



CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

Purpose Permit number:	10508/1
Duration of Permit:	From 6 April 2024 to 5 April 2029
Permit Holder:	97992001 Pty Ltd

The Permit Holder is authorised to clear native vegetation subject to the following conditions of this Permit.

PART I - CLEARING AUTHORISED

1. Land on which clearing is to be done

Exploration Licences 69/3401
Exploration Licences 69/3552

2. Clearing authorised (purpose)

The Permit Holder is authorised to clear native vegetation for the purpose of mineral exploration and associated activities.

3. Area of Clearing

The Permit Holder must not clear more than 14 hectares of native vegetation within the area cross-hatched yellow in Figures 1-5 of Schedule 1.

4. Clearing Restricted

The Permit Holder shall not clear native vegetation within the areas cross hatched red in Figures 1-5 of Schedule 1, unless first approved by the *CEO*.

5. Directional clearing

The Permit Holder shall must:

- conduct all clearing authorised under this permit in one direction towards adjacent vegetation; and
- allow a reasonable time for fauna present within the area being cleared to move into that adjacent native vegetation ahead of the clearing activity.

PART II - MANAGEMENT CONDITIONS

6. Avoid, minimise and reduce the impacts and extent of clearing

In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared under this Permit, the Permit Holder must apply the following principles, set out in descending order of preference:

- avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
- minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
- reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

7. Weed control

When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *weeds*:

- (a) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
- (b) ensure that no known *weed*-affected soil, *mulch*, *fill* or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
- (c) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

8. Vegetation Management

- (a) where practicable the Permit Holder shall avoid clearing *riparian vegetation*; and
- (b) where a *watercourse* or *drainage line* is to be impacted by clearing, the Permit Holder shall ensure that the existing surface flow is maintained, or reinstated downstream into existing natural drainage lines.

9. Flora Management

Where *priority flora* species *Euphorbia parvicaruncula* have been identified and their written locations, provided to the *CEO*, within the report as retained on DEMIRS file DMS1439/2024: 'Western Botanical (2023b) Targeted Flora and Vegetation Assessment, Jameson Tenements. Report prepared for Julimar Resources Pty Ltd, January 2024.' as Object ID A73731313, the Permit Holder shall ensure that:

- (i) no clearing of identified *Euphorbia parvicaruncula*, unless approved by the *CEO*;
- (ii) no clearing occurs within 10 metres of *Euphorbia parvicaruncula*, unless first approved by the *CEO*.

10. Flora management

- (a) Prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit within the areas cross hatched in red in Figures 1-5 of Schedule 1, the Permit Holder shall engage a *botanist* to conduct a *targeted flora survey* of the Permit Area for the presence of *threatened flora* listed in the *Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice* and *priority flora* in accordance with *EPA Technical Guidance*.
- (b) Where *threatened flora* or *priority flora* are identified in relation to Condition 10(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that:
 - (i) prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder shall provide the results of the *targeted flora survey* in a report to the *CEO*;
 - (ii) no clearing occurs within 50 metres of identified *threatened flora*, unless approved by the *CEO*; and
 - (iii) no clearing of identified *priority flora* occurs and no clearing occurs within 10 metres of identified *priority flora*, unless first approved by the *CEO*.

11. Fauna Management

- (a) Within two weeks prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit within the areas cross hatched in red in Figures 1-5 of Schedule 1, the Permit Holder shall engage a *fauna specialist* to undertake *clearance surveys* for brush-tailed mulgara (*Dasymercus blythi*), greater bilby (*Macrotis lagotis*), great desert skink (*Liopholis kintorei*) and greater stick-nest rat (*Leporillus conditor*).
- (b) Where greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat burrows are identified under Condition 11(a), the Permit Holder shall engage a *fauna specialist* to determine if the burrow is occupied.
- (c) Within two weeks prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder shall engage a *fauna specialist* to relocate any greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat found under Condition 11(a) and 11(b) of this permit.
- (d) The Permit Holder shall engage a fauna spotter to traverse the project area ahead of clearing machinery, at the time of clearing and alert machinery operators to avoid greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat injury or mortality.
- (e) Where any greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat are identified and relocated under Condition 11(a), 11(b), 11(c) and 11(d) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall include the following in a report submitted to the *CEO*:

- (i) the location of any evidence of greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
- (ii) the type of evidence recorded under Condition 11(e)(i) e.g. fauna individuals, burrows, scats, tracks;
- (iii) the location and date where any greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat were relocated using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
- (iv) the name of the *fauna specialist* that relocated the greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat under Condition 11(c); and
- (v) a copy of the fauna licence authorising the relocation of the greater mulgara/greater bilby/great desert skink/greater stick-nest rat under Condition 11(c).

