



CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

PERMIT DETAILS

Area Permit Number:	CPS 10452/1
File Number:	DWERDT14202
Duration of Permit:	From 21 April 2024 to 21 April 2031

PERMIT HOLDER

Shire of York

LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

Crown Reserve 19039, Malebelling

AUTHORISED ACTIVITY

The permit holder must not clear more than one native tree within the area cross-hatched yellow in Figure 1 of Schedule 1.

CONDITIONS

1. Period during which clearing is authorised

The permit holder must not clear any native vegetation after 21 April 2026.

2. Avoid, minimise, and reduce impacts and extent of clearing

In determining the *native vegetation* authorised to be cleared under this permit, the permit holder must apply the following principles, set out in descending order of preference:

- (a) avoid the clearing of *native vegetation*;
- (b) minimise the amount of *native vegetation* to be cleared; and
- (c) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

3. Weed and dieback management

When undertaking any clearing authorised under this permit, the permit holder must take the following measures to minimise the risk of introduction and spread of *weeds* and *dieback*:

- (a) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
- (b) ensure that no known *dieback* or *weed*-affected soil, *mulch*, *fill*, or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
- (c) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

4. **Revegetation and rehabilitation**

The permit holder must within 24 months of undertaking clearing authorised under this permit:

- (a) undertake the *planting* of two (2) *Eucalyptus rudis* seedlings located within the cross-hatched red area in Figure 2 of Schedule 1, within Crown Reserve 19039, Malebelling;
- (b) ensure only *local provenance* species are used;
- (c) ensure *planting* is undertaken at the *optimal time*;
- (d) the permit holder must within 24 months of *planting* the two *Eucalyptus rudis* seedlings in accordance with condition 4(a) of this permit;
 - (i) engage an *environmental specialist* to make a determination that at least two *Eucalyptus rudis* seedlings will survive; and
 - (ii) if the determination made by the *environmental specialist* under condition 4(c)(i) that at least two (2) *Eucalyptus rudis* seedlings will not survive, the permit holder must plant additional native seedlings that will result in at least two (2) *Eucalyptus rudis* seedlings persisting located within the cross-hatched green area in Figure 2 of Schedule 1, within Crown Reserve 19039, Malebelling.
 - (iii) undertake *weed* control activities on an 'as needs' basis to ensure success of *revegetation*;
- (e) where additional *planting* of native seedlings is undertaken in accordance with condition 4(c)(ii), the permit holder must repeat the activities required by condition 4(b) and 4(c) of this permit.

5. Records that must be kept

The permit holder must maintain records relating to the listed relevant matters in accordance with the specifications detailed in Table 1.

No.	Relevant matter	Specifications
1.	1. In relation to the authorised clearing	(a) the species composition, structure, and density of the cleared area;
activities generally	 (b) the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to GDA2020, expressing the geographical coordinates 	

Table 1: Records that must be kept

No.	Relevant matter	Spec	rifications
			in Eastings and Northings;
		(c)	the date that the area was cleared;
		(d)	the size of the area cleared (in hectares);
		(e)	actions taken to avoid, minimise, and reduce the impacts and extent of clearing in accordance with condition 2;
		(f)	actions taken to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of <i>weeds</i> and <i>dieback</i> in accordance with condition 3; and
		(g)	actions taken to undertake planting of at least two (2) <i>Eucalyptus rudis</i> seedlings in accordance with condition 4, including the <i>environmental specialist</i> determination on survivability.

6. Reporting

The permit holder must provide to the *CEO* the records required under condition 5 of this permit when requested by the *CEO*.

DEFINITIONS

In this permit, the terms in Table 2 have the meanings defined.

Term	Definition
CEO	Chief Executive Officer of the department responsible for the administration of the clearing provisions under the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> .
clearing	has the meaning given under section $3(1)$ of the EP Act.
condition	a condition to which this clearing permit is subject under section 51H of the EP Act.
fill	means material used to increase the ground level, or to fill a depression.
dieback	means the effect of <i>Phytophthora</i> species on native vegetation.
department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector</i> <i>Management Act 1994</i> (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.
EP Act	Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)
environmental specialist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit, or who is

