Tree Assessment Spring Gully Road

Upgrade Project



Southampton

Shire of Donnybrook - Balingup

June 2024 Version 1

On behalf of:

Shire of Donnybrook - Balingup PO Box 94 DONNYBROOK WA 6227

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SUMMARY

This report details the results of a tree assessment carried out along a section of the Spring Gully Road, Southampton in the Shire of Donnybrook - Balingup (the Shire) (Figure 1).

The Shire is proposing to apply for a permit to clear up to 31 trees along the road verge to allow for road widening and upgrades. It is anticipated that the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) will request a survey for potential black cockatoo breeding habitat within the areas to be cleared and therefore this survey has been undertaken to provide the required information so as to allow for the application to proceed in a timely manner when submitted.

The field component of tree assessment was carried out on 1 June 2024 by Greg Harewood (Zoologist).

Primary Findings

Based on the observations made, all the trees in question have been assessed as not having any characteristics that would make them suitable refuge or breeding habitat for any fauna species of conservation significance known to frequent the general area.

1. INTRODUCTION

This report details the results of a tree assessment carried out along a section of the Spring Gully Road, Southampton in the Shire of Donnybrook - Balingup (the Shire) (Figure 1).

The Shire is proposing to apply for a permit to clear up to 31 trees along the road verge to allow for road widening and upgrades. It is anticipated that the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) will request a survey for potential black cockatoo breeding habitat within the areas to be cleared and therefore this survey has been undertaken to provide the required information so as to allow for the application to proceed in a timely manner when submitted.

It should be noted that most of the trees in question were the subject of previously granted clearing permits (CPS 7693/1 and 7693/2). These permits expired prior to works being commenced, hence the requirement for a new permit application.

Prior to the survey being undertaken the Shire identified the trees within the permit area that may require removal and therefore required assessment. It should be noted that not all the trees assessed may necessarily require removal.

2. SCOPE OF WORKS

The Shire have defined the scope of works as

 Undertake a fauna assessment on 31 trees along Spring Gully Road in Southampton to support a clearing permit application.