12. Fauna Management - Malleefowl

Where clearing authorised under this Permit is to occur between 1 September and 31 January, the Permit Holder shall:

- (a) Within two weeks prior to undertaking any clearing, engage an *environmental specialist* to conduct an inspection of the area to be cleared to identify *active (in use) Malleefowl (Leipoa ocellata) mounds*.
- (b) Where an *active (in use) Malleefowl mound* is identified under Condition 12(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that no clearing occurs within 200 metres of the mound, during the months of September through to January, unless first approved by the *CEO*.

PART III - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

13. Records to be kept

The Permit Holder must maintain records relating to the listed relevant matters in accordance with the specifications detailed in Table 1.

Table 1: Records that must be kept

No.	Relevant matter	Specifications
1.	In relation to the authorised clearing activities generally	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings; (b) the date that the area was cleared; (c) the size of the area cleared (in hectares); (d) actions taken in accordance with Condition 4; (e) actions taken in accordance within Condition 5; (f) actions taken to avoid, minimise, and reduce the impacts and extent of clearing in accordance with Condition 6; (g) actions taken to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of <i>weeds</i> in accordance with Condition 7; (h) actions taken in accordance with Condition 8; and (i) actions taken to identify and avoid clearing around <i>active (in use) Malleefowl mounds</i> in accordance with Condition 12.
2.	In relation to flora management pursuant to Condition 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) actions taken to demarcate <i>Euphorbia parvicaruncula</i> individuals recorded and their relevant buffers; and (b) actions taken to avoid the clearing of <i>Euphorbia parvicaruncula</i>.
3.	In relation to flora management pursuant to Condition 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the location of each <i>threatened</i> and <i>priority flora</i> species using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to

No.	Relevant matter	Specifications
		<p>Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings;</p> <p>(b) the species name of each <i>threatened</i> and <i>priority flora</i> species identified; and</p> <p>(c) a copy of the <i>botanist's</i> survey report.</p>

14. Reporting

- (a) The Permit Holder shall provide a report to the *CEO* by 30 June each year for the life of this Permit, demonstrating adherence to all conditions of this Permit, and setting out the records required under Condition 13 of this Permit in relation to clearing carried out between 1 July and 30 June of the previous financial year.
- (b) If no clearing authorised under this Permit was undertaken between 1 July and 30 June of the previous financial year, a written report confirming that no clearing under this permit has been carried out, must be provided to the *CEO* by 30 June of each year.
- (c) Prior to 5 April 2029, the Permit Holder must provide to the *CEO* a written report of records required under Condition 13 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under Condition 14(a) or 14(b) of this Permit.

DEFINITIONS

In this Permit, the terms in Table 2 have the meanings defined.

Table 2: Definitions

Term	Definition
active (in use) Malleefowl mound	means a mound with evidence of current Malleefowl (<i>Leipoa ocellata</i>) activity, such as: working of the mound; scratching; litter trails leading to the mound; or loose uncompacted surfaces. The form and structure of the mound will show that it is currently being prepared for egg laying or it already contains eggs.
botanist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has a minimum of 2 years work experience in identification and surveys of flora native to the bioregion being inspected or surveyed, or who is approved by the <i>CEO</i> as a suitable <i>botanist</i> for the bioregion.
CEO	the Chief Executive Officer of the Department responsible for administering the clearing provisions contained within the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> or an Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> .
clearance surveys	means a search of immediate impact areas prior to clearing to locate fauna. The clearance survey should focus on locating burrows, recent foraging signs, fresh tracks and scats.
clearing	has the meaning given under section 3(1) of the EP Act.
condition/s	a condition to which this clearing permit is subject under section 51H of the EP Act.
drainage line	means a natural depression that carries surface water runoff.
DEMIRS	means the Department of Energy, Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety.
department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.
environmental specialist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an

