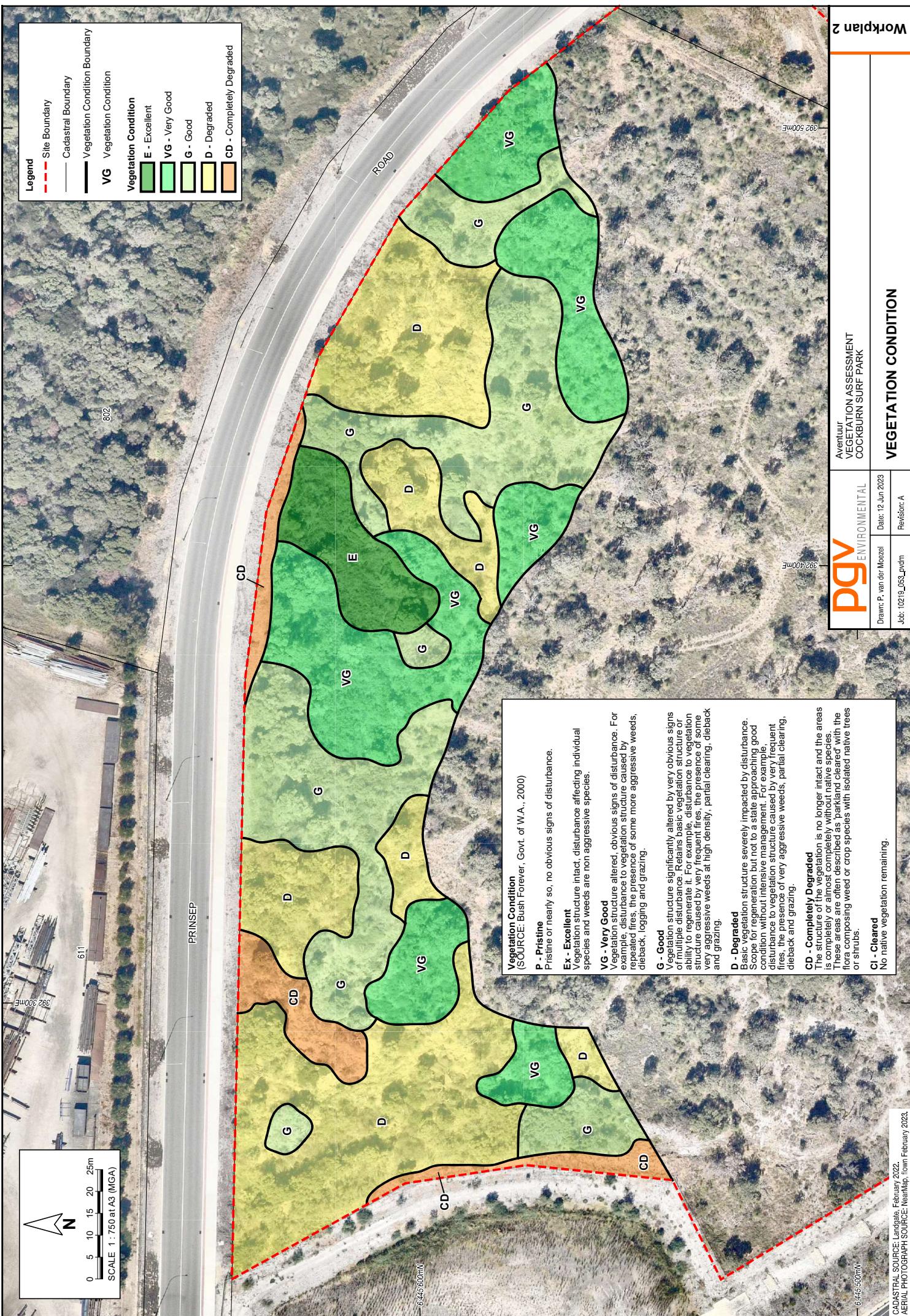
Weed Species Recorded in the Wetland

Weed Species recorded during the Vegetation Condition Site Assessment

Species	Common Name
<i>Acacia longifolia</i>	Sydney Wattle
<i>Asparagus asparagooides</i>	Bridal Creeper
<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>	Pigface
<i>Chamelaucium uncinatum</i>	Geraldton Wax
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	Couch Grass
<i>Ehrharta calycina</i>	Perennial Veldtgrass
<i>Ehrharta longifolia</i>	Annual Veldtgrass
<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>	African Lovegrass
<i>Erigeron bonariensis</i>	Fleabane
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>	River Red Gum
<i>Euphorbia terracina</i>	Geraldton Carnation Weed
<i>Fumaria capreolata</i>	Fumitory
<i>Gladiolus caryophyllaceus</i>	Gladiolus
<i>Lactuca serriola</i>	Prickly Lettuce
<i>Leptospermum laevigatum</i>	Victorian Teatree
<i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	Blue Lupin
<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Soursob
<i>Pelargonium capitatum</i>	Rose Pelargonium
<i>Phytolacca octandra</i>	Inkweed
<i>Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum</i>	Jersey Cudweed
<i>Ricinus communis</i>	Castor Oil
<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	Japanese Pepper
<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	Blackberry Nightshade
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	Dandelion
<i>Trachyandra divaricata</i>	Onion Weed
<i>Vicia sativa</i>	Common Vetch
<i>Washingtonia filifera</i>	Cotton Palm

ATTACHMENT 4

Wetland Vegetation Condition Map



ATTACHMENT 5

Wetland Evaluation

UFI 6652 Dampland – portion on Lot 800

Preliminary evaluation criteria.

No.	Criteria	Y/N	Comments
1	<p>The wetland is currently recognised as internationally or nationally significant for its natural values.</p> <p>Lists/registers include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – The Ramsar Convention on Wetlands – State government endorsed candidate sites for the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands – Directory of Important Wetlands in Australia National Heritage List – Or equivalent. 	N	