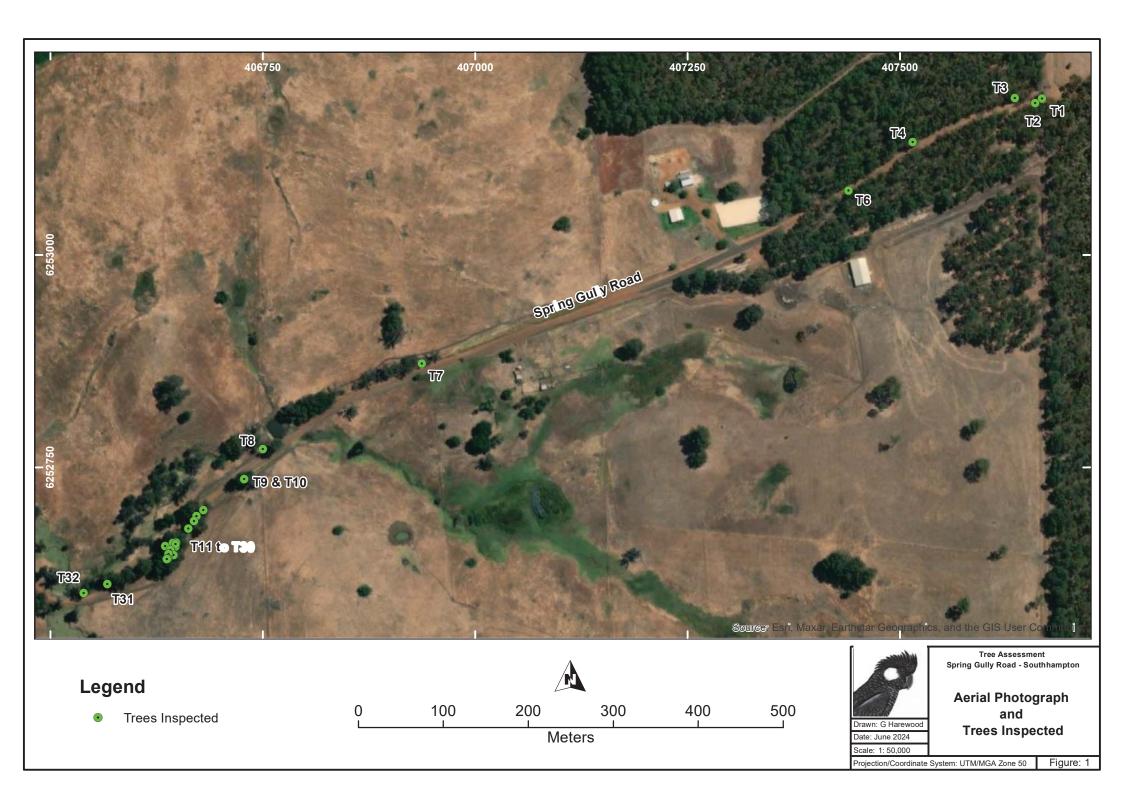
3. METHODS

The field component of tree assessment was carried out on 1 June 2024 by Greg Harewood (Zoologist).

The previously identified trees (marked by the Shire with paint) were located in the field and examined from ground level using binoculars for hollows. A drone (DJI Mavic Mini) was also available to examined and photographed any observed hollow (or possible hollow) whenever considered warranted and feasible. Details on location, tree species and other relevant details were recorded in each instance.

If and when located, an assessment of each hollow's suitability for use by fauna species of conservation significance (e.g. black cockatoos, phascogales and western ringtail possums) was to be determined where possible and noted.

Other evidence of use or suitability as habitat for other fauna species of conservation significance was also noted if observed (e.g. possum dreys, dense canopy)



All survey data has been provided along with this report in a format in accordance with the EPA's Instructions for the preparation of data packages for the Index of Biodiversity Surveys for Assessments (IBSA).

4. SURVEY CONSTRAINTS

No seasonal sampling has been carried out as part of this fauna assessment. The conclusions presented are based upon field data and the environmental monitoring and/or testing carried out over a limited period of time and are therefore merely indicative of the environmental condition of the site at the time of the field assessments. It should also be recognised that site conditions can change with time.

During the survey trees with hollows were searched for. It should be noted that identifying hollows suitable for fauna species from ground level has limitations. Generally, the full characteristics of any hollow seen are not fully evident (e.g. internal dimensions). It is also difficult to locate all hollows within all trees as some are not observable from ground level, though to a certain extent some of these limitations can be overcome by using a drone or pole camera to examine possible hollows in more detail (where considered warranted and feasible).

5. RESULTS

None of the trees assessed contain hollows of a size/orientation suitable for black cockatoos to use for nesting purposes.

Two trees contained what appeared to be possible very small hollows in some dead branched but in the authors opinion these where not of a size or orientation that would be favoured by other fauna of significance such as phascogales and/or western ringtail possums.

Because of this and other factors the trees in question have been assessed as unlikely to represent suitable refuge/breeding habitat for any conservation significant fauna species likely to frequent the general area (e.g. black cockatoos, phascogales and western ringtail possums).

A summary of observations made are provided in Table 1 below.

Additional details of each tree can be found in Appendix A.

Table 1: Summary of Tree Observations

| ID | Side of Road | Number of Possible Hollows | Status | Comments | | |
|-----|-----------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| T1 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) jarrah tree. | | |
| T2 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) jarrah tree. Dead | | |
| ТЗ | North | 1 | One possible very small hollow. | Small sized (DBH <50cm) jarrah tree. One possible, very small spout like hollow in dead branch. Not significant. | | |
| T4 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Small sized (DBH <50cm) marri tree. | | |
| Т6 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH <50cm) marri tree. Main trunk snapped off. Examined with drone – no hollow. | | |
| Т7 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) flooded gum. | | |
| Т8 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| Т9 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T10 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Small sized (DBH <50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T11 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T12 | South | 2+ | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. Several possible, very small spout like hollows in dead branches. Not significant. | | |
| T13 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T14 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T15 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T16 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T17 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T18 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T19 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T20 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Small sized (DBH <50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T21 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T22 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) karri tree. | | |
| T23 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T24 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |

| ID | Side of Road | Number of Possible Hollows | Status | Comments | | |
|-----|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| T25 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T26 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Small sized (DBH <50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T27 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T28 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T29 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Medium sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T30 | South | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T31 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |
| T32 | North | 0 | No hollows observed | Large sized (DBH >50cm) marri tree. | | |

6. CONCLUSION

The assessment reported on here was undertaken to identify any trees with hollows or possible hollows likely to be suitable for use by conservation significant species such as black cockatoos and phascogales.