Term	Definition
	environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit, or who is approved by the <i>CEO</i> as a suitable environmental specialist.
EP Act	<i>Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)</i> .
EPA Technical Guidance	means Environmental Protection Authority (2016), <i>Technical Guidance - Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment</i> , EPA, Western Australia.
fauna specialist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification specialising in environmental science or equivalent, and has a minimum of 2 years work experience in fauna identification and surveys of fauna native to the region being inspected or surveyed, or who is approved by the <i>CEO</i> as a suitable fauna specialist for the bioregion, and who holds a valid fauna licence issued under the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> .
fill	means material used to increase the ground level, or to fill a depression.
mulch	means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation.
native vegetation	has the meaning given under section 3(1) and section 51A of the EP Act.
priority flora	means those plant taxa described as priority flora classes 1, 2, 3, or 4 in the Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions' Threatened and Priority Flora List for Western Australia (as amended).
riparian vegetation	has the meaning given to it in Regulation 3 of the Environmental Protection (Clearing of Native Vegetation) Regulation 2004.
targeted flora survey	means a field-based investigation, including a review of established literature, of the biodiversity of flora and vegetation of the Permit Area, focusing on habitat suitable for flora species that are being targeted and carried out during the optimal time to identify those species. Where target flora are identified in the Permit Area, the survey should also include sufficient surrounding areas to place the Permit Area into local context.
threatened flora	means those plant taxa listed as threatened flora under the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> .
watercourse	has the meaning given to it in section 3 of the <i>Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914</i> .
weed/s	means any plant – (a) that is a declared pest under section 22 of the <i>Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007</i> ; or (b) published in a Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions species-led ecological impact and invasiveness ranking summary, regardless of ranking; or (c) not indigenous to the area concerned.
Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice	means those plant taxa gazetted as a threatened flora pursuant to section 19(1) of the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> (as amended).

END OF CONDITIONS

Danielle Risbey

Danielle Risbey | Acting General Manager Mine Closure and Environmental Services
 Resource and Environmental Compliance Division
 14 March 2024

Officer with delegated authority under Section 20
of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*

SCHEDULE 1

The boundary of the area authorised to be cleared is shown in the map below (Figures 1-5).