2	<p>The wetland is spatially dominated by vegetation in a good or better condition using the vegetation condition scale outlined in Appendix B and is identified as significant for its natural values under one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Conservation Reserves for Western Australia Systems 1, 2, 3, 5 – Conservation Reserves for Western Australia, The Darling System –System 6 – A Systematic Overview of Environmental Values of the Wetlands, Rivers and Estuaries of the Busselton – Walpole Region – The Environmental Significance of Wetlands in the Perth to Bunbury Region – Bush Forever, Swan Bioplan or equivalent. 	N	
3	<p>The wetland supports a breeding, roosting, or refuge site or a critical feeding site for populations of fauna listed by the Australian Government (for example, <i>Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999</i>, migratory bird agreements such as JAMBA, CAMBA and RoKAMBA) or the State (for example, Threatened and Specially Protected Fauna listed under the <i>Wildlife Conservation Act 1950</i>).</p>	N	
4	<p>The wetland is spatially dominated by vegetation in a good or better condition using the vegetation condition scale outlined in Appendix B and supports one or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – An occurrence of a Threatened Ecological Community – A confirmed occurrence of a Priority 1 or Priority 2 Ecological Community – A confirmed occurrence of a Declared Rare (Threatened) flora species. 	N	

No.	Criteria	Y/N	Comments
5	Equal to or greater than 90% of the wetland supports vegetation in a good or better condition using the vegetation condition scale outlined in Appendix B.	N	58.8% in Good condition or better following detailed vegetation condition mapping in June 2023
6	The wetland is spatially dominated by vegetation in a good or better condition using the vegetation condition scale outlined in Appendix B and is known to support internationally, nationally or state-wide scientific values including geoheritage and geoconservation.	N	
7	<p>The wetland is spatially dominated by vegetation in a good or better condition using the vegetation condition scale outlined in Appendix B and meets one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - ≤10% of wetlands of the same type are assigned Conservation management category within the Swan Coastal Plain (by area) - ≤10% of all wetlands in the same consanguineous suite are assigned Conservation management category (by area) - ≤10% of wetlands of the same type in its consanguineous suite are assigned Conservation management category (by area) - best representative of its type within its consanguineous suite domain 	N	Jandakot Suite

Secondary evaluation criteria.