Based on the observations made, all the trees in question have been assessed as not having any characteristics that would make them suitable refuge or breeding habitat for any fauna species of conservation significance known to frequent the general area.

APPENDIX A

Details of Trees Inspected

Tree Details

Datum: Australian Geocentric 1994 (GDA94)

| Datum: | Lat | Long | Zone | mE | mN | Species |
|--------|-------------|------------|------|--------|---------|-------------|
| T1 | -33.8576036 | 116.001851 | 50H | 407667 | 6253184 | Jarrah |
| | | | | | | |
| T2 | -33.8576433 | 116.001764 | 50H | 407659 | 6253179 | Jarrah |
| T3 | -33.8575949 | 116.001505 | 50H | 407635 | 6253185 | Marri |
| T4 | -33.8579779 | 116.000382 | 50H | 407515 | 6253133 | Marri |
| T6 | -33.8587945 | 115.998893 | 50H | 407439 | 6253076 | Marri |
| T7 | -33.8605438 | 115.993231 | 50H | 406937 | 6252872 | Flooded Gum |
| T8 | -33.86124 | 115.991895 | 50H | 406750 | 6252772 | Marri |
| Т9 | -33.8615598 | 115.991653 | 50H | 406728 | 6252736 | Marri |
| T10 | -33.8615598 | 115.991653 | 50H | 406728 | 6252736 | Marri |
| T11 | -33.8619447 | 115.991045 | 50H | 406672 | 6252693 | Marri |
| T12 | -33.8618832 | 115.991125 | 50H | 406680 | 6252700 | Marri |
| T13 | -33.8620745 | 115.990934 | 50H | 406662 | 6252678 | Marri |
| T14 | -33.861998 | 115.991003 | 50H | 406669 | 6252687 | Marri |
| T15 | -33.8622208 | 115.990782 | 50H | 406648 | 6252662 | Marri |
| T16 | -33.8622308 | 115.990736 | 50H | 406644 | 6252661 | Marri |
| T17 | -33.8622533 | 115.99064 | 50H | 406635 | 6252658 | Marri |
| T18 | -33.8622614 | 115.990769 | 50H | 406647 | 6252657 | Marri |
| T19 | -33.8622422 | 115.990767 | 50H | 406647 | 6252660 | Marri |
| T20 | -33.8623109 | 115.990716 | 50H | 406642 | 6252652 | Marri |
| T21 | -33.8623018 | 115.990706 | 50H | 406641 | 6252653 | Marri |
| T22 | -33.8623537 | 115.990744 | 50H | 406645 | 6252647 | Marri |
| T23 | -33.8623426 | 115.990676 | 50H | 406639 | 6252648 | Marri |
| T24 | -33.8623426 | 115.990676 | 50H | 406639 | 6252648 | Marri |
| T25 | -33.8623426 | 115.990676 | 50H | 406639 | 6252648 | Marri |
| T26 | -33.8623963 | 115.990658 | 50H | 406637 | 6252642 | Marri |
| T27 | -33.8623909 | 115.990664 | 50H | 406638 | 6252643 | Marri |
| T28 | -33.8623909 | 115.990664 | 50H | 406638 | 6252643 | Marri |
| T29 | -33.8623963 | 115.990658 | 50H | 406637 | 6252642 | Marri |
| T30 | -33.8623963 | 115.990658 | 50H | 406637 | 6252642 | Marri |
| T31 | -33.8626513 | 115.989897 | 50H | 406567 | 6252613 | Marri |
| T32 | -33.8627479 | 115.989592 | 50H | 406539 | 6252602 | Marri |
| | | | | | | |

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The conclusions are based upon field data and the environmental monitoring and/or testing carried out over a limited period and are therefore merely indicative of the environmental condition of the site at the time of preparing the report. Also, it should be recognised that site conditions, can change with time.

Within the limitations imposed by the scope of services, the field assessment and preparation of this report have been undertaken and performed in a professional manner, in accordance with generally accepted practices and using a degree of skill and care ordinarily exercised by reputable environmental consultants under similar circumstances. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

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