 Table 2: Definitions

Term	Definition		
	approved by the CEO as a suitable environmental specialist.		
local provenance	means native vegetation seeds and propagating material from natural sources within 50 kilometres and the same IBRA subregion of the area cleared.		
mulch	means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation.		
native vegetation	has the meaning given under section 3(1) and section 51A of the EP Act.		
optimal time	means the period from May to July for undertaking planting.		
planting	means the re-establishment of vegetation by creating favourable soil conditions and planting seedlings of the desired species.		
rehabilitate	means actively managing an area containing native vegetation in order to improve the ecological function of that area.		
revegetate	means the re-establishment of a cover of local provenance native vegetation in an area using methods such as natural regeneration, direct seeding and/or planting, so that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area.		
	means any plant –		
weeds	 (a) that is a declared pest under section 22 of the <i>Biosecurity and</i> <i>Agriculture Management Act 2007</i>; or (b) published in a Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions species-led ecological impact and invasiveness ranking summary, regardless of ranking; or (c) not indigenous to the area concerned. 		

END OF CONDITIONS

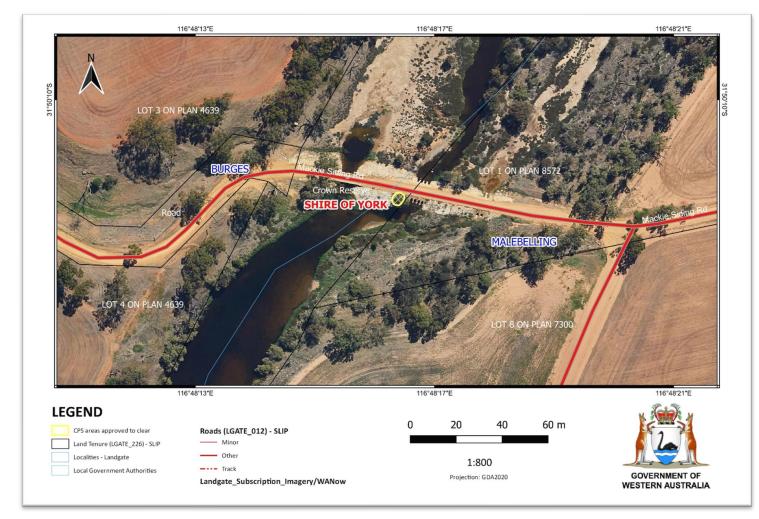
Mathew Gannaway MANAGER NATIVE VEGETATION REGULATION

Officer delegated under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

28 March 2024

OFFICIAL

SCHEDULE 1



The boundary of the area authorised to be cleared is shown in the map below (Figure 1).

Figure 1: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur

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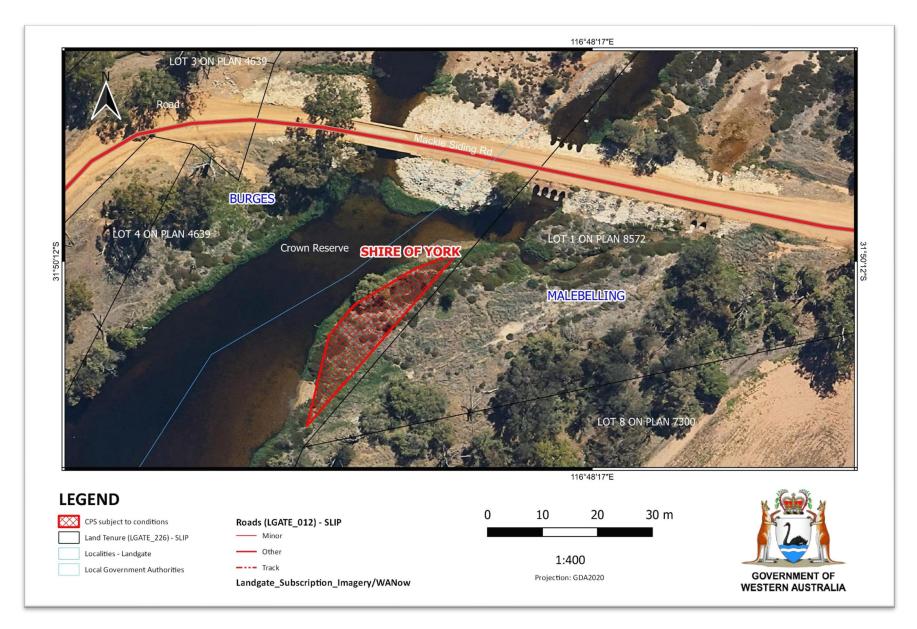


Figure 2: Map of the boundary of the area within which revegetation and rehabilitation must occur

CPS 10452/1, 28 March 2024

Page 6 of 6