Attributes/ functions/ values	General criteria	Criteria	Score	Comments
Geomorphology				
1		≤20% of wetlands of the same type are assigned Conservation on the Swan Coastal Plain by area.	H	No
2	<i>Representativeness</i>	≤20% of wetlands in the same consanguineous suite are assigned Conservation by area.	H	No
3		≤20% of wetlands of the same type in the same consanguineous suite are assigned Conservation by area.	H	No
4		The wetland is outstanding in some geomorphic aspect, for example size, origin, height relative to sea level, depth, age.	H	No
5	<i>Naturalness</i>	Alteration to the wetland's geomorphology by % area: – < 25% altered – 25-75% altered – > 75% altered.	H – – L	>75% for total area of mapped wetland
6	<i>Scarcity</i>	The wetland exhibits unusual geomorphology or unusual internal geomorphic features compared to other wetlands of the same type in the consanguineous suite.	H	No
7		The wetland is the best example of its type in its consanguineous suite.	H	No

Attributes/functions/values	General criteria	Criteria	Score	Comments
11	Scarcity	The wetland exhibits unusual processes (e.g. hydrological, sedimentological, chemical, biological) compared to other wetlands of the same type in the consanguineous suite.	H	No
12	Representativeness	<p>The wetland is a hydrological link in a larger or more complex and intact system.</p> <p>The wetland is part of a continuous ecological linkage or wildlife corridor, or a regionally significant ecological linkage or wildlife corridor connecting bushland or wetland areas.</p> <p>The wetland is part of a fragmented ecological linkage or wildlife corridor.</p> <p>The wetland is disturbed and isolated, surrounded by either a built or highly disturbed environment with no nearby native vegetation or waterways to support an intact or fragmented ecological linkage or wildlife corridor.</p>	H	<p>The wetland is mostly surrounded by a built environment apart from a larger, more intact portion of the same wetland north of Prinsep Road. The presence of the northern part of the wetland resulted in the wetland being considered part of a fragmented ecological linkage or wildlife corridor.</p>
13	Naturalness	<p>The wetland has unusual hydrological, hydrochemical or ecological linkages with adjacent wetland or bushland.</p>	I	No
14	Scarcity			
15		<p>The wetland is isolated from other undisturbed wetlands or bushland and as a result, maintains important ecological or genetic fauna or flora diversity within its consanguineous suite domain.</p>	H	<p>The wetland, and the portion north of Prinsep Road, are isolated from other undisturbed wetlands and bushland</p>
16	Representativeness	<p>The wetland contains evidence of surface water that is vital to maintaining regionally significant populations of native aquatic or terrestrial flora or fauna.</p>	H	No
17		<p>The wetland provides a nursery for native fauna populations, or maintains fauna populations at a vulnerable stage of their life cycle.</p>	H	No

Attributes/ functions/ values	General criteria	Criteria	Score	Comments
18	Naturalness	The wetland supports habitats that are unaltered or the wetland has been altered and its natural habitats are maintained. The wetland supports habitats that are altered; however, the habitats are still identifiable and have the potential to be rehabilitated. The wetland is altered and as a result is no longer supporting natural habitats which can be rehabilitated.	H I L	The wetland vegetation ranges from Completely Degraded to Excellent and hence fauna habitats have been altered but has potential to be rehabilitated
19	Scarcity	The wetland supports habitats that are unusual compared to other wetlands of the same type on the Swan Coastal Plain.	H	No
20	Representativeness	Flora The wetland's current diversity of native flora is similar to what would be expected in an unaltered state. The wetland supports a reduced diversity of native flora due to human induced disturbances. The wetland supports a significantly reduced diversity of native flora species due to human induced disturbances.	H I L	The wetland vegetation condition has X% in Degraded and Completely Degraded condition and X% in Good condition which includes many weeds. The native flora diversity is considered to be reduced as a result of the high weed infestation.
21		The wetland is identified in a vegetation complex (Heddle <i>et al.</i> , 1980) which is represented by: ≤30% of the pre-European extent 30-50% of the pre-European extent.	H I	Bassendean – Central and South has 26.87% remaining
22	Naturalness	Using the vegetation condition scale outlined in Appendix B, the wetland's vegetation condition by area is: ≥ 75% Good, Very Good, Excellent or Pristine 25-75% Good, Very Good, Excellent or Pristine < 25% Good, Very Good, Excellent or Pristine.	H I L	58.8% in Good condition or better following detailed vegetation condition mapping in June 2023