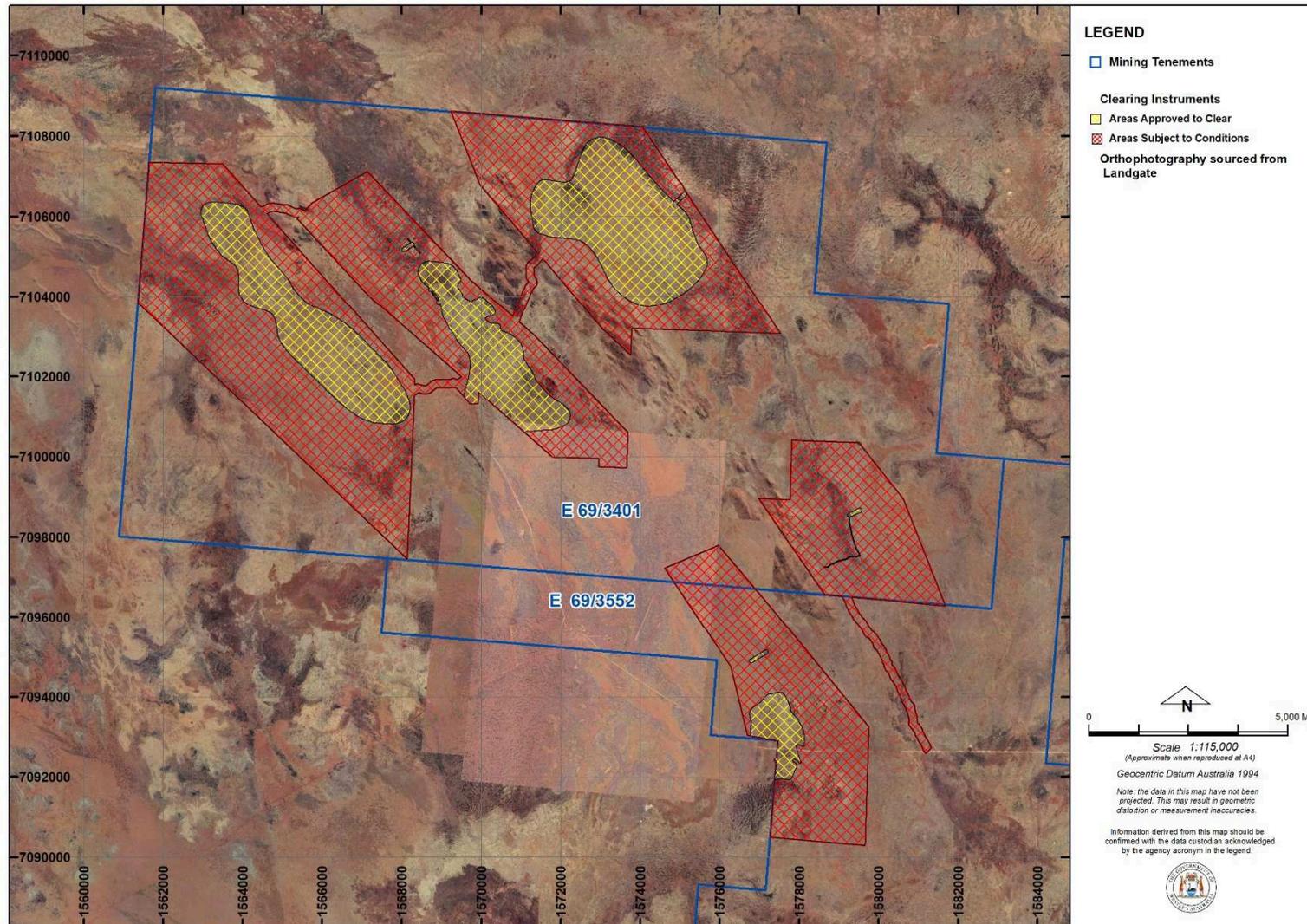


Figure 1: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur

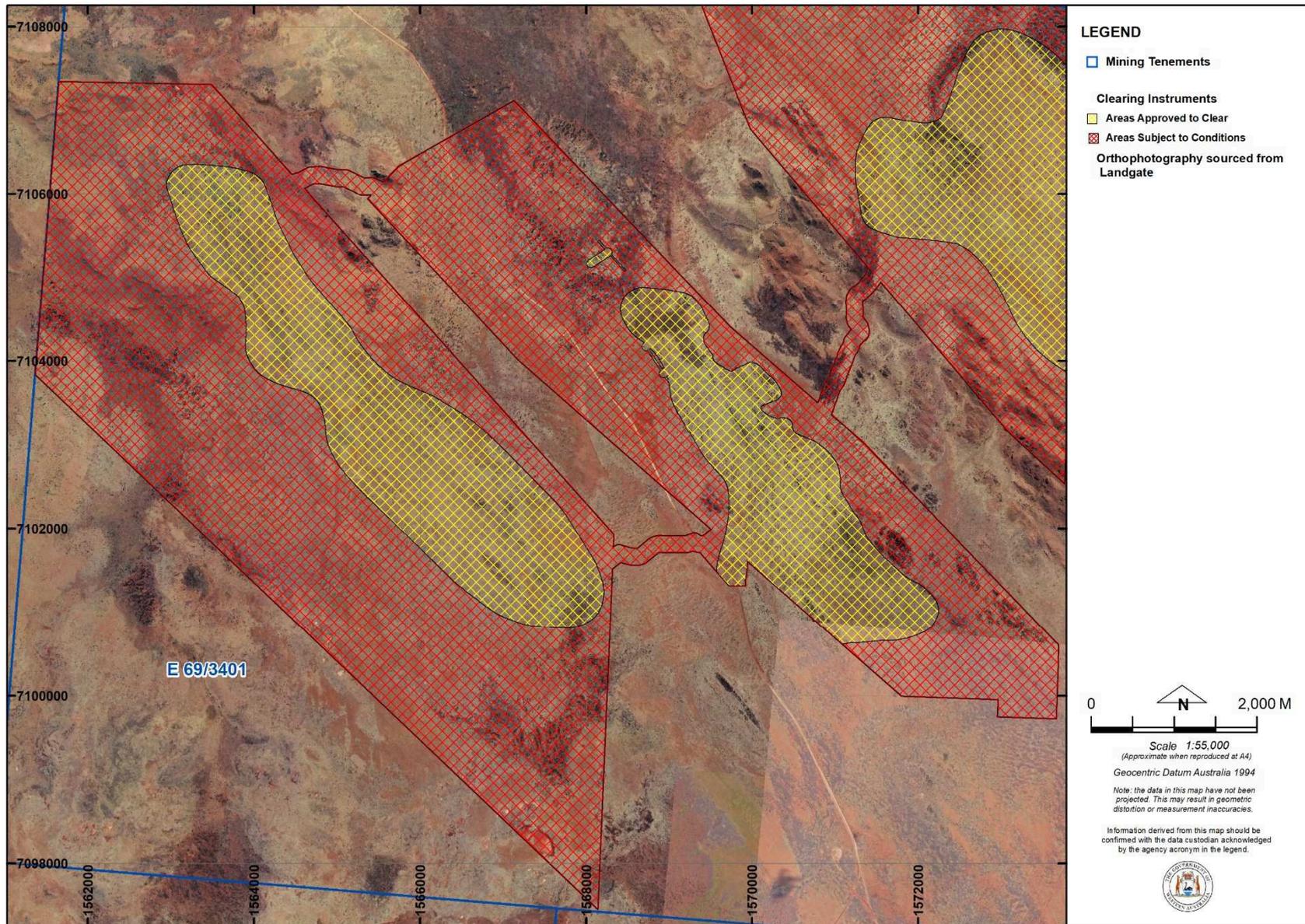


Figure 2: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur

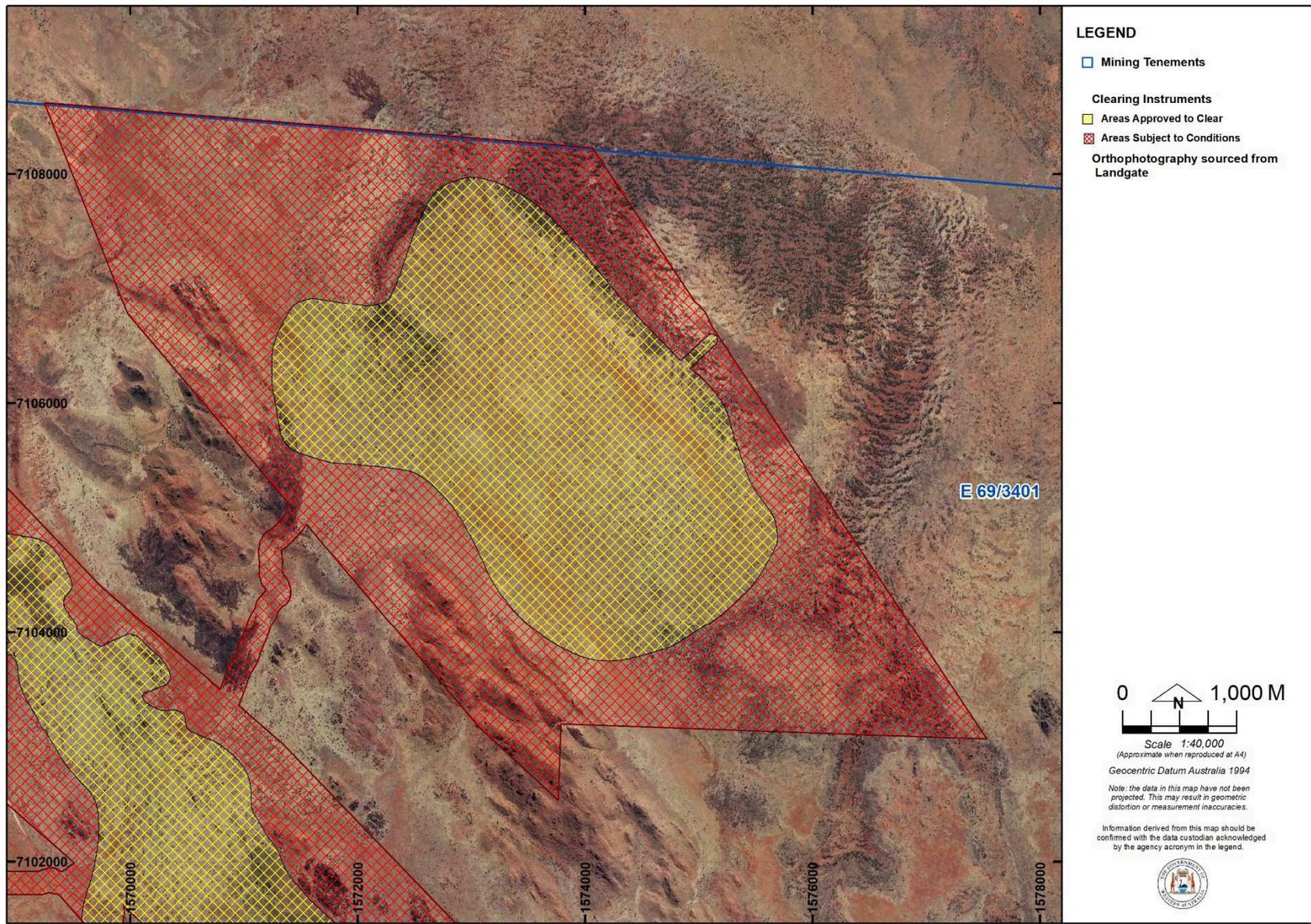