Attributes/ functions/ values	General criteria	Criteria	Score	Comments
23	The wetland or ≥ 50% of the wetland boundary is surrounded by land dominated by remnant native vegetation. The wetland or 10-50% of the wetland boundary is surrounded by land dominated by remnant native vegetation. The wetland or < 10% of the wetland boundary is surrounded by land dominated by remnant native vegetation.	H I L	The wetland boundary includes Prinsep Road to the north, a stormwater basin to the west and upland native vegetation to the south and east. The wetland perimeter is around 700m of which 285m is native vegetation (41%)	
24	The wetland supports an occurrence of Declared Rare, Priority 1, Priority 2, Priority 3 or Priority 4 flora, or an occurrence of 3 or more significant flora taxa.	H	No	
25	Scarcity	The wetland is likely to support Declared Rare, Priority 1, Priority 2, Priority 3 or Priority 4 flora; however, the occurrence cannot be located or its habitat has been altered and is no longer in a natural state.	I	No
26		The wetland supports an occurrence of a Threatened Ecological Community, Priority 1 or Priority 2 ecological community.	H	No – the vegetation in the wetland is not a TEC or PEC
27		The wetland supports an occurrence of a Priority 3 or Priority 4 ecological community.	I	No – the vegetation in the wetland is not a TEC or PEC
Fauna				
28		The wetland is an ecological refuge for regionally significant fauna species or fauna assemblages. The wetland has the potential to be an ecological refuge but is disturbed and its attributes and functions require rehabilitation.	H I	No
29	Representativeness	The wetland supports a permanent or seasonal feeding, breeding, roosting or watering site for regionally significant native fauna. The wetland supports a permanent or seasonal feeding, breeding, roosting or watering site for regional or local fauna but only in association with other surrounding natural areas.	H I	No

Attributes/functions/values	General criteria	Criteria	Score	Comments
30	Naturalness	The wetland's current diversity of native fauna is similar to what would be expected in an unaltered state, or the wetland supports diverse fauna compared to other wetlands of the same type. The wetland supports a reduced diversity of fauna compared to other wetlands of the same type.	H	The condition of the vegetation is likely to result in a reduced diversity of fauna compared to other similar wetlands
31	Scarcity	The wetland supports limited attributes and functions for fauna populations due to human induced disturbances. The wetland is likely to support a breeding, roosting, refuge or feeding site for populations of fauna listed by the Commonwealth (e.g. EPBC Act 1999, JAMBA, CAMBA, RoKAMBA Agreements) or the State (e.g. Threatened or Specially Protected Fauna listed under the <i>Wildlife Conservation Act 1950</i>). The wetland supports a breeding, roosting, refuge or feeding site for Priority 1, Priority 2, Priority 3 or Priority 4 fauna.	L	No
32	Representativeness	The wetland supports an occurrence of a Threatened Ecological Community, Priority 1 or Priority 2 ecological community. The wetland supports an occurrence of a Priority 3 or Priority 4 ecological community or a breeding, roosting, refuge or feeding site for significant fauna.	H	One Quenda (P4) spotted entering the wetland on 1 June 2023
33			H	No
34			I	One Quenda (P4) spotted entering the wetland on 1 June 2023
35		The wetland or its immediate surrounds is identified for its natural values on a national or State heritage list or the wetland supports other known regional heritage values.	H	No
36		The wetland or its immediate surrounds is identified for its natural values on a municipal heritage list or the wetland supports other known local heritage values.	I	No

Attributes/ functions/ values	General criteria Criteria	Score	Comments
37	The wetland or its immediate surrounds is identified on a national, State or local list or register for its Aboriginal cultural value (e.g. Department of Aboriginal Affairs register).	H	The wetland is not listed on any of these registers
38	The wetland is important to the local community either nationally or state wide for its natural values.	H	No
39 <i>Representativeness</i>	The wetland is or has the potential to be a site for public or private based recreation.	I	No
40	The wetland is likely to support heritage, cultural or social values; however, the value cannot be confirmed or the value has been disturbed and are no longer as important or significant. The wetland did support heritage, cultural or social values; however, these have been significantly disturbed and are no longer important or the values have been removed.	I No L	
Scientific and Educational			
41	<i>Representativeness</i>	The wetland supports known important teaching or research characteristics and for this reason is an existing or potential education or research site. Note, the wetland must still support the relevant teaching or research characteristics.	H No I
42		The wetland has the potential to be used as a study or research site.	
		The wetland supports known scientific, geoheritage or geoconservation values.	H No

Tally for the Secondary Evaluation.

Attributes/functions/values	Scores		
	High	Intermediate	Low
Geomorphology	0	0	1
Wetland processes	0	2	0
Linkages	0	1	0
Habitats	1	1	0
Flora	1	3	0
Fauna	1	2	0
Cultural	0	0	0
Scientific and educational	0	0	0
Total score	3	9	1
Defining attributes/functions/values	Wetland Processes and Flora		
Applicable management category	Resource Enhancement		