Figure 3: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur

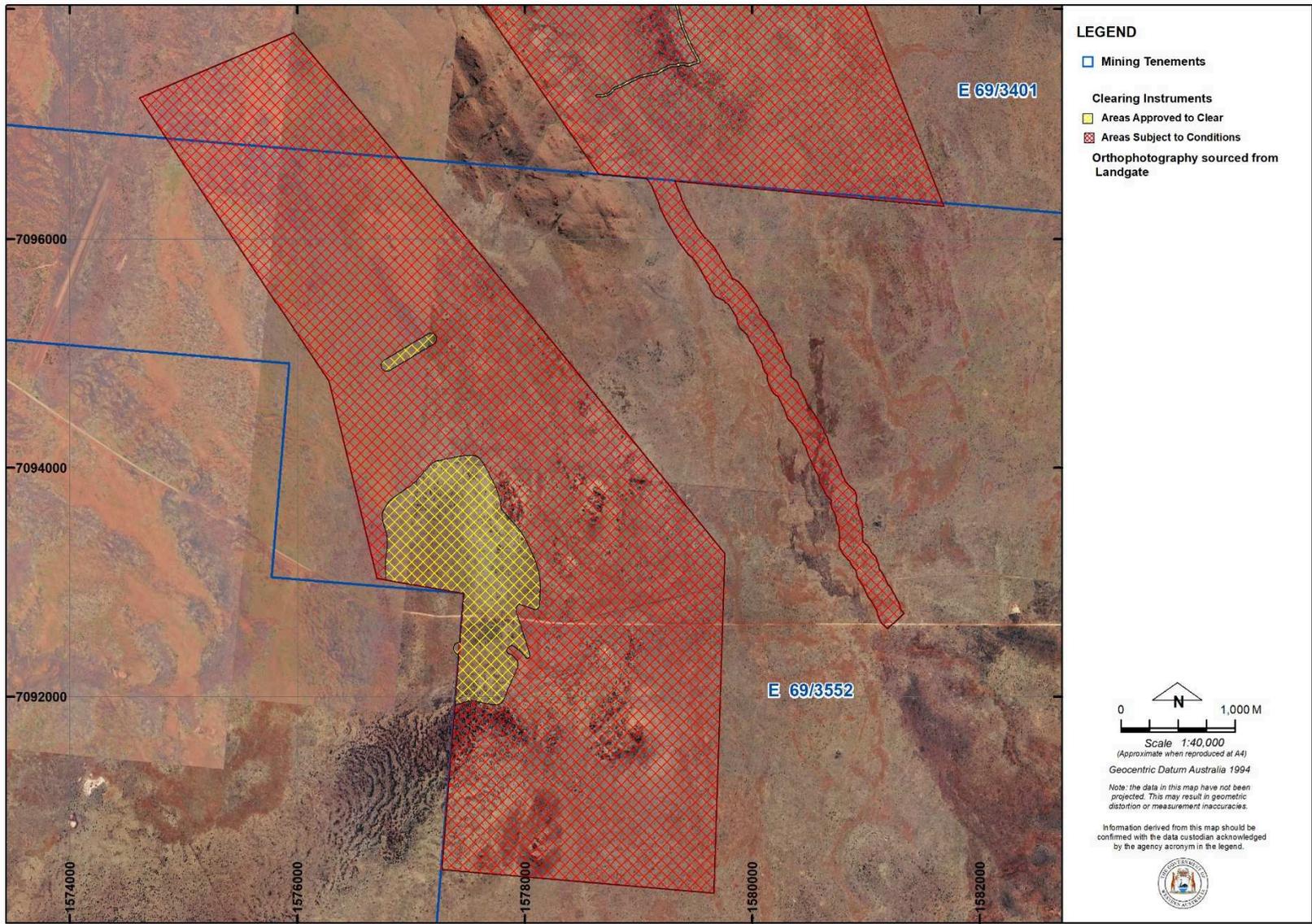


Figure 4: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur

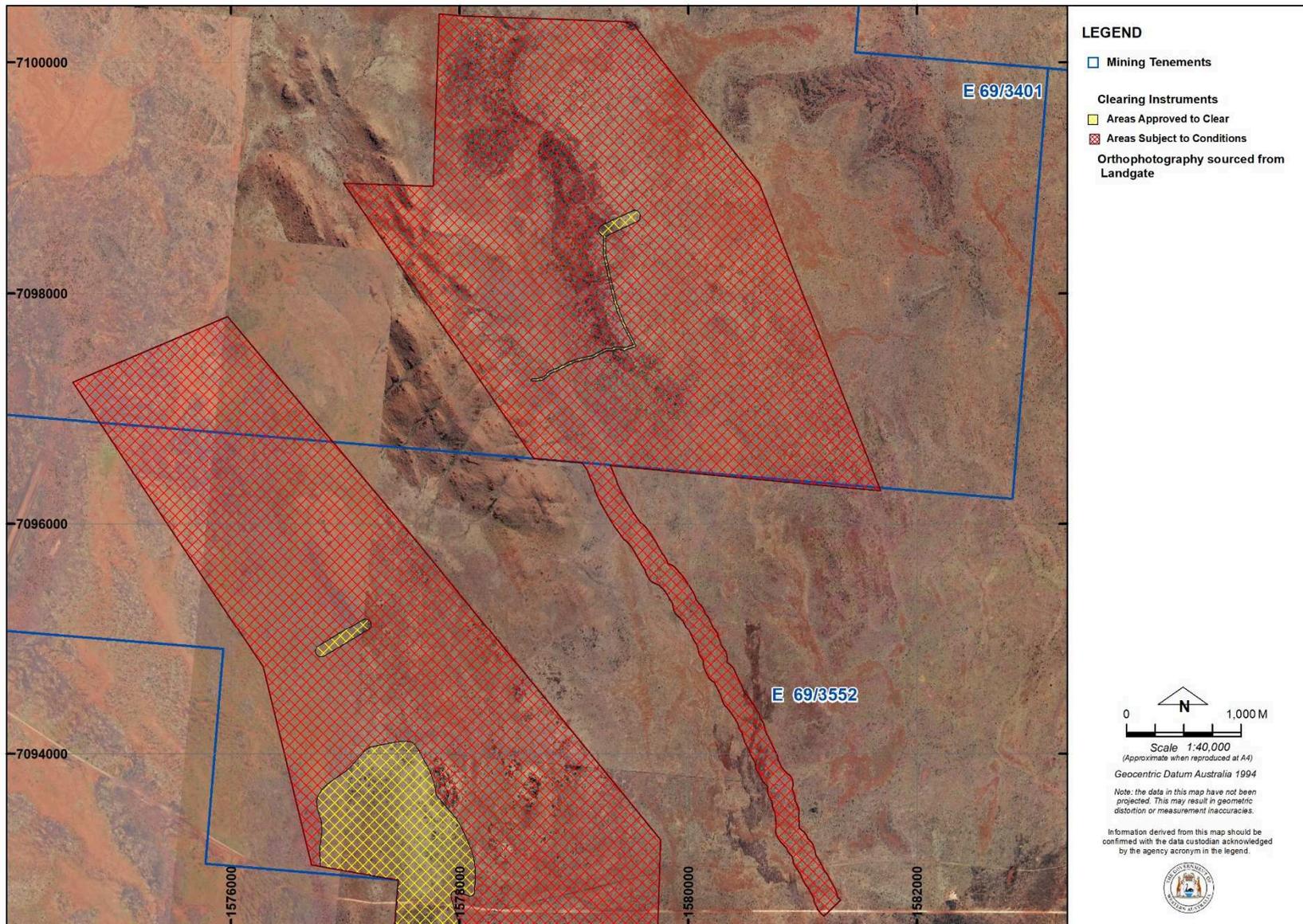


Figure 5: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur