

LARK HILL RACETRACK
COTERRA ENVIRONMENT
JANUARY 2024



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Document History

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В	Taryn Brebner Botanist Aishwarya Gujarathi Graduate Botanist/Ecologist	John Braid Principal Environmental Consultant	Kellie Bauer-Simpson Principal Ecologist	11/01/2024
0	Taryn Brebner Botanist Aishwarya Gujarathi Graduate Botanist/Ecologist	Racing and Wagering WA Coterra Environment	Kellie Bauer-Simpson Principal Ecologist	08/05/2024

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Coterra Environment (Coterra) is assisting the Racing and Wagering WA with potential upgrade works at the Lark Hill racetrack (the study area) (**Figure 1**). Focused Vision Consulting Pty Ltd (FVC) was commissioned by Coterra, to undertake a spring flora and vegetation survey of the area inside the existing Lark Hill racetrack. This report presents the findings of the assessment.

A detailed flora and vegetation assessment was conducted in the study area during spring 2023, by suitably experienced personnel from FVC. The assessment, incorporating a desktop assessment and a field survey, was conducted in accordance with the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) *Technical Guidance – Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment* (2016a).

The key findings and conclusions arising from the flora and vegetation assessment within the study area are as follows:

- The study area has been subject to historic disturbances with the whole area having been previously cleared, and impacted by ongoing equine activities.
- The entire study area is within Bush Forever site 356 and is also classified as an Environmentally Sensitive Area (ESA).
- No Threatened or Priority flora were recorded during the survey.
- One Declared Pest (DP) plant listed under the Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007 (BAM Act), *Echium plantagineum (Paterson's Curse) was recorded.
- A total of two vegetation units were defined and mapped within the study area.
- Both of the vegetation units (ArMs and TdFc) may be considered to be of regional significance, due to occurring within an ESA, with the latter also considered to potentially be of local significance due to occurring as a small, isolated community, and having a limited local extent and distribution.
- Two Commonwealth or State-listed Threatened Ecological Communities (TECs) and/or Priority Ecological
 Communities (PECs) or their buffer were identified through the database search as potentially occurring
 within the study area, however due to the degraded nature of the site, none are represented in the study
 area.
- Vegetation condition within the study area ranges from 'Completely Degraded' to 'Good', with only 0.43% in 'Good' condition and the remainder in 'Degraded' or poorer condition.



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND

Coterra Environment (Coterra) is assisting Racing and Wagering WA with potential upgrade works at the Lark Hill racetrack (the study area) (**Figure 1**).

Focused Vision Consulting Pty Ltd (FVC) was commissioned by Coterra, to undertake a spring flora and vegetation survey of the area inside the existing Lark Hill racetrack, in accordance with the Environmental Protection Authority's Technical Guidance for flora and vegetation surveys for environmental impact assessment (EPA 2016a).

This report presents the findings of the spring flora and vegetation survey.

1.2 LOCATION

The study area is located approximately 47 kilometres (km) south of the Perth Central Business District (CBD) in the suburb of Port Kennedy (**Figure 1**), within the City of Rockingham, and occupies an area of 21.5 hectares (ha).

1.3 SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of work was as follows:

- Complete a desktop assessment to evaluate the study area prior to undertaking field surveys.
- Undertake a detailed flora and vegetation field assessment within the study area in accordance with the Technical Guidance (EPA 2016a).



Figure 1 - Survey Area

F CUSED VISION consulting



2. LEGISLATIVE CONTEXT

The flora and vegetation assessments were conducted in accordance with the following legislation:

- Commonwealth Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (EPBC Act)
- Western Australian *Environmental Protection Act 1986* (EP Act)
- Western Australian *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act).

The assessments complied with requirements for environmental survey and reporting in Western Australia, as outlined in:

- Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) (2008) Guidance Statement No. 33: *Environmental Guidance for Planning and Development*
- EPA (2016a) Technical Guidance Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment
- EPA (2016b) Environmental Factor Guideline Flora and Vegetation.

2.1 THREATENED AND PRIORITY FLORA

The Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions (DBCA) assigns conservation status to endemic plant species that are geographically restricted to few known populations or threatened by local processes. Allocating conservation status to plant species assists in protecting populations and conserving species from potential threats.

The BC Act provides a statutory basis for the listing of threatened species, specially protected species, TECs, critical habitat and key threatening processes (DBCA 2022). Although not awarded any statutory protection, DBCA also maintains the Priority flora list, for species of conservation concern. Priority flora are given consideration in environmental impact assessments (EIAs) and in the assessment of clearing permit applications, in accordance with the ten clearing principles (DER 2014). Therefore, both Threatened and Priority flora are important focuses of surveys conducted to inform the EIA process, and their definitions are presented in **Table 1**.



Table 1 - Definitions of Threatened and Priority Flora Species (DBCA 2020a)

Conservation Code	Category Description	
Т	Threatened Species Listed by order of the Minister as Threatened in the category of critically endangered, endangered or vulnerable under section 19(1), or is a rediscovered species to be regarded as threatened species under section 26(2) of the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> (BC Act). Threatened flora is that subset of 'Rare Flora' listed under schedules 1 to 3 of the Wildlife Conservation (Rare Flora) Notice for Threatened Flora.	
Priority 1 – Poorly Known Species Species that are known from one or a few locations (generally five or less) which are potentially at occurrences are either: very small; or on lands not managed for conservation, e.g. agricultural or p lands, urban areas, road and rail reserves, gravel reserves and active mineral leases; or otherwise threat of habitat destruction or degradation. Species may be included if they are comparatively well from one or more locations but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements and appear to be immediate threat from known threatening processes. Such species are in urgent need of further su		
P2	Priority 2 – Poorly Known Species Species that are known from one or a few locations (generally five or less), some of which are on lands managed primarily for nature conservation, e.g. national parks, conservation parks, nature reserves and other lands with secure tenure being managed for conservation. Species may be included if they are comparatively well known from one or more locations but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements and appear to be under threat from known threatening processes. Such species are in urgent need of further survey.	
Р3	Priority 3 – Poorly Known Species Species that are known from several locations, and the species does not appear to be under imminent threat, or from few but widespread locations with either large population size or significant remaining areas of apparently suitable habitat, much of it not under imminent threat. Species may be included if they are comparatively well known from several locations but do not meet adequacy of survey requirements and known threatening processes exist that could affect them. Such species are in need of further survey.	
P4	Priority 4 – Rare, Near Threatened and other species in need of monitoring (a) Rare. Species that are considered to have been adequately surveyed, or for which sufficient knowledge is available, and that are considered not currently threatened or in need of special protection but could be if present circumstances change. These species are usually represented on conservation lands. (b) Near Threatened. Species that are considered to have been adequately surveyed and that are close to qualifying for Vulnerable but are not listed as Conservation Dependent. (c) Species that have been removed from the list of threatened species during the past five years for reasons other than taxonomy.	

Under the EPBC Act, actions that have, or are likely to have, a significant impact on a matter of national environmental significance (MNES) require approval from the Federal Minister for the Environment (Department of the Environment 2013).

Categories of threatened species defined under the EPBC Act are summarised in **Table 2**.



Table 2 - Categories of EPBC Act Threatened Species (DCCEEW 2022)

Conservation Code	Category
EX	Extinct Species where "there is no reasonable doubt that the last member of the species has died" (section 179(1) of the EPBC Act).
Extinct in the Wild Species that "is known only to survive in cultivation, in captivity or as a naturalised population outside its past range; and it has not been recorded in its known habitat or expected habitation appropriate seasons, anywhere in its past range, despite surveys over a time frame appropriate cycle and form", and listing is otherwise in accordance with the ministerial (section 179(2) of Act).	
CR	Critically Endangered Threatened species considered to be "facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild in the immediate future, as determined in accordance with criteria set out in the ministerial guidelines".
Endangered Threatened species considered to be "facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild in the ned determined in accordance with criteria" (section 179(3) of the EPBC Act).	
Vulnerable VU Threatened species considered to be "facing a high risk of extinction in the wild in the m future, as determined in accordance with criteria" (section 179(5) of the EPBC Act).	
Migratory species Fauna that periodically or occasionally visit Australia or an external Territory or the excordance; of the species is subject of an international agreement that relates to the protect species and that binds the Commonwealth; and listing is otherwise in accordance with guidelines (section 15 of the BC Act). Published as migratory birds protected under an agreement under schedule 5 of the Wildlife Conservation (Specially Protected Fauna) I	
CD	Species of special conservation interest (conservation dependent fauna) Fauna of special conservation need being species dependent on ongoing conservation intervention to prevent it becoming eligible for listing as threatened, and listing is otherwise in accordance with section 179(6) of the EPBC Act.

Any species listed in State and Commonwealth legislation as being of significance is said to be a significant species. This incorporates species that are endangered, vulnerable and rare, or covered by international conventions. Significance is not limited to species covered by State and Commonwealth legislation and also includes species of local significance and species showing significant range extensions or at the edge of their known range.



2.2 THREATENED AND PRIORITY ECOLOGICAL COMMUNITIES

Ecological communities are naturally occurring assemblages of organisms that occur in a particular type of habitat. A TEC means an ecological community that is listed under either the BC Act or the EPBC Act as a critically endangered, endangered or vulnerable ecological community, which are subject to processes that threaten to destroy or significantly modify the ecological community across its range (DBCA 2023). An ecological community may be listed as a TEC under the EPBC Act or the BC Act in one of the following categories: Critically Endangered (CR), Endangered (EN) or Vulnerable (VU). Under the BC Act, TECs were gazetted in the West Australian Government Gazette on 26 May 2023 (State of Western Australia 2023). TECs in WA are protected under the State BC Act and some are also protected under the Commonwealth EPBC Act.

TECs under the EPBC Act are assessed by the Threatened Species Scientific Committee (TSSC) and listed on the Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (DCCEEW) Species Profiles and Threats (SPRAT) Database, and in the Protected Matters Search Tool (DCCEEW 2023a; b).

Additional to TECs, ecological communities that are considered to be potentially of conservation significance (and potentially TECs) that do not currently meet survey criteria or that are not adequately defined, are rare but not threatened, have been recently removed from the TEC list or require regular monitoring, are considered to be PECs (DEC 2013) and are required to be taken into consideration during environmental impact assessments.

2.3 VEGETATION SIGNIFICANCE

2.3.1 Nationally Significant Vegetation

Vegetation communities may be of National significance where they support the following Commonwealth-listed Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES):

- populations of Threatened (EPBC-listed) species
- TECs listed as nationally (EPBC) significant
- RAMSAR Wetlands of International Importance (DEWHA 2013).

2.3.2 State Significant Vegetation

Vegetation communities may be of State significance where they:

- support State-listed Threatened flora, fauna and TECs afforded protection under the BC Act (Del Marco et al. 2004; EPA 2008)
- occur within the State-managed conservation estate (areas protected under *the Conservation and Land Management Act 1984*) or areas that have been formally recommended by DBCA for inclusion in the State conservation estate (EPA 2008).

2.3.3 Regionally Significant Vegetation

Vegetation communities may be considered regionally significant where they:

- support populations of Priority Flora or ecological communities (WAPC 2000; EPA 2016b)
- are formally protected or recognised as Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs), or under planning schemes for conservation, such as Bush Forever (State of Western Australia 2005; EPA 2008)
- support conservation category wetlands including associated vegetation (Government of Western Australia 1997; WAPC 2000)
- maintain important ecological processes (EPA 2016b)



- contain flora species exhibiting range extensions and undescribed species (EPA 2016b)
- have a restricted regional extent and/or distribution (EPA 2016b)
- are represented by less than 10% of their pre-European extent (Commonwealth of Australia 2001)

2.3.4 Locally Significant Vegetation

Vegetation communities may be considered to be locally significant where they:

- occur as small, isolated communities (Government of Western Australia 2000; Del Marco et al. 2004)
- have a restricted local extent (proportion) (EPA 2016a) and/or distribution (are locally restricted to only one or a few locations) (Del Marco *et al.* 2004).

2.4 VEGETATION CLEARING, EXTENT AND STATUS

Clearing of native vegetation is regulated in WA under the EP Act and the Environmental Protection (Clearing of Native Vegetation) Regulations 2004. Any clearing of native vegetation is an offence, unless carried out under a clearing permit or if the clearing is for an exempt purpose (DWER 2019). A clearing permit may be required under Part V of the EP Act, whereby permit applications to clear native vegetation must be assessed against the '10 Clearing Principles' as outlined in the regulations (DER 2014).

Where clearing of native vegetation is proposed to occur, there are several key criteria applied to the assessment of clearing permit applications, in the interests of biodiversity conservation (DER 2014).

The objective of the EPA in relation to flora and vegetation is 'to protect flora and vegetation so that biological diversity and ecological integrity are maintained' (EPA 2016b). This objective is documented in the EPA Factor Guideline - Flora and Vegetation (EPA 2016a). The EPA considers it is important that ecological communities are maintained above the threshold level of 30% of the original pre-clearing extent of the community in unconstrained areas and 10% within 'constrained' areas (EPA 2008).



2.5 ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs) are areas that require special protection due to aspects such as landscape, fauna or historical value and are generally considered to be areas of high conservation value. ESAs are declared in the *Environmental Protection (Environmentally Sensitive Areas) Notice 2005*, which was gazetted on 8 April 2005 (State of Western Australia 2005).

There are several types of ESAs relating to flora and vegetation, declared under Part V of the EP Act, which include:

- a defined wetland and the area within 50 m of that wetland
- the area covered by vegetation within 50 m of rare (Threatened) flora, to the extent where the vegetation is continuous with the vegetation in which the rare (Threatened) flora is located
- the area covered by a TEC
- Bush Forever sites (WAPC 2000).

2.6 INTRODUCED FLORA

Over 1,200 introduced (weed) species have been recognised to occur within Western Australia (EPA 2007). Weeds are plants that are not indigenous to an area and have been introduced either directly or indirectly through human activity. They establish in natural ecosystems and adversely modify natural processes, having the potential to dominate and simplify the ecosystems and thus decrease habitat value provided for native fauna. Weeds pose a threat to many native flora species due to their ability to rapidly grow and out-compete for available water, space, sunlight, and nutrients (EPA 2007).

2.6.1 Weeds of National Significance

Under the National Weed Strategy, there are currently 32 weed species listed as Weeds of National Significance (WoNS) (CISS 2021). Each weed listed was considered for inclusion based on the following criteria:

- invasive tendencies
- impacts
- potential for spread
- socioeconomic and environmental values.

2.6.2 Declared Pest Plants

The Western Australian Organism List (WAOL) details organisms listed as Declared Plants (DPs), including pest plants, under the *Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007* (BAM Act) (Department of Primary Industries and Regional Development (DPRID) 2022). Under the BAM Act, DPs are listed under one of the following categories:

- **C1 (exclusion)**, that applies to pests not established in Western Australia; control measures are to be taken to prevent their entry and establishment
- **C2** (**eradication**), that applies to pests that are present in Western Australia but in low numbers or in limited areas where eradication is still a possibility
- **C3** (management), that applies plants that should have some form of management applied that will alleviate the harmful impacts of the plant, reduce the numbers or distribution of the plant, or prevent or contain the spread of the plant (DPIRD 2017).



2.6.3 Environmental Weeds

Introduced species have also been ranked by several attributes including invasiveness, distribution, and environmental impacts in the various regions in the Environmental Weed Strategy (CALM 1999). To advance the above categorisation, the Invasive Plant Prioritisation Process for DBCA was developed in 2008 (DPAW 2013).



3. EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

3.1 CLIMATE

The study area occurs on the Swan Coastal Plain, which has a warm Mediterranean climate, characterised by hot, dry summers and cool to mild wet winters (Mitchell *et al.* 2002). The nearest operating Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) recording station is located at Mandurah (station number 009977). Data has been recorded since 2001 for rainfall and for temperature. Annual mean maximum temperature in the area ranges from 17.6°C in winter to 29.8°C in summer (BOM 2023) (**Figure 2**).

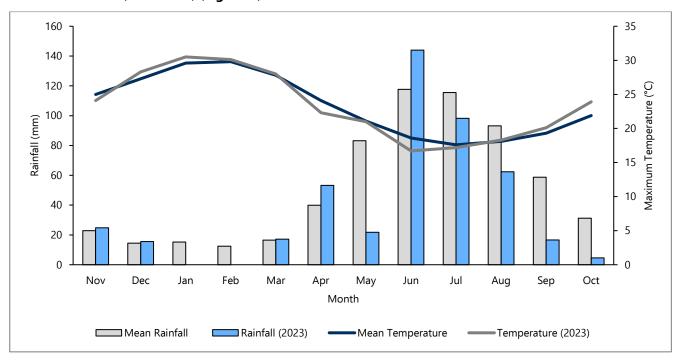


Figure 2 - Climate Data for the Study Area (Mandurah 009977)

3.2 IBRA REGION

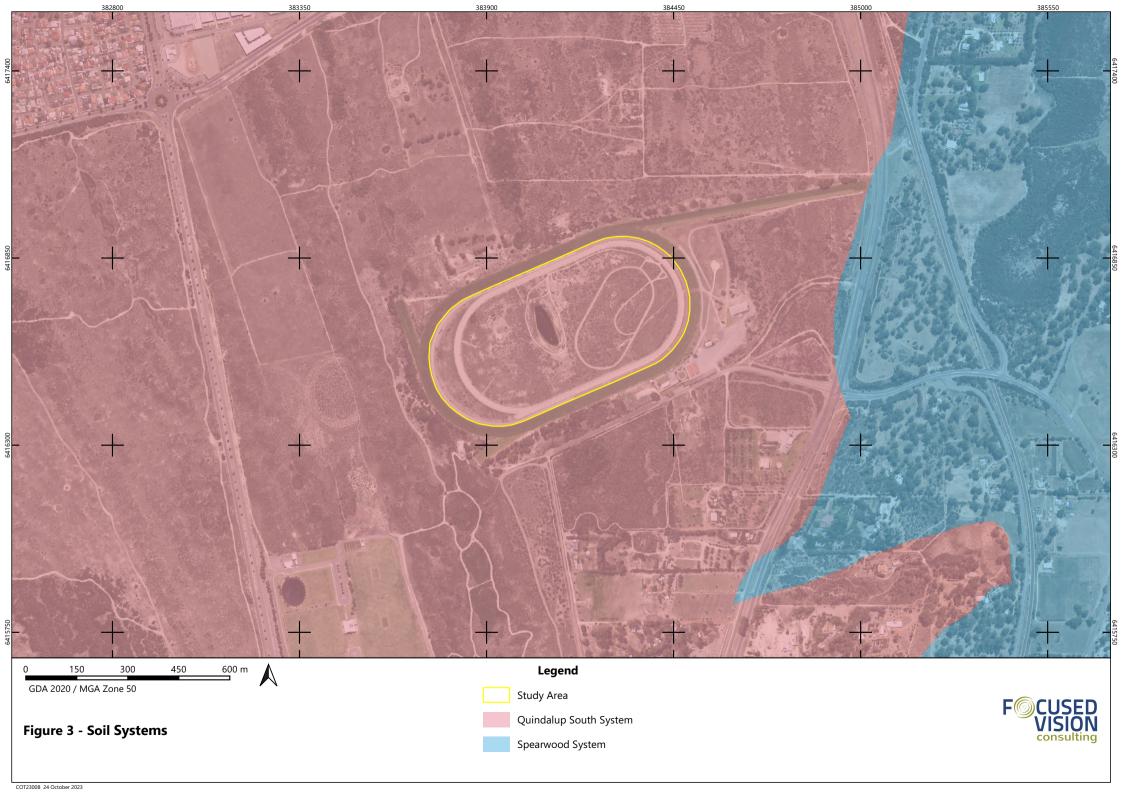
The Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation for Australia (IBRA) defines 89 regions based on climate, geology, landforms and characteristic vegetation and fauna (DCCEEW 2021). The study area lies within the Swan Coastal Plain (SWA) IBRA region and, at a finer scale, within the Perth subregion (SWA2) (Mitchell *et al.* 2002). The Swan Coastal Plain bioregion is a low lying coastal plain, mainly covered with Banksia and Tuart woodlands on sandy soils. Swampy areas are dominated by paperbark, and outwash plains by *Casuarina obesa*. Melaleuca shrublands and *C. obesa*-marri woodlands are located extensively in the south, while Jarrah woodland dominates duricrusted Mesozoic sediments to the east.

The Perth subregion is comprised of colluvial and aeolian sands, alluvial river flats, coastal limestone and heath and/or tuart woodlands on limestone, Banksia and Jarrah-Banksia woodlands on Quaternary marine dunes of varying ages, Marri on colluvial and alluvial soils, and seasonal wetlands (Mitchell *et al.* 2002).



3.3 SOILS

The Swan Coastal Plain supports five major geomorphological systems (landforms) that lie parallel to the coast. From west to east these are: Quindalup Dunes, Spearwood Dunes, Bassendean Dunes, Pinjarra Plain and Ridge Hill Shelf (Churchward and McArthur 1980; Gibson *et al.* 1994). The study area is situated on the Quindalup South Dune System (211Qu) which is described as consisting of coastal dunes of the Swan Coastal Plain with calcareous deep sands and yellow sands supporting coastal scrub vegetation (Schoknecht *et al.* 2004). The spatial extent of the system is presented in **Figure 3**.





3.4 VEGETATION

EPA objectives in relation to flora and vegetation are to protect flora and vegetation so that biological diversity and ecological integrity are maintained (EPA 2016a). The EPA considers it important that ecological communities are maintained above a threshold level of 30% of the original pre-clearing extent of each community (EPA 2008) in unconstrained areas, and above 10% for constrained areas.

Additionally, the National Objectives and Targets for Biodiversity Conservation 2001-2005 (Commonwealth of Australia 2001) recognise that the retention of at least 30% of the pre-clearing extent of each vegetation association is necessary for Australia's biological diversity to be protected (DER 2014). Species loss appears to accelerate exponentially at an ecosystem level when current extent falls below 30% of pre-clearing extent (EPA 2008). When only 10% or less of the original extent of a vegetation association remains, it is regarded as Endangered (EPA 2008), and any impacts or increased threats to these vegetation associations should be avoided, included clearing.

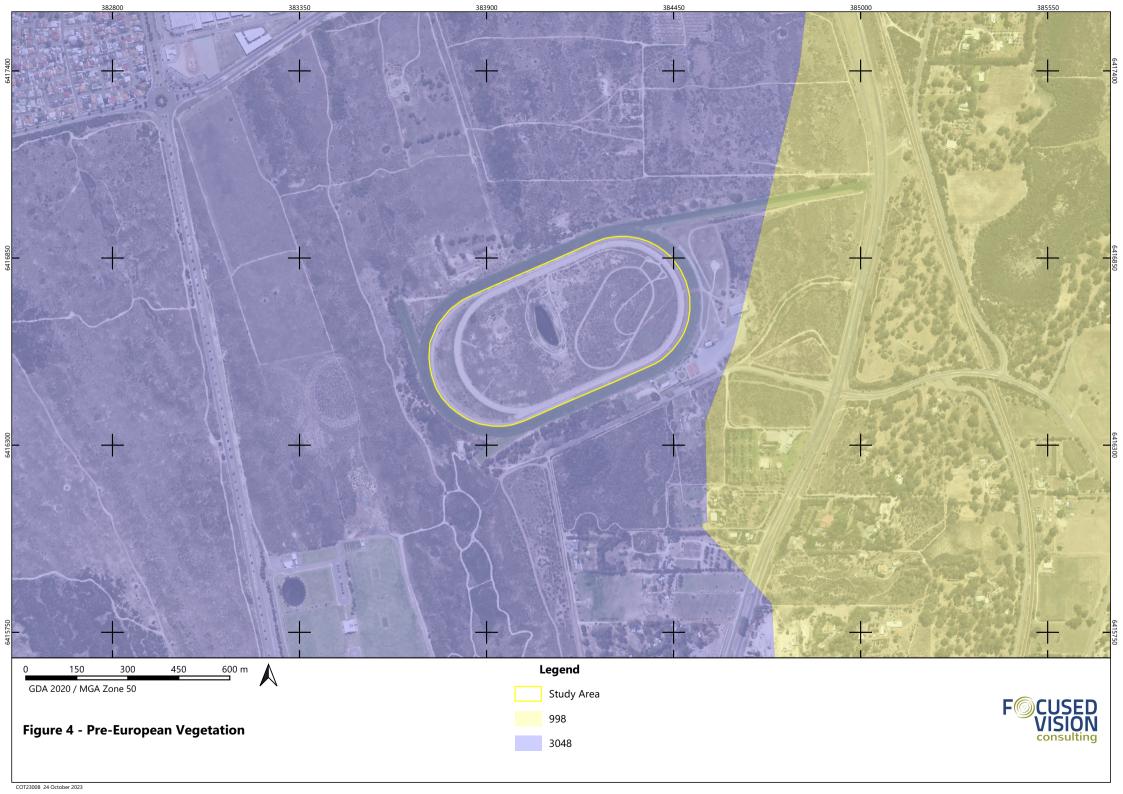
3.4.1 Pre-European Vegetation

Vegetation of the Swan Coastal Plain has been broadly mapped by Beard (1990), and later re-assessed by Shepherd *et al.* (2002) into vegetation associations. Mapping depicted the native vegetation as it was presumed to be at the time of European settlement and is referred to as pre-European vegetation mapping. One Beard vegetation association (3048) occurs within the study area (**Figure 4**).

Vegetation association 3048 is described as "mixed heath with scattered tall shrubs of *Acacia* spp., Proteaceae and Myrtaceae" (**Figure 4**). The remaining extent of the vegetation association 3048 is presented in **Table 3** (Government of Western Australia 2019). Beard vegetation associations 3048 is represented by greater than 10% of its original vegetation within Western Australia, Swan Coastal Plain, Perth, and City of Rockingham (**Table 3**).

Table 3 - Pre-European Vegetation Associations of the Study Area (Government of Western Australia 2019)

Vegetation Association	Context	Pre–European Extent (ha)	Extent Remaining (ha)	Extent Remaining (%)
	State Western Australia	12,100.76	3055.38	25.25
3048	IBRA Region Swan Coastal Plain	10,418.06	3043.13	29.21
	IBRA Sub-Region Perth (SWA02)	10,418.06	3043.13	29.21
	Local Government Area City of Rockingham	9,147.49	2,735.19	29.90





3.4.2 Vegetation Complexes

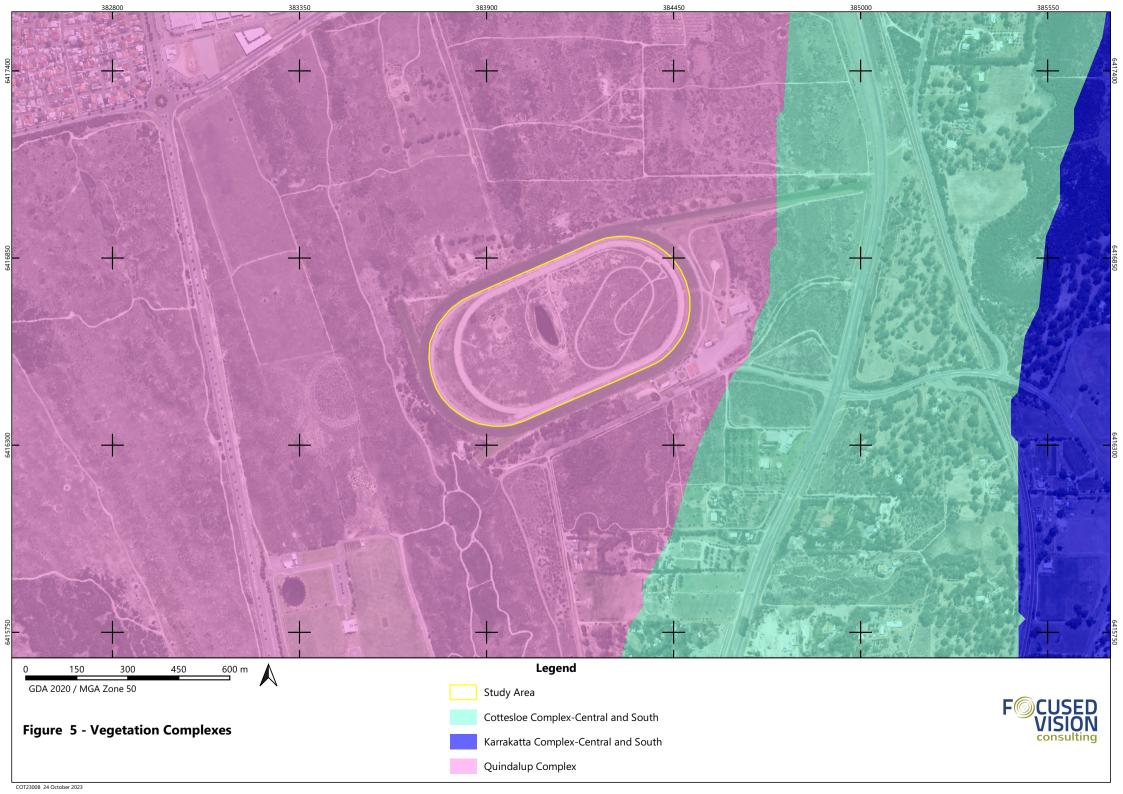
Vegetation complexes within the study area as outlined by Heddle *et al.* (1980a), and updated by Webb *et al.* (2006), are categorised based on vegetation in association with landforms and underlying geology.

One vegetation complex, 'Quindalup complex', as described by Heddle *et al.* (1980a) occurs within the entire study area (**Table 4**, **Figure 5**). The Quindalup complex is restricted to coastal dunes and separated into two sub-complexes, the strand and fore dune sub-complex and the mobile and table dune sub-complex (Webb *et al.* 2016).

Approximately 60.49%% of the original extent of the Quindalup vegetation complex remains on the Swan Coastal Plain and 37.33% within the City of Rockingham. The remaining extent of the Quindalup vegetation complex (constrained) does not fall below 10% of the pre-European extent in the contexts of both the Swan Coastal Plain IBRA Region and the City of Rockingham.

Table 4 - Vegetation Complexes within the Study Area (DBCA 2018)

Vegetation Complex	Extent	Pre–European Extent (ha)	Extent Remaining (ha)	Extent Remaining (%)
Quindalup Complex	IBRA Region Swan Coastal Plain	54,573.87	33,011.64	60.49
	Local Government Area City of Rockingham	11,061.73	4,129.76	37.33





3.5 WETLANDS

The Geomorphic Wetlands of the Swan Coastal Plain dataset displays the location, boundary, geomorphic classification (wetland type) and management category of wetlands on the Swan Coastal Plain. Wetland management categories are based on their ecological, hydrological, and geomorphological significance, and the degree of disturbance that has occurred. The three Wetland Management Categories on the Swan Coastal Plain can be summarised as follows (DBCA 2019):

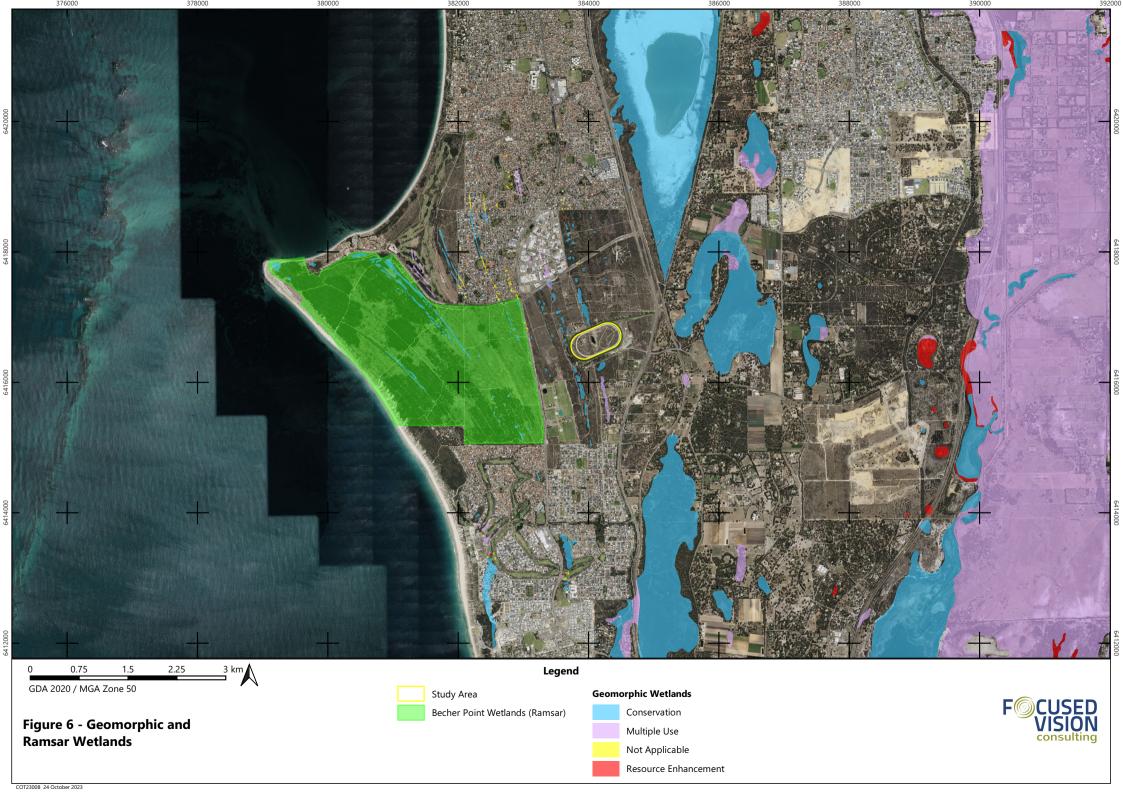
- Conservation Category (CC) wetlands that support a high level of ecological attributes and functions (generally having intact vegetation and natural hydrological processes), or that have a reasonable level of functionality and are representative of wetland types that are rare or poorly protected.
- Resource Enhancement (RE) wetlands that have been modified (degraded) but still support substantial
 ecological attributes (wetland dependant vegetation covering more than 10%) and functions
 (hydrological properties that support wetland dependent vegetation and associated fauna) and have
 some potential to be restored to CC quality. Typically, such wetlands still support some elements of the
 original native vegetation, and hydrological function.
- Multiple Use (MU) wetlands that are assessed as possessing few remaining ecological attributes and functions. While such wetlands can still play an important role in regional or landscape ecosystem management, including water management, they are considered to have low intrinsic ecological value. Typically, they have very little or no native vegetation remaining (less than 10%).

Interrogation of the Geomorphic Wetlands Swan Coastal Plain dataset identified 421 wetlands within the 10 km buffer of the study area, including 227 categorised as Conservation Category, 96 as Multiple Use, 48 as Resource Enhancement and 50 that are no longer classed as wetlands are spatially presented in **Figure 6**.

There are no wetlands located within the study area. The closest wetlands for each category are a CCW 0.05 km west of the study area, a MU wetland 0.34 km south of the study area, and a RE wetland 4.6 km east of the study area.

One Ramsar wetland, the Becher Point Wetlands (Ramsar Reference 54), is approximately 708 ha in size and occurs 0.67 km west of the study area, west of Warnbro Sound Avenue and south of Port Kennedy Drive (**Figure 6**).

A water body is present in the centre of the study area, although this is likely a constructed drainage basin and possibly an expression of groundwater resulting from historic excavation as part of development of the race track.





3.6 RESERVES, CONSERVATION AREAS AND ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS

Under the *State Planning Policy 2.8: Bushland Policy for the Perth Metropolitan Region*, 51,200 ha of regionally significant bushland areas are protected in 287 Bush Forever Sites in Western Australia (State of Western Australia 2010). Bush Forever sites are also classified as Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs) (State of Western Australia 2005).

The current list of ESAs was gazetted on 8 April 2005 which include Ramsar and Geomorphic wetlands (**Figure 6**), Threatened and Priority flora (**Figure 10**), Threatened Ecological Communities (**Figure 12**), and Bush Forever sites (State of Western Australia 2005).

A total of one Ramsar Wetland, 371 geomorphic wetlands, six Nature Reserves, 16 Bush Forever sites, six Conservation Reserves and 311 ESAs occur within 10 km buffer of the study area (**Table 5**). The entire study area is considered an ESA and occurs within Bush Forever Site 356 (**Figure 7**). The Ramsar wetland (Becher Point Wetland) occurs within Port Kennedy Scientific Park (**Table 5**).

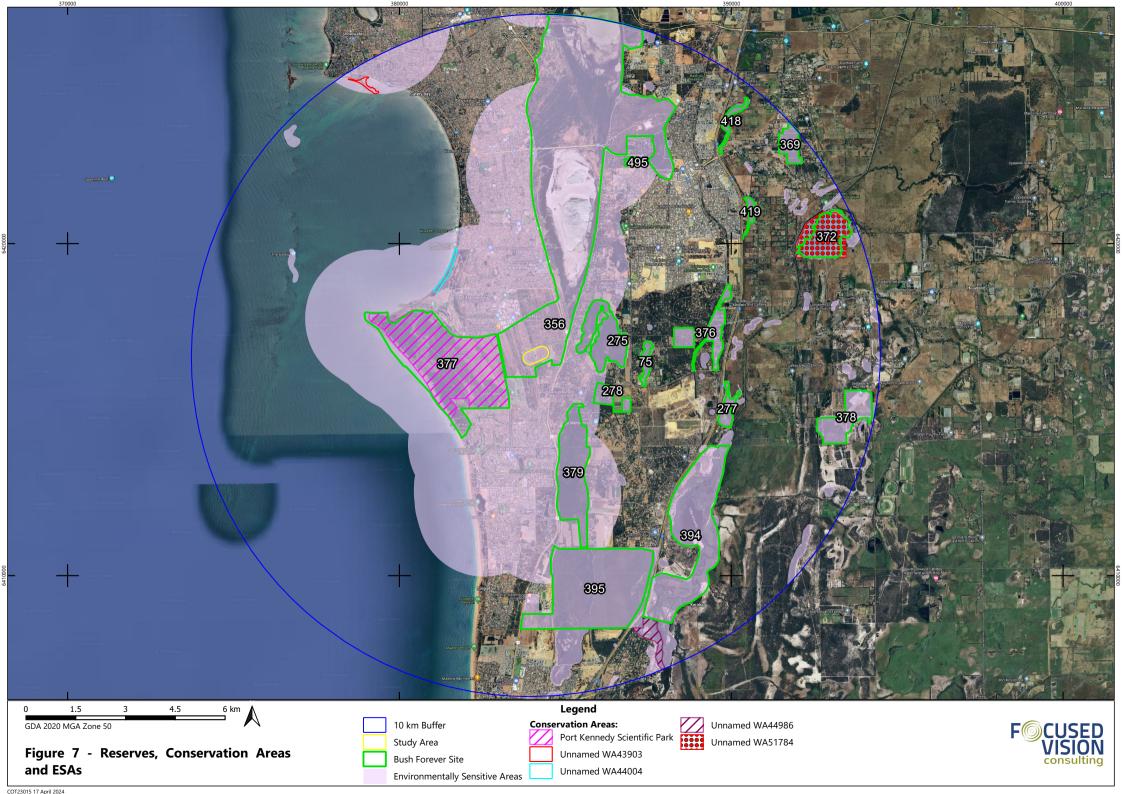
Table 5 - Summary of Reserves and Conservation Areas within a 10 km buffer of the Study Area

Name	Conservation Type	Proximity to the Study Area
Port Kennedy Scientific Park	Nature Reserve, Ramsar Wetland 54 (Becher Point Wetlands), Bush Forever site 377	0.67 km west
Unnamed WA43903	Nature Reserve for Conservation of Flora and Fauna (LR3105/59), ESA 10568.	9.1 km north-west
Unnamed WA44004	Nature Reserve for Conservation of Flora and Fauna (LR3008/523), ESA 17467.	3.3 km north-west
Unnamed WA44986	Nature Reserve, ESA 9570, eight DBCA Managed Land areas (LR3146) for the Conservation of Flora and Fauna.	8.5 km south-east
Unnamed WA51784	Nature Reserve, Bush Forever site 372, seven ESA areas and is DBCA managed land for the Conservation of Flora and Fauna (LR3164/986)	8.6 km east



Table 6 - Bush Forever Sites within a 10 km Buffer of the Study Area

Bush Forever Site No.	Name	Proximity to Study Area
75	Churcher swamp, Baldivis	2.9 km east
275	Stakehill swamp, Baldivis	1.2 km east
277	River, Stakehill and Harvey Roads Bushland, Karnup	5.6 km south-east
278	Cassia Drive Bushland, Karnup	1.7 km south-east
356	Lake Cooloongup, Lake Walyungup and Adjacent Bushland, Hillman to Port Kennedy	In the study area
369	Doghill Road Bushland, Baldivis	9.3 km north-east
372	Lowlands Bushland – Western Block (Hymus Swamp), Peel Estate	8.3 km north-east
376	Baldivis Road Bushland, Baldivis	3.8 km east
377	Port Kennedy	0.9 km west
378	Henderson Port Bushland, Peel Estate	8.8 km south-east
379	Anstey Swamp, Karnup	1.9 km south-east
394	Lake Amarillo, Serpentine River, and Adjacent Bushland, Karnup	5.8 km south-east
395	Paganoni Swamp and Adjacent Bushland, Karnup	6 km south-east
418	Folly Pool, Baldivis	8.7 km north-east
419	Maramanup Pool, Baldivis	7.5 km north-east
495	Baldivis Swamp and Adjacent Bushland	6.6 km north-east





4. METHODOLOGY

The detailed flora and vegetation assessment, comprising of a desktop assessment and one phase of field assessment (October 2023), plus data processing and reporting, was conducted in accordance with the following:

- EPA (2016a) Technical Guidance Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment
- EPA (2016b) Environmental Factor Guideline Flora and Vegetation.

4.1 DESKTOP ASSESSMENT

4.1.1 Literature Review

Previous flora and vegetation surveys conducted in the vicinity of the study area were reviewed as part of the desktop assessment. These surveys are listed below, and the results have been summarised in **Section 5.1.1**:

- Emerge Associates (2022) *Reconnaissance Flora, Vegetation and Tree Assessment. Part Mandurah Road Reserve between Fifty Road and Safety Bay Road.* Report prepared for City of Rockingham
- Biologic (2021) *Kwinana Nickel Refinery Eucalyptus gomphocephala (Tuart) TEC Assessment.*Unpublished report prepared for BHP Nickel West
- Focused Vision Consulting (2021) *Flora, Vegetation and Fauna Assessment, Success Reserve.* Prepared for the City of Cockburn
- Natural Area Consulting Management Services (NACMS) (2021) Natural Area Consulting Management Services City of Rockingham Black Spot Project Safety Bay Road Flora and Vegetation Survey. Report prepared for City of Rockingham
- PGV Environmental (2019) Lot 1488 Patterson Road, East Rockingham. Report prepared for DevelopmentWA
- Strategen (2019) Lots 511 and 512 Rockingham Road, Kwinana Beach Reconnaissance flora and vegetation survey and black cockatoo habitat assessment. Unpublished report prepared for Aurizon Operations Ltd
- Biota (2018) *City of Rockingham Assessment of Wetland Reserves.* Report prepared for the City of Rockingham
- City of Rockingham (2018) Wetland Management Plan
- Ecoscape (2018) *Port Kennedy Botanical Survey.* Unpublished report prepared for Department of Fire and Emergency Services
- GHD Pty Ltd (2018) *City of Rockingham Proposed Baldivis District Sporting Complex Flora and Vegetation Assessment.* Unpublished report prepared for City of Rockingham
- Western Botanical (2018) *Flora and Vegetation Assessment, Mandurah Road, Baldivis.* Unpublished report prepared for City of Rockingham
- Emerge Associates (2017) Spring Flora and Vegetation Park Lot 105 Stock Rd, Lakelands
- PGV Environmental (2014) *253 Yangedi Road, Hopelands Flora and Vegetation Survey.* Prepared for Urban Resources
- Umwelt (2006) Flora and Fauna Assessment of Proposed Kwinana Ethanol Bio-Refinery
- Mattiske Consulting (2003) Flora and Vegetation Survey of the Proposed Kwinana to Australind Gas Pipeline Infrastructure Corridor. Unpublished report prepared for Bowman Bishaw Gorham and Department of Mineral and Petroleum Resources.



4.1.2 Database Searches

The desktop assessment for conservation significant flora and ecological communities incorporated a review of the NatureMap Species Report search results (Ref: 17-0523NM) (**Appendix A**) and interrogation of the Commonwealth DCCEEW Protected Matters Search Tool (PMST) (**Appendix B**) for the presence of conservation significant flora and ecological communities within a 10 km buffer zone of the study area.

The database search results were compiled into a table that concluded the likelihood of occurrence of each of the significant species and communities based on habitat preferences of known recorded locations for each species. The likelihood of all significant flora occurring within the study area was assessed based on known records and their age (currency), distance to the closest known DBCA record, and the presence of suitable habitat within the study area. Based on this assessment, each species was given a likelihood of occurrence category of 'likely to occur', 'may occur' or 'unlikely to occur' (**Table 7**). Where recent records and suitable species habitat occurs within or within less than 1 km of the study area, these species were given a category of 'likely to occur', whilst species occurring a greater than 1 km from the study area with limited suitable habitat, or for very old records, a category of 'unlikely to occur' or 'may occur' was applied, depending on record relevance.

Habitat preferences for all target species determined during the desktop assessment, has enabled targeted searching to occur during the field assessment.

The desktop assessment ensured that the field assessments were targeted to the areas potentially supporting conservation significant values.

Table 7 - Likelihood of Occurrence Criteria

Criteria	Explanation
Suitable habitat	The likelihood of suitable habitat being present within the study area was based on known habitat information gathered from Florabase (WAH – 1998) and literature sourced from the Species Profile and Threats Database (SPRAT) (DCCEEW 2023b) (e.g., recovery plans, conservation advice).
Age of previous records	The age of previous records for significant species resulting from the desktop assessment was evaluated to determine how likely the species was to still occur in the study area (i.e., habitat of species recorded decades ago may no longer occur or a species may be locally extinct).
Proximity of previous records	The proximity of previous significant flora and vegetation results in relation to the study area contributed to the likelihood of occurrence results, with those previously recorded close by considered more likely to occur within the study area. It is noted that species identified from the PMST have not necessarily been recorded within proximity to the study area and may have resulted due to habitat possibly occurring within the area.
Current condition of study area	Highly modified and degraded environments usually represent a lower likelihood of the occurrence of significant flora, whilst intact remnants are known to harbour significant species and communities that may have otherwise been cleared or impacted throughout their range.



4.2 FIELD ASSESSMENT

The flora and vegetation assessment of the study area was undertaken by Megan Gray (Botanist/Ecologist) assisted by and Flavia dos Santos Pereira (Technician) on 12 October 2023.

The timing of the survey was optimal to conduct the flora and vegetation assessment, as this is during spring, which is the peak flowering period for the region, and a time at which the greatest number of annual and ephemeral species are present, which optimises FCT determination.

Flora and vegetation data were collected in the field at sampling points where vegetation was noted to be of differing floristic composition. Data for two relevés were recorded in locations presented in **Figure 8**.

Geographic co-ordinates were recorded for the relevés using GPS. The data collected were used to describe the native vegetation communities (vegetation in 'Good' or better condition).

The following information was recorded at each quadrat:

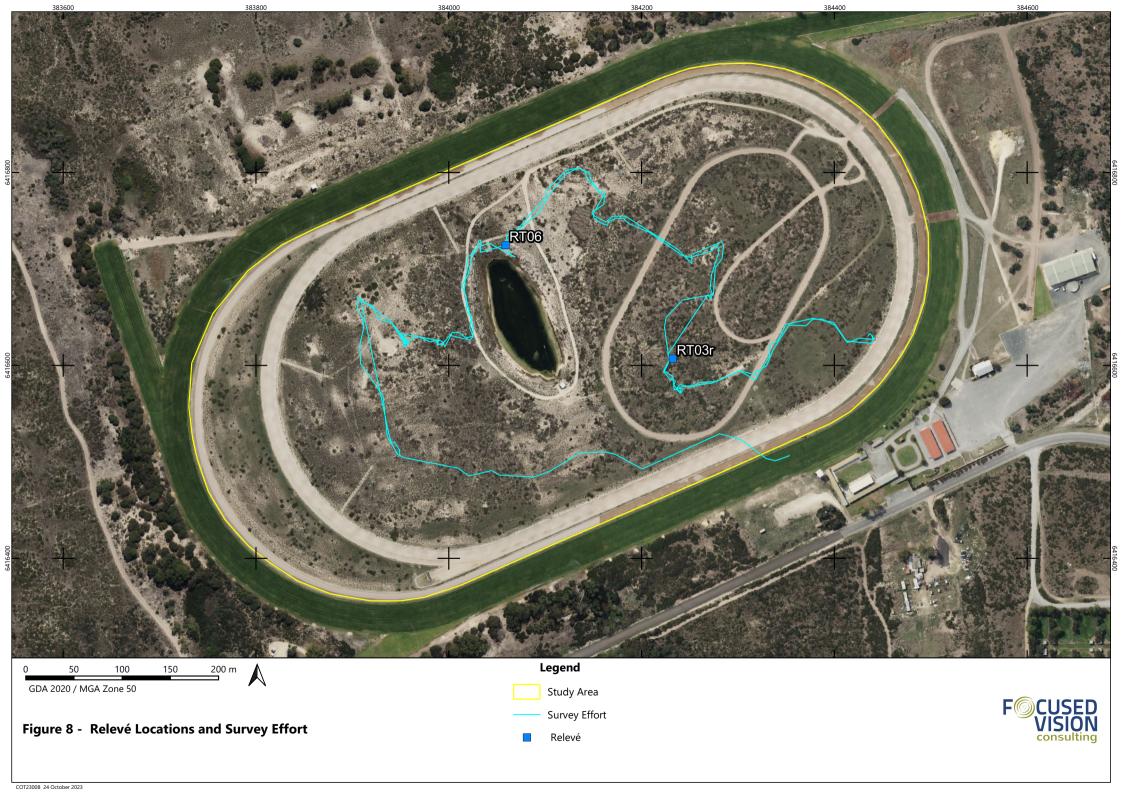
- observer
- date
- GPS location (GDA 94) of north-west corner
- representative photograph
- soil type and colour
- topography
- vegetation condition/degradation/disturbances (e.g., grazing, weed invasion, fire)
- flora species present, including average height and projected foliage cover of the dominant species of each stratum
- vegetation structure and dominance, described in accordance with the National Vegetation Information System (NVIS) (NVIS Technical Working Group 2017)
- vegetation condition, assessed against the currently accepted scale; an adaptation of the Keighery (1994) condition scale.

Observations and opportunistic collection of data and flora specimens were also carried out during foot traverses within and throughout the study area and track logs of all personnel were captured using GPS-enabled devices to document survey effort. The combined track logs for the study area are presented in **Figure 8**. Field data was recorded using electronic tablet devices equipped with the mobile mapping software, Mappt™ (Takor Group 2021) and customised data collection forms, tailored to the electronic collection of quadrat data and targeted flora surveys. Draft vegetation unit and condition mapping were also prepared in shapefiles directly into Mappt™ whilst in the field, and this formed the basis of the mapping presented in this report and provided in spatial data.

4.3 DATA PROCESSING AND ANALYSIS

Flora identifications were undertaken by FVC's taxonomists, Olga Nazarova and Taryn Brebner. Specimens were dried and collected in accordance with WAH protocols (WAH 1998-). Taxonomy and nomenclature follow current protocols of the WAH.

Due to the degraded nature of the vegetation in the study area, recorded relevé data was unable to be analysed to determine floristic community types (FCT) of the southern Swan Coastal Plain.





4.5 STUDY LIMITATIONS

The limitations of the flora and vegetation field assessment have been considered in accordance with the Technical Guidance (EPA 2016a) and are summarised in **Table 8**.

Table 8 – Survey Limitations

Aspect	Constraint	Explanation	
Availability of regional data, previously available information	No	The study area is within the Perth Metropolitan Region, a well-understood location in terms of ecological values. Numerous studies have been completed within the vicinity of the study area and wider region. Comprehensive regional data relating to soils, vegetation and biological values of conservation significance are also available in public databases and in the literature, all included in the desktop assessment.	
Scope (detail)	No	A flora and vegetation survey was carried out in accordance with EPA (2016a). Two relevés were sampled across the study area targeting differing vegetation units. The EPA Guidelines state that a minimum of three quadrats should be sampled in each vegetation unit considered to be of 'Good' or better condition, however due to the limited representation and quality of vegetation within the study area, vegetation units ArMs and TdFc were only sampled from two relevés. This level of survey detail was considered adequate for the assessment of floristic values, with a large proportion of the study area highly modified and devoid of remnant native vegetation.	
Competency/ Experience of personnel	No	The field survey lead (Megan Gray) has significant experience in biological assessments in the Perth region, with more than four years of experience in conducting floristic assessments throughout WA, including within the in the Perth region. Personnel with relevant qualifications and experience contributed to the various study tasks, such as flora identifications, floristic analysis, reporting and technical review.	
Survey effort/detail/ intensity	No	The selected scope for the biological assessments was a detailed flora and vegetation assessments with targeted survey for species and ecological communities of conservation significance. Whilst it is unlikely the study area would support the majority of Threatened and Priority flidentified in the desktop assessment given the degraded condition of the vegetation, majority of the study area where remnant vegetation occurs was searched for Threatened a Priority flora.	
Seasonal timing and climatic conditions	No	The timing of the assessment (October) was considered optimal for the identification of flowering flora or annual and ephemeral species.	
Access	No	No issues with access were experienced, and the entire area was able to be traversed on foot.	
Mapping reliability	No	Mapping within the study area is at a scale based on ground-truth areas, with limite extrapolation, given the good accessibility. Mapping reliability and the proportion of value identified and recorded based on scale and the extent of survey is considered high.	
Disturbances	No	The majority of the study area is considered to be 'Degraded' or 'Completely Degraded' condition, with only a small portion (0.12 ha) in 'Good' condition. Disturbance is due to historic clearing for the racetrack development and other equine activities. This degradation did not impede the definition of the biological values present.	
Survey completedness	No	All of the study area was easily accessible by foot and the survey was fully completed.	



5. RESULTS

5.1 DESKTOP REVIEW

5.1.1 Literature Review

A literature review was undertaken as part of the desktop assessment to identify previous flora and vegetation assessments that were conducted within or in the vicinity of the study area. The flora and vegetation surveys were reviewed to provide a broader locality context and to identify key findings including significant flora and the presence of TECs and PECs. A summary of the literature review is provided in **Table 9**.

Table 9 - Summary of Results of Previous Surveys Within and Surrounding the Study Area

Reference	Survey Methodology	Key Results
Reconnaissance Flora, Vegetation and Tree Assessment. Part Mandurah Road Reserve between Fifty Road and Safety Bay Road Emerge Associates (2022)	Reconnaissance flora, vegetation and tree assessment, June 2022	 78 flora taxa recorded including 43 introduced species Eight vegetation types were defined No TECs or PECs found to occur No Threatened or Priority flora were recorded Further survey from September to October is recommended to confirm presence or absence of <i>Caladenia huegelii</i> (T) within the <i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i> and <i>Banksia attenuata</i> plant community The vegetation condition ranges from 'Good' to 'Completely Degraded' Total 42 habitat trees including 11 trees with potentially suitable hollows.
Kwinana Nickel Refinery Eucalyptus gomphocephala (Tuart) TEC Assessment Biologic (2021)	Assessment for the presence and extent of the Tuart TEC, July 2021	 The vegetation condition ranges from 'Degraded' to 'Very Good' Four out of the six assessed patches represent Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>) Woodlands and Forests of the Swan Coastal (TEC).
City of Rockingham Black Spot Project - Safety Bay Road Flora and Vegetation Survey NACMS (2021)	Basic flora and vegetation survey, July 2021	 38 flora taxa recorded including 18 introduced species No TECs or PECs found to occur One Weed of National Significance (WoNS) (*Asparagus asparagoides) Two vegetation types were defined The vegetation condition ranges from 'Degraded' to 'Completely Degraded'.
Flora and Vegetation Assessment, Port Kennedy FVC (2020)	Detailed flora and vegetation survey, October 2020	 69 flora taxa recorded including 22 introduced species No Threatened or Priority flora recorded One PEC (SCP 19b) is considered likely to be present One WoNS, *Asparagus asparagoides recorded Three vegetation units were defined Vegetation condition ranged from 'Good-Very Good' to 'Completely Degraded'
Lot 1488 Patterson Road, East Rockingham PGV Environmental (2019)	Reconnaissance flora and vegetation survey, November 2018	 No threatened or Priority species recorded Vegetation condition is assessed as 'Good' to 'Degraded' One PEC recorded, FCT 29a.
Lots 511 and 512 Rockingham Road, Kwinana Beach	Reconnaissance flora and vegetation survey and black cockatoo	Two threatened ecological communities were recorded:



Reference	Survey Methodology	Key Results
Reconnaissance flora and vegetation survey and black cockatoo habitat assessment Strategen (2019)	habitat assessment, May and August 2019	 Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>) woodlands and forests of the Swan Coastal Plain (EBPC Act; Critically Endangered, DBCA; Priority 3) Banksia woodlands of the Swan Coastal Plain (EPBC Act; Endangered, DBCA; Priority 3) No Threatened or Priority flora were recorded Three Declared Pest plants were recorded: *Asparagus asparagoides, *Zantedeschia aethiopica and *Gomphocarpus fruticosus.
City of Rockingham, Assessment of Wetland Reserves Biota (2018)	Detailed flora and vegetation survey, targeted survey and weed assessment, October – November 2017	 215 flora taxa recorded from 67 families and 162 genera No threatened flora recorded One priority species recorded: Sphaerolobium calcicola (P3) One WoNS species, Asparagus asparagoides and two DP species, Asparagus asparagoides and Gomphocarpus fruticosus
Wetland Management Plan City of Rockingham (2018)	Detailed flora and vegetation assessment Carndo 2005	 Key Findings only from the survey within Lark Hill Sporting Complex; 104 flora taxa species including 38 introduced species Seven vegetation units One Priority flora species recorded: Sphaerolobium calcicola (P3) Vegetation condition ranged from 'Excellent' to 'Completely Degraded' One Declared Pest Plant was recorded; *Gomphocarpus fruticosus recorded Four occurrences of TEC, 'Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain'
Port Kennedy Botanical Survey Ecoscape (2018)	Detailed flora and vegetation survey, September 2017	 44 flora taxa recorded including 25 introduced species No TECs or PECs found to occur No Threatened or Priority flora were recorded One vegetation type The vegetation condition ranges from 'Degraded' to 'Completely Degraded'.
City of Rockingham Proposed Baldivis District Sporting Complex Flora and Vegetation Assessment GHD (2018)	Detailed flora and vegetation survey, October 2017	 87 flora taxa recorded (41 families and 71 genera) 45 introduced flora taxa were recorded, including one Declared Pest: *Gomphocarpus fruticosus Three vegetation types were defined No Threatened or Priority flora were recorded No TECs found to occur Likely occurrence of two Priority 3 PECs: Tuart (Eucalyptus gomphocephala) woodlands of the Swan Coastal Plain Southern Eucalyptus gomphocephala and/or Agonis flexuosa woodland
Flora and Vegetation Assessment, Mandurah Road, Baldivis. Western Botanical (2018)	Targeted flora and vegetation assessment, November 2018	 24 flora taxa recorded including 16 introduced species One vegetation type - degraded remnant Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>) woodland No TECs or PECs found to occur The vegetation condition assessed as 'Degraded'.



Reference	Survey Methodology	Key Results
Spring Flora and Vegetation Park Lot 105 Stock Rd, Lakelands Emerge Associates (2017)	Detailed flora and vegetation assessment, September 2016	 91 flora taxa recorded across 33 families and 72 genera One priority species recorded, <i>Acacia benthamii</i> (P2) One TEC recorded, 'Banksia Woodlands of the Swan Coastal Plain" and one PEC recorded, 'Banksia dominated woodlands of the Swan Coastal Plain IBRA region' No DP or WoNS species recorded.
253 Yangedi Road, Hopelands – Flora and Vegetation Survey PGV Environmental (2014)	Detailed flora and vegetation assessment, September 2014	 98 flora taxa recorded Five vegetation types recorded No priority or threatened flora species recorded No TECs or PECs recorded Vegetation condition assessed as 'Very Good'.
Flora and Fauna Assessment of Proposed Kwinana Ethanol Bio- Refinery Umwelt (2006)	Flora and fauna assessment, August 2006	 37 flora taxa recorded including 16 introduced species No Threatened or Priority flora were recorded Five vegetation types were defined No TECs or PECs found to occur.
Flora and Vegetation Survey of the Proposed Kwinana to Australind Gas Pipeline Infrastructure Corridor Mattiske Consulting (2003)	Flora and vegetation survey, October 2002 and 2003	 326 flora taxa recorded including 77 introduced species Three significant flora taxa: Boronia juncea subsp. juncea (P1) Acacia semitrullata (P3) Acacia flagelliformis (P4) Four declared weeds on the Western Australian Organism List (WAOL): *Zantedeschia aethiopica, *Gomphocarpus fruticosus, *Echium plantagineum and *Opuntia sp. One Weed of National Significance (WoNS) (*Rubus fruticosus).



5.1.2 Threatened and Priority Flora

The desktop assessment identified 31 conservation significant flora species that have the potential to occur within the study area. No Threatened or Priority Flora have been previously recorded within the study area. Of the 31 species, 13 are Threatened species listed under the EPBC and BC Acts, two are Priority 1, two are Priority 2, seven are Priority 3 and eight are Priority 4 species. Three of the significant species identified through the database search are considered 'likely' to occur, 12 taxa 'may occur', and the remaining 17 were considered 'unlikely' to occur in the study area (**Table 10**). DBCA recorded Threatened and Priority flora occurring within 10 km of the study area is spatially presented in **Figure 9**.



Table 10 – Threatened and Priority Flora Likelihood of Occurrence

Species	EPBC Act Cons Status	WA Cons. Status	Description*	Preferred Habitat*	Pre-Survey Likelihood of Occurrence	Source/s
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. Fairbridge Farm (D. Papenfus 696)	Critically Endangered	Critically Endangered	Dense, clumped shrub growing from 0.3 to 0.6 m high and 0.4-0.8 m wide. Produces yellow flowers on erect spikes 0.07-0.24 m long from September to October.	Grey clayey, sand soil with lateritic pebbles. Near winter-wet flats, low woodlands with weedy grasses.	Unlikely to occur - The closest occurrence is 12.18 km east of the study area. This species prefers winter-wet flats which is unlikely to occur onsite and there is no presence of low woodlands onsite, therefore suitable habitat is unlikely to occur onsite.	PMST
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. Serpentine (G.R. Brand 103)	Critically Endangered	Critically Endangered	Erect, compact shrub to 0.3 m high. Produces yellow flowers from September to October.	Grey, yellow or brown sandy clay-loam soils. Edge of wetlands, slopes, and flats.	May occur - The closest occurrence is 12.23 km east of the study area. This species prefers the edges of wetlands, slopes and flats, and there is a body of water located within the study area, which may provide suitable habitat for this species.	PMST
Caladenia huegelii	Endangered	Critically Endangered	Tuberous, perennial herb growing from 0.25 to 0.6 m high with a single pale green, hairy leaf. Produces 1 to 2 (rarely 3) distinctive flowers with red and green to cream parts from September to October.	Grey, white, or brown sand, clay loam soils. Margins of swamps, low depressions, and flats. Mixed jarrah and Banksia woodlands.	Unlikely to occur - The closest occurrence was recorded 22 km south of the study area. Due to the highly modified condition of the study area, it is unlikely suitable habitat will occur.	PMST
Drakaea elastica	Endangered	Critically Endangered	Tuberous, perennial herb growing from 0.1 to 0.3 m high with a single bright green, glossy, prostrate heart shaped leaf. Produces distinctive flower with red and green to yellow parts from October to November.	Bare patches of white or grey sandy soils. Low- lying situations adjoining winter-wet swamps.	Unlikely to occur - five known occurrences with 10 km of the study area, the closest being 7 km south-east of the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	DBCA, NatureMap, PMST
Eucalyptus x balanites	Endangered	Critically Endangered	Mallee growing to 5 m high, bark rough and flaky. Produces white flowers from October to December or January to February.	Sandy soils with lateritic gravel. White-grey sand, brown sandy loam soils with lateritic gravel. Slopes.	Unlikely to occur - The closest species occurrence is 29.38 km north-east of the study area, the study area does not contain any of the suitable soils that this species prefers and therefore suitable habitat is unlikely to occur.	PMST
Diuris purdiei	Endangered	Endangered	Tuberous, perennial orchid growing from 0.15 to 0.45 m high. Produces distinct flattened yellow flowers with	Grey-black sand, sandy clay moist soils. Winterwet swamps	Unlikely to occur - The closest occurrence was recorded 22 north east of the study area. The species has not been recorded on the	PMST



Species	EPBC Act Cons Status	WA Cons. Status	Description*	Preferred Habitat*	Pre-Survey Likelihood of Occurrence	Source/s
			brown blotches on their underside from September to October.		Quindalup South soil system that occurs within the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	
<i>Synaphea</i> sp. Pinjarra Plain (A.S. George 17182)	Endangered	Endangered	Erect, clumping shrub growing to 0.8 m high. Produces yellow flowers from September to November.	Grey sandy loam or clay, grey-brown clayey sand, brown clayey loam, laterite. Flats, seasonally wet areas, railroad reserves often with wet depressions or drains.	Unlikely to occur - The closest occurrence is 12.25 km east of the study area. The study area consists of mainly yellow sand and is quite degraded for the majority of the area. Therefore, this species is unlikely to occur onsite.	PMST
Andersonia gracilis	Endangered	Vulnerable	Slender, erect, or open straggly shrub growing from 0.1 to 0.5 m high. Produces pink to pale mauve flowers in ovoid oblong groups of 4 to 14 on terminal heads from September to November.	White-grey sand, sandy clay, gravelly loam soils. Winter wet areas, near swamps.	Unlikely to occur - The study area is outside of the species known distribution. The closest occurrence is over 43 km northeast of the study area on a soil system that does not occur within the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	PMST
Banksia mimica	Endangered	Vulnerable	growing from 0.15 to 0.4 m high with leaves growing to 0.4 m long. Produces yellow to brown flowers from December to February. Ingnotuberous shrub White or grey sand, sandy loam soils over laterite. Slopes and flats.		Unlikely to occur - The study is between two disjunct distributions, the closest occurrence being over 41 km northeast of the study area on a soil system that does not occur within the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	PMST
Diuris drummondii	Vulnerable	Endangered	Tuberous, perennial tall orchid growing from 0.5 to 1 m high. Produces 3 to 8 pale yellow flowers from November to January.	Brown sandy clay, moist peat soils. Low lying depressions, swamps	Unlikely to occur - one known occurrence approximately 7.5 km south-east of the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur.	DBCA, NatureMap, PMST
Drakaea micrantha	Vulnerable	Endangered	Tuberous, perennial herb growing from 0.15 to 0.3 m high with a single silvery to grey, prostrate heart shaped leaf. Produces distinct flower with red and yellow parts from September to October.	Bare patches of white- grey sandy soils. Winter wet swamps, disturbed areas.	May occur - The closest occurrence was recorded 28 km northeast of the study area. The species is a disturbance opportunist and due to the highly disturbed condition of the study area and bare sandy patches in the	PMST

FLORA AND VEGETATION ASSESSMENT



Species	EPBC Act Cons Status	WA Cons. Status	Description*	Preferred Habitat*	Pre-Survey Likelihood of Occurrence	Source/s
					northern portion of the study area, suitable habitat may be present.	
Diuris micrantha	Vulnerable	Vulnerable	Tuberous, perennial orchid growing from 0.3 to 0.6 m high with a basal tuft of narrow, linear leaves. Produces up to 7 yellow flowers with red to brown markings from August to October.	Brown/black sandy clay- loam and clayey soils. Winter-wet depressions and swamps, in shallow water.	May occur - The closest occurrence is 20 km north of the study area. This species prefers winter-wet depressions and swamps, and due to a body of water being present onsite, suitable habitat for this species may be present onsite.	PMST
Thelymitra variegata	-	Critically Endangered	Tuberous, perennial herb growing from 0.1 to 0.35 m high. Produces conspicuous purple-red flowers with dark purple blotches and yellow parts from June to September.	Sandy clay or sandy soils. Associated with laterite	May occur - closest known occurrence is approximately 7.5 km south-west of the study area found on a similar geology as that of the study area. Suitable habitat may occur.	DBCA
Acacia sp. Binningup (G. Cockerton et al. WB 37784)	-	Priority 1	Suckering densely clumping shrub growing to 2.5 m with bright green foliage. Produces bright yellow flowers in August.	Grey sandy soil or sandy loam.	May occur - one occurrence recorded within the buffer zone approximately 9 km north of the study area on the same geology as the study area.	DBCA, NatureMap
<i>Boronia juncea</i> subsp. juncea	-	Priority 1	Slender, erect, or straggly shrub growing from 0.6 to 1 m high. Produces pink or purple flowers in April and December.	Dark grey peaty sandy soil. Winter wet depressions, swamps.	Unlikely to occur - The closest occurrence is 16 km northeast of the study area on a different soil system to the study area. Suitable soil habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	Mattiske Consulting (2003)
Acacia benthamii	-	Priority 2	Erect, spinose shrub growing to 1 m high. Produces golden-yellow flowers in globular heads on short stalks in leaf axils from August to September.	Brown, yellow, grey sandy soils. Flats and slopes, sometimes with limestone and wetlands.	May occur - five occurrences recorded, the closest being approximately 2 km east of the study area, however found on different geology to the study area.	DBCA, NatureMap, ALA, Emerge Associates (2017)
Cardamine paucijuga	-	Priority 2	Erect, sprawling open annual herb growing to 0.4 m high. Produces white flowers from September to October.	Black peaty sand, grey sandy clay soils. Winter wet swamps, creek lines and depressions.	Unlikely to occur - The most northern record of the species is 6 km south of the study area on a different soil system to the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	DBCA, NatureMap



Species	EPBC Act Cons Status	WA Cons. Status	Description*	Preferred Habitat*	Pre-Survey Likelihood of Occurrence	Source/s
<i>Beyeria cinerea</i> subsp. <i>cinerea</i>	-	Priority 3	Low spreading shrubs to 0.3 m, narrow lime green leaves with pale underside and tuberculate fruits.	Limestone ridges, slopes and hilltops, sand over limestone	Likely to occur - five occurrences recorded within the buffer zone, the closest being 1.5 km south of the study area on the same geology. Suitable habitat may be present.	DBCA, NatureMap
Calandrinia oraria	-	Priority 3	Succulent, annual herb growing from 0.1 to 0.2 m high. Produces pink flowers from August to October.	Succulent, annual herb growing from Sandy soil. Coastal dunes, 0.1 to 0.2 m high. Produces pink ridges, and undulating 2.5		DBCA, NatureMap
Dillwynia dillwynioides	-	Priority 3	Decumbent or erect shrub growing between 0.3 to 1.2 m high. Produces flowers with red, orange, and yellow parts from August to December.	Sand, loam, clay soils. Seasonally wet depressions, wetlands.	May occur - eight known occurrences within 10 km of the study area, the closest being 5 km east of the study area on a geology similar to the study area. Suitable habitat may occur.	DBCA, NatureMap, ALA
Lasiopetalum membranaceum	-	Priority 3	Multi stemmed shrub growing to 1 m high. Produces pink-purple flowers from September to December.	Sandy soil with limestone. Limestone outcrops and ridges, slopes, and coastal dunes.	Unlikely to occur - one known occurrence 6.4 km south of the study area on the Vasse and Bassendean soil systems, not found within the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur.	DBCA, NatureMap
Pimelea calcicola	-	Priority 3	Erect to spreading shrub growing from 0.2 to 1 m high. Produces white flowers with some pink from September to November.	0.2 to 1 m high. Produces white flowers with some pink from September to with limestone. Coastal		DBCA, NatureMap, ALA
Schoenus capillifolius	-	Priority 3	Semi-aquatic, tufted annual sedge growing to 0.05 m high. Produces green flowers from October to November.	Brown sand, clay. Claypans and seasonally wet depressions.	May occur - two known occurrences 5.2 km east of the study area on a geology similar to the study area. Suitable habitat may occur.	DBCA, NatureMap, ALA
Sphaerolobium calcicola	-	Priority 3	Slender, multi-stemmed, scandent or erect shrub growing to 1.5 m high. Produces yellow-red flowers in June, September, or November.	White-grey-brown sand, sandy clay over limestone, black peaty sandy clay. Tall dunes, winter-wet flats, interdunal swamps, low-lying areas.	May occur - the closest known occurrence is 1.6 km south-east of the study area; however, is found on the Spearwood soil system that differs from the study area. Suitable habitat may occur.	Biota (2018), DBCA, CoR (2018), Emerge Associates (2017), NatureMap,

FLORA AND VEGETATION ASSESSMENT



Species	EPBC Act Cons Status	WA Cons. Status	Description*	Preferred Habitat*	Pre-Survey Likelihood of Occurrence	Source/s
						Mattiske (2003)
Acacia flagelliformis	-	Priority 4	Erect or sprawling shrub growing 0.3 m to 0.75 m. Produces yellow flowers from May to September.	Sandy soils and wet areas.	Unlikely to occur - Study area is outside of the species known distribution. The closest occurrence being over 63 km south of the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	Mattiske (2003)
Acacia semitrullata	-	Priority 4	Slender, erect perennial shrub growing 0.1 m to 1.5 m high. Produces cream and white flowers from May to October.	White/grey sand over laterite or clay. Grows on sandplains and swampy areas.	Unlikely to occur - Study area is outside of the species known distribution. The closest occurrence being over 37 km south of the study area. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	Mattiske (2003)
Conostylis pauciflora subsp. pauciflora	-	Priority 4	Dense, rhizomatous perennial grass like herb growing from 0.1 to 0.4 m high. Produces yellow flowers from August to October.	Sandy soil. Hillslopes, dunes often with limestone.	Unlikely to occur - one known occurrence approximately 6.2 km south of the study area on the Spearwood soil system not found within the study area. Suitable habitat unlikely to occur.	DBCA, NatureMap
Dodonaea hackettiana	-	Priority 4	Erect shrub or tree growing between 1 and 5 m in height. Produces yellow-green to red flowers from July to October.	Occurs on sandy soils on outcropping limestone.	Unlikely to occur - The closest occurrence is 12.5 km north of the study area. This occurrence is the species most southern known record and as a result the study area is outside of the species known distribution. Suitable habitat is unlikely to occur within the study area.	FVC (2021)
Eucalyptus foecunda subsp. foecunda	-	Priority 4	Erect mallee form shrub growing to 4 m high with rough, flaky blackish bark.	Brown sandy soil. Limestone	May occur - two known occurrences less than 2 km north of the study area on the same geology as the study area. Suitable habitat is likely to occur.	DBCA
Jacksonia sericea	-	Priority 4	Low spreading shrub growing to 0.6 m high. Produces flowers with yellow and red and orange parts usually from December to February.	Grey to white, yellow or brown sandy loam soils, often associated with limestone. Limestone ridges, slopes, and flats.	Likely to occur - five occurrences recorded within the buffer zone, the closest being 2 km north-east of the study area. The species is a disturbance opportunist and suitable habitat is likely to be present.	DBCA, NatureMap, ALA

FLORA AND VEGETATION ASSESSMENT



Species	EPBC Act Cons Status	WA Cons. Status	Description*	Preferred Habitat*	Pre-Survey Likelihood of Occurrence	Source/s
Parsonsia diaphanophleba	-	Priority 4	Woody climber (vine). Produces cream-pale pink flowers from September to June.	Clay, loam, sandy soils. Riverbanks.	May occur - one known occurrence approximately 7.9 km south-east of the study area on a similar geology that of the study area. Suitable habitat may occur.	DBCA, NatureMap
Stylidium longitubum	-	Priority 4	Frect annual (ephemeral) herb growing from 0.05 to 0.12 m high. Produces pink flowers with white markings from October to December.	Sandy clay, clay soils. Seasonal wetlands.	Unlikely to occur - two known occurrences found approximately 8.3 km south-east of the study area with a similar geology to the study area. Suitable habitat may occur.	DBCA, NatureMap, ALA

^{*}Information sourced from WAH (1998-)





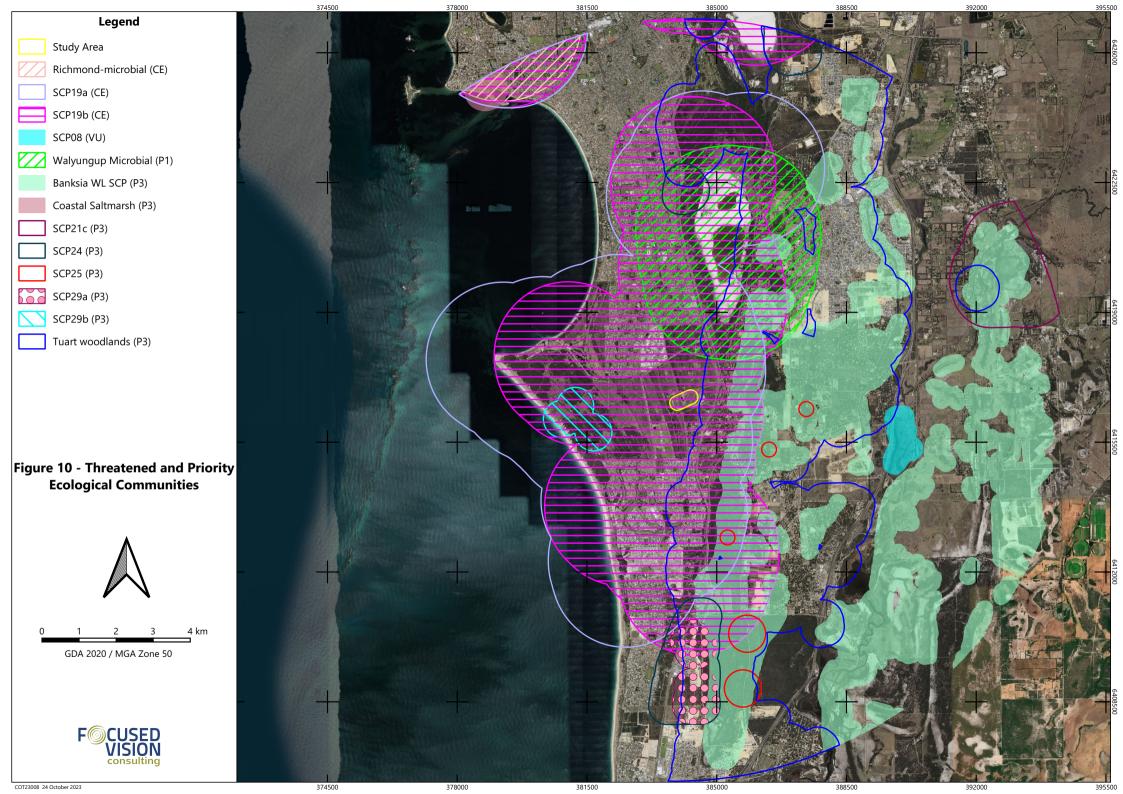
5.1.3 Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities

A review of the DBCA TEC and PEC database identified that nine Commonwealth listed TECs, five State listed TECs and eight PECs or their buffers occur within 10 km of the study area (**Table 11**). Two of these ecological communities (Richmond-microbial and Walyungup Microbial) represent microbial communities which are not relevant to flora and vegetation values. Of these, two TECs or their buffers (SCP 19a and SCP 19b), which are listed as Endangered under the EPBC Act and Critically Endangered under the BC Act, are mapped as occurring within the study area.

Table 11 – Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities in the Buffer Zone

Community Name	Description	EPBC Cons. Code	WA Cons. Code
SCP08	Herb rich shrublands in clay pans (floristic community type 8 as originally described in Gibson et al. (1994))	Critically Endangered (as part of the Clay Plans of the Swan Coastal Plain TEC)	Vulnerable
Tuart woodlands	Tuart (<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>) woodlands and forests of the Swan Coastal Plain	Critically Endangered	Priority 3
SCP25	Southern <i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala-Agonis flexuosa</i> woodlands	Critically Endangered (as part of the Tuart woodlands TEC)	Priority 3
Richmond- microbial	Stromatolite like microbialite community of coastal freshwater lakes (Lake Richmond)	Endangered	Critically Endangered
SCP19a	Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain (floristic community type 19 as originally described in in Gibson et al. (1994))	Endangered (as part of the Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain TEC)	Critically Endangered
SCP19b	Woodlands over sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain (original description; Gibson et al. (1994).	Endangered (as part of the Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain TEC)	Critically Endangered
Walyungup Microbial	Microbial community of a coastal saline lake (Lake Walyungup)	Endangered	Priority 1
SCP21c	Low lying Banksia attenuata woodlands or shrublands	Endangered (as part of the Banksia WL SCP TEC)	Priority 3
Banksia WL SCP	Banksia Woodlands of the Swan Coastal Plain ecological community	Endangered	Priority 3
Coastal Saltmarsh	Subtropical and Temperate Coastal Saltmarsh	Vulnerable	Priority 3
SCP24	Northern Spearwood shrublands and woodlands	Endangered (as part of the Banksia WL SCP TEC)	Priority 3
SCP29a	Coastal shrublands on shallow sands	-	Priority 3
SCP29b	Acacia shrublands on taller dunes	-	Priority 3

^{*}Cells highlighted grey indicate ecological communities and/or their buffers that occur within the study area





5.2 FIELD ASSESSMENT

5.2.1 Flora

A collective total of 39 flora species, from 38 genera and 21 families were recorded during the surveys. The dominant families represented were Poaceae (eight taxa), Asteraceae (five taxa), and Fabaceae (four taxa). Of the 39 recorded flora species, 22 are introduced (weeds or planted). The flora recorded within the study area is summarised in **Table 12**. The full list of vascular flora taxa recorded within each vegetation unit (which includes opportunistic species records, additional to flora species recorded within relevés) is presented in **Appendix C**, and individual relevé data is presented in **Appendix D**.

No species found to be exhibiting and extension beyond their known range or occurrences, nor any undescribed species were recorded within the study area.

A total of 22 introduced (weed and planted) species were recorded within the study area. One taxon listed as DP plant [s22(2)] under the BAM Act (DPRID 2022) was recorded (**Echium plantagineum*) and none of the recorded weed species are listed as WoNs (CISS 2021). A woody weed, **Olea europaea* (Olive) was also recorded within the study area (**Figure 11**)

Table 12 - Summary of Flora Taxa Recorded in the Study Area

Overview	Total Number
Families	21
Genera	38
Taxa (species, sub species, varieties)	39
Native Flora	17
Introduced and Planted Flora	22
Threatened Flora	0
Priority Flora	0
Range Extensions	0
Undescribed Flora	0
Families	Number of Taxa
Poaceae	8
Asteraceae	7
Fabaceae	5

5.2.2 Threatened and Priority Flora

No Threatened flora species listed under the BC Act and/or under the EPBC Act were recorded during the field survey.

No Priority flora species listed by DBCA were recorded within the study area.



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5.2.3 Vegetation

5.2.3.1 Vegetation Units

Two vegetation units were defined and mapped across the study area. The entire study area has been previously cleared entirely in approximately the mid-1980s, as evident in historic aerial imagery. Therefore, both of the defined and mapped vegetation units are regrowth or colonised vegetation, which have emerged following the clearing. Vegetation consists of isolated trees or shrubs (macro-rush) over introduced grasses and other weeds. The vegetation units are described in **Table 13** and their extents within the study area are spatially presented in **Figure 12**.

Table 13 - Summary of Recorded Vegetation Units in the Study Area

Broad Vegetation Type	Unit Code	Vegetation Unit Description	Representative Relevé (R)	Area (ha)	% of Study Area
Acacia Shrubland	ArMs	Acacia rostellifera and Melaleuca systena low shrubland over * Eragrostis curvula, and * Bromus diandrus grassland and * Euphorbia terracina herbland	RT03r	20.97	73.60
Typha Rushland	TOPE FICINIA NOGOSA AND ALVINARIUS CO		RT06r	0.12	0.42
Open \	<i>N</i> ater	Presence of a pond	NA	0.58	2.04
Clea	red	Cleared areas devoid of vegetation	NA	6.82	23.94
			TOTAL	28.49	100

^{*}denotes introduced species



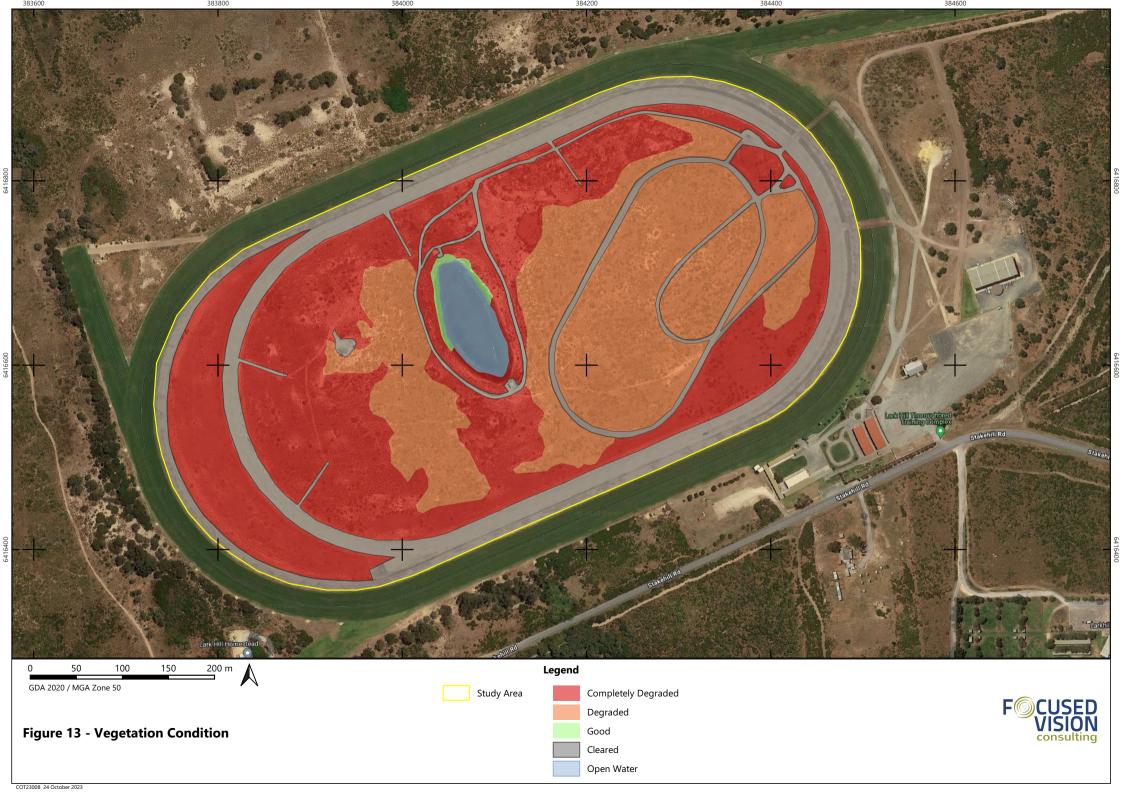


5.2.3.2 Vegetation Condition

The condition of the vegetation within the study area was found to range from 'Good' to 'Completely Degraded', with the majority (97.52%) in 'Degraded' or poorer condition. The areas of the varying vegetation condition are summarised in **Table 14** and presented in **Figure 13**.

Table 14 – Summary of Vegetation Condition

Vegetation Condition Rating	Total Area (ha)	% of Study Area
Good	0.12	0.42
Degraded	8.61	30.22
Completely Degraded	12.36	43.38
Cleared	6.82	23.94
Open Water	0.58	2.04
TOTAL	28.49	100





5.2.4 Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities

No TECs or PECs were identified during the survey in the study area. Two known TECs or their buffers intersect with or occur within the study area. These communities are:

- SCP 19a Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain (floristic community type 19 as originally described in Gibson *et al.* (1994)) (EPBC Act: Endangered; BC Act: Critically Endangered)
- SCP 19b Woodlands over sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the Swan Coastal Plain (original description; Gibson et al. (1994) (EPBC Act: Endangered; BC Act: Critically Endangered)

Originally described as FCT 19 by Gibson *et al.* (1994), the Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales occur within wetland depressions (swales) between parallel Holocene dunes. Typical and common native species in this community are *Acacia rostellifera, Acacia saligna* and *Xanthorrhoea preissi* with sedges of *Baumea juncea, Ficinia nodosa* and *Lepidosperma gladiatum* (DBCA 2020b; DCCEEW 2023d). This FCT was later split into the following two sub-groups:

- SCP 19a younger dune swales supporting 'sedgelands in Holocene dune swales'
- SCP 19b older dune swales supporting 'woodlands over sedgelands in Holocene dune swales'.

A previous survey by Western Botanical outlined in the City of Rockingham's *Wetland Management Plan* determined the presence of both SCP 19a and SCP 19b TECs at the adjacent Lark Hill Sporting Complex (CoR 2018).

As the vegetation was too degraded to undertake floristic analysis, no FCTs were able to be inferred and the study area would not be considered to support any FCT. Furthermore, none of flora that characteristically dominate SCP 19a or SCP 19b occurrences besides *Acacia rostellifera* were found to occur in the study area. (DCCEEW 2023d).

No other TECs or PECs listed in **Table 11** are considered to occur within the study area.



6. **DISCUSSION**

6.1 FLORA

A collective total of 39 flora species, from 38 genera and 21 families were recorded during the surveys. The dominant families represented were Poaceae (16 taxa), Asteraceae (seven taxa), and Fabaceae (five taxa). The total is comprised of 17 (43.59%) native species and 22 (56.41%) introduced (weed) species. Given the size, the study area is considered to have low species diversity and a high proportion and abundance of weeds. This can be attributed to the high level of modification and disturbance that has occurred within the study area, with much of the study area having been cleared for a horse racing track and associated infrastructure. The use of the study area as a horse racing track has also likely contributed to the abundance of weeds, with DP plant Paterson's Curse (*Echium plantagineum) opportunistically recorded within the study area.

Under the BAM Act, Paterson's Curse is assigned the 'Exempt' category, which means that no permits or conditions are applicable for keeping, and landholders are under no obligation to control infestations (DPRID 2017). This species was only recorded within areas that have been subject to a high level of disturbance and clearing.

Although *Typha domingensis* is native to Western Australia (WAH 1998-), the species can spread prolifically by rhizomes after seedlings establish in disturbed vegetation, often forming monotypes that reduce wetland plant and animal diversity (Hall 2008). *Typha domingensis* dominates one of the recorded vegetation units, TdFc. In this location, *Typha domingensis* has likely established following disturbance. Historic aerial imagery indicates that the entire study area had been cleared in approximately the mid-1980s, and the central area now supporting a body of water is likely a groundwater expression that may have resulted from excavation of the area to provide a drainage basin away from the racetrack. Despite the fact that *Typha domingensis* can spread and become invasive, the extent in the study area is limited to the edge of the water body and does not appear to be resulting in any ecologically adverse effects.

No species listed as Threatened or Priority flora under the BC Act and/or under the EPBC Act were recorded.

None of the recorded flora are exhibiting an extension beyond their currently documented range, in accordance with records of the Western Australian Herbarium (WAH 1998-).

6.2 VEGETATION

The study area lies within the Swan Coastal Plain where only 38% of the original vegetation extent remains. Two vegetation units were defined within the study area from two relevés. Vegetation unit ArMs covers the majority of the study area, across 20.97 ha (73.60%) and consists of areas with locally endemic shrubs including *Acacia rostellifera* and *Melaleuca systena* over introduced grasses and herbs. Vegetation unit TdFc covers a total of 0.12 ha (0.42% of the study area) fringing artificial water body, and is comprised of *Typha domingensis* over mixed introduced and endemic species including *Ficinia nodosa* and **Cyperus congestus*.

The EPA Guidelines (EPA 2016a) state that a minimum of three quadrats should be sampled in each vegetation unit considered to be of 'Good' or better condition, however due to the poor quality of vegetation within the study area, vegetation units ArMs and TdFc were only sampled from one relevé each. Despite only one relevé being sampled each for the two vegetation units, the level of survey was considered adequate for the assessment of floristic values, due to the study area having been subject to previous clearing and the current degraded condition of the vegetation therein.

None of the defined and mapped vegetation units are considered to represent any TECs or PECs.



Vegetation condition within the study area ranges from 'Good' to 'Completely Degraded', with the majority (97.58%) in 'Degraded' or poorer condition. The area in 'Good' condition occurs in a small fringe around the northern portion of the open water body, and only encompass a total area of 0.12 ha. This area of 'Good' condition vegetation is surrounded by 'Completely Degraded' areas that are dominated by weeds and lack intact understorey. The extensive clearing and disturbance within the study area has contributed to a loss of vegetation structure and floristic diversity within the study area.

The remaining extent of the single vegetation association (3048) represented within the study area, as documented by Beard (1990), on the Swan Coastal Plain IBRA Region, Perth sub-region and the City of Rockingham, exceeds the 10% retention target. The remaining extent of this vegetation association therefore meets the EPA objective of retention for the purpose of biodiversity conservation.

The remaining extent of the Quindalup Complex as documented by Heddle *et al.* (1980b) within the Swan Coastal Plain and the City of Rockingham also exceeds the 10% retention target, and therefore meets the EPA objective of retention for the purpose of biodiversity conservation.

None of the vegetation units are considered to be a representation of the Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain (SCP 19a and 19b) TEC, nor any other ecological community of significance.



7. LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

The personnel who contributed to the project are summarised in **Table 15**.

Table 15 – Project Team

Name	Qualification	Years of Relevant Experience	Role
Kellie Bauer–Simpson Principal Ecologist	BSc. Biological Science	23	Project manager, study planning, report authorisation review
Lisa Chappell Senior Botanist / Environmental Scientist	BEnvSc. (Hons) (Environmental Science)	19	Field survey, floristic analysis, report preparation
John Braid	BEnvSc (Environmental Management)	17	Report technical review
Megan Gray Botanist/Ecologist	BSc. (Environmental Biology)	3	Field survey, report preparation, flora identifications, data management, floristic analysis
Taryn Brebner Botanist/Ecologist	BSc (Environmental Management)	7	Report preparation, flora identifications
Olga Nazarova Botanist	BSc. (Botany and Genetics)	4	Flora identifications
Flavia dos Santos Pereira Technician	BSc. (Geography)	3	Field survey assistance, GIS and mapping
Aishwarya Gujarathi Botanist/Ecologist	BSc. (Botany) MSc. (Environmental Science)	1	Report preparation
Will Bauer–Simpson Technician	Cert. IV (Health and Safety)	9	GIS mapping, spatial analysis, spatial data management
Linda Hosking Administration		20	Editorial support, report compilation



8. CONCLUSIONS

The key findings and conclusions arising from the flora and vegetation assessment within the study area are as follows:

- The study area has been subject to historic disturbances with the whole area having been previously cleared, and impacted by ongoing equine activities.
- The entire study area is within Bush Forever site 356 and is also classified as an ESA.
- No Threatened or Priority flora were recorded during the survey.
- One DP plant listed under the BAM Act, * Echium plantagineum (Paterson's Curse) was recorded.
- A total of two vegetation units were defined and mapped within the study area.
- Both of the vegetation units (ArMs and TdFc) may be considered to be of regional significance, due to occurring within an ESA, with the latter also considered to potentially be of local significance due to occurring as a small, isolated community, and having a limited local extent and distribution.
- Two Commonwealth or State-listed TECs and/or PECs or their buffer were identified through the database search as potentially occurring within the study area, however due to the degraded nature of the site, none are represented in the study area.
- Vegetation condition within the study area ranges from 'Completely Degraded' to 'Good', with only 0.42% in 'Good' condition and the remainder in 'Degraded' or poorer condition.



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APPENDIX A - DBCA NATUREMAP SEARCH REPORT

KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	ALGA	Acrosorium sp.	-
Animalia	ALGA	Anotrichium elongatum	-
Animalia	ALGA	Antithamnion hanovioides	-
Animalia	ALGA	Areschougia ligulata	-
Animalia	ALGA	Bornetia binderiana	-
Animalia	ALGA	Brongniartella australis	-
Animalia	ALGA	Bryopsis australis	-
Animalia	ALGA	Bryopsis foliosa	-
Animalia	ALGA	Bryopsis gemellipara	-
Animalia	ALGA	Calliblepharis planicaulis	-
Animalia	ALGA	Callophycus costatus	-
Animalia	ALGA	Callophycus harveyanus	-
Animalia	ALGA	Callophycus oppositifolius	-
Animalia	ALGA	Carpopeltis elata	_
Animalia	ALGA	Caulerpa sp.	-
Animalia	ALGA	Caulocystis uvifera	-
Animalia	ALGA	Champia affinis	-
Animalia	ALGA	Champia zostericola	_
Animalia	ALGA	Chondria sp.	_
Animalia	ALGA	Cladophora sp.	_
Animalia	ALGA	Cladosiphon filum	_
Animalia	ALGA	Codium duthieae	_
Animalia	ALGA	Codium galeatum	_
Animalia	ALGA	Craspedocarpus ramentaceus	_
Animalia	ALGA	Craspedocarpus venosus	_
Animalia	ALGA	Curdiea obesa	_
Animalia	ALGA	Cystophora grevillei	_
Animalia	ALGA	Dasya extensa	_
Animalia	ALGA	Dasya exterisa Dasya sp.	_
Animalia	ALGA	Dasyclonium flaccidum	_
Animalia	ALGA	Dasyclonium incisum	_
Animalia	ALGA	Dictyomenia sonderi	_
Animalia	ALGA	Dictyopteris muelleri	_
Animalia	ALGA	Dictyota fastigiata	-
Animalia	ALGA	Dictyota polyclada	_
Animalia	ALGA	Echinothamnion hystrix	_
Animalia	ALGA	Erythroclonium muelleri	_
Animalia	ALGA	Feldmannia mitchelliae	_
Animalia	ALGA		-
Animalia	ALGA	Gelinaria sp.	-
Animalia	ALGA	Gloiocladia halymenioides	-
		Haliptilon roseum	-
Animalia	ALGA	Haloplegma preissii	-
Animalia	ALGA	Halymenia cliftoni	-
Animalia	ALGA	Hennedya crispa	-
Animalia	ALGA	Herposiphonia rostrata	-
Animalia	ALGA	Heterosiphonia callithamnium	-
Animalia	ALGA	Heterosiphonia wrangelioides	-
Animalia	ALGA	Hirsutithallia laricina	-
Animalia	ALGA	Hydroclathrus clathratus	-
Animalia	ALGA	Hypoglossum revolutum	-
Animalia	ALGA	Laurencia cruciata	-
Animalia	ALGA	Laurencia shepherdii	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	ALGA	Lenormandia latifolia	-
Animalia	ALGA	Lenormandia sp.	-
Animalia	ALGA	Leptosomia rosea	-
Animalia	ALGA	Lobospira bicuspidata	-
Animalia	ALGA	Nizymenia conferta	_
Animalia	ALGA	Penicillus nodulosus	_
Animalia	ALGA	Peyssonnelia sp.	_
Animalia	ALGA	Platysiphonia mutabilis	_
Animalia	ALGA	Pollexfenia pedicellata	
Animalia	ALGA	Pterocladia lucida	_
Animalia	ALGA	Pterocladia rectangularis	-
Animalia	ALGA	Rhodymenia sp.	-
Animalia	ALGA	Sarcodia sp.	
Animalia	ALGA	•	<u>-</u>
		Sargassum fallax	-
Animalia	ALGA	Sargassum peronii	-
Animalia	ALGA	Sargassum sp.	-
Animalia	ALGA	Scaberia agardhii	-
Animalia	ALGA	Sirophysalis trinodis	-
Animalia	ALGA	Spongoclonium sp.	-
Animalia	ALGA	Turbinaria gracilis	-
Animalia	ALGA	Tylotus obtusatus	-
Animalia	ALGA	Wrangelia velutina	-
Animalia	ALGA	Zonaria sp.	-
Animalia	AMPHI	Crinia glauerti	-
Animalia	AMPHI	Crinia insignifera	-
Animalia	AMPHI	Heleioporus eyrei	-
Animalia	AMPHI	Heleioporus psammophilus	-
Animalia	AMPHI	Limnodynastes dorsalis	-
Animalia	AMPHI	Litoria adelaidensis	-
Animalia	AMPHI	Litoria moorei	_
Animalia	BIRD	Acanthiza apicalis	_
Animalia	BIRD	Acanthiza chrysorrhoa	_
Animalia	BIRD	Acanthiza inornata	
Animalia	BIRD	Acanthorhynchus superciliosus	
Animalia	BIRD	Accipiter cirrocephalus	-
		Accipiter cirrocephalus Accipiter fasciatus	
Animalia	BIRD		-
Animalia	BIRD	Acrocephalus australis	
Animalia	BIRD	Actitis hypoleucos	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Anas castanea	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anas gracilis	
Animalia	BIRD	Anas platyrhynchos	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anas rhynchotis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anas superciliosa	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anhinga melanogaster	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anhinga novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anser anser	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anthochaera carunculata	-
Animalia	BIRD	Anthochaera lunulata	
Animalia	BIRD	Anthus australis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Aquila audax	-
Animalia	BIRD	Aquila morphnoides	-
Animalia	BIRD	Ardea alba	
Animalia	BIRD	Ardea alba subsp. modesta	_
Animalia			



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	BIRD	Ardea modesta	-
Animalia	BIRD	Ardea novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Ardea pacifica	-
Animalia	BIRD	Arenaria interpres	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Artamus cinereus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Artamus cyanopterus	_
Animalia	BIRD	Aythya australis	_
Animalia	BIRD	Barnardius zonarius	_
Animalia	BIRD	Biziura lobata	_
Animalia	BIRD	Cacatua pastinator	_
Animalia	BIRD	Cacatua pastinator Cacatua roseicapilla	
Animalia	BIRD	Cacatua roseicapina Cacatua sanguinea	_
Animalia	BIRD	Cacatua sarigumea Cacatua tenuirostris	_
Animalia	BIRD	Cacatua tendirostris Cacomantis flabelliformis	-
		Cacomantis pallidus	-
Animalia	BIRD BIRD	Cacomanus panious Calidris acuminata	- Migratory
Animalia			Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Calidris alba	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Calidris ferruginea	-
Animalia	BIRD	Calidris melanotos	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Calidris ruficollis	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Calidris subminuta	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Calidris tenuirostris	-
Animalia	BIRD	Calyptorhynchus banksii	-
Animalia	BIRD	Calyptorhynchus banksii naso	-
Animalia	BIRD	Calyptorhynchus sp. 'white-tailed black cockatoo'	-
Animalia	BIRD	Charadrius leschenaultii	-
Animalia	BIRD	Charadrius melanops	-
Animalia	BIRD	Charadrius ruficapillus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Chenonetta jubata	-
Animalia	BIRD	Chlidonias leucopterus	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Chroicocephalus novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Chrysococcyx basalis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Circus approximans	-
Animalia	BIRD	Circus assimilis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Cladorhynchus leucocephalus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Colluricincla harmonica	-
Animalia	BIRD	Columba livia	_
Animalia	BIRD	Coracina novaehollandiae	_
Animalia	BIRD	Corvus coronoides	_
Animalia	BIRD	Cracticus tibicen	_
Animalia	BIRD	Cracticus torquatus	_
Animalia	BIRD	Cygnus atratus	_
Animalia	BIRD	Dacelo novaequineae	_
Animalia	BIRD	Daphoenositta chrysoptera	
Animalia	BIRD	Dicaeum hirundinaceum	-
			-
Animalia	BIRD BIRD	Diomedea chrysostoma Dromaius novaehollandiae	-
Animalia			-
Animalia	BIRD	Egretta garzetta	-
Animalia	BIRD	Egretta novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Elanus axillaris	-
Animalia	BIRD	Elanus caeruleus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Elanus caeruleus subsp. axillaris	-
Animalia	BIRD	Elseyornis melanops	-
Animalia	BIRD	Eolophus roseicapilla	_



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	BIRD	Eopsaltria griseogularis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Epthianura albifrons	-
Animalia	BIRD	Erythrogonys cinctus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Falco berigora	-
Animalia	BIRD	Falco cenchroides	-
Animalia	BIRD	Falco longipennis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Fulica atra	-
Animalia	BIRD	Fulica atra subsp. australis	_
Animalia	BIRD	Gallinula tenebrosa	_
Animalia	BIRD	Gallinula tenebrosa subsp. tenebrosa	_
Animalia	BIRD	Gallinula ventralis	
Animalia	BIRD	Gallirallus philippensis	_
Animalia	BIRD	Gerygone fusca	_
Animalia	BIRD	Grallina cyanoleuca	_
Animalia	BIRD	Haematopus longirostris	
Animalia Animalia	BIRD	Haliaeetus leucogaster	
Animalia Animalia	BIRD		
		Haliastur sphenurus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Halobaena caerulea	-
Animalia	BIRD	Hieraaetus morphnoides	-
Animalia	BIRD	Himantopus himantopus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Hirundo neoxena	-
Animalia	BIRD	Hirundo nigricans	-
Animalia	BIRD	Hydroprogne caspia	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Larus crassirostris	-
Animalia	BIRD	Larus novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Larus novaehollandiae subsp. novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Larus pacificus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Lichenostomus virescens	-
Animalia	BIRD	Lichmera indistincta	-
Animalia	BIRD	Lichmera indistincta subsp. indistincta	-
Animalia	BIRD	Limosa lapponica	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Limosa limosa	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Lophoictinia isura	-
Animalia	BIRD	Macronectes giganteus	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Macronectes halli	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Malacorhynchus membranaceus	
Animalia	BIRD	Malurus splendens	-
Animalia	BIRD	Malurus splendens subsp. splendens	-
Animalia	BIRD	Megalurus gramineus	_
Animalia	BIRD	Merops ornatus	_
Animalia	BIRD	Microcarbo melanoleucos	
Animalia	BIRD	Morus serrator	_
Animalia	BIRD	Neophema elegans	
Animalia	BIRD	Ninox novaeseelandiae	
Animalia	BIRD	Numenius madagascariensis	
		-	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Numenius phaeopus	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Nycticorax caledonicus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Ocyphaps lophotes	· · · ·
Animalia	BIRD	Oxyura australis	Priority 4
Animalia	BIRD	Pachycephala pectoralis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pachycephala rufiventris	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pachyptila belcheri	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pachyptila desolata	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pachyptila salvini	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	BIRD	Pandion haliaetus	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Pardalotus punctatus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pardalotus striatus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pelecanus conspicillatus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Petrochelidon nigricans	-
Animalia	BIRD	Petroica boodang	-
Animalia	BIRD	Phalacrocorax carbo	-
Animalia	BIRD	Phalacrocorax melanoleucos	_
Animalia	BIRD	Phalacrocorax sulcirostris	_
Animalia	BIRD	Phalacrocorax varius	_
Animalia	BIRD	Phalacrocorax varius subsp. hypoleucos	-
Animalia	BIRD	Phaps chalcoptera	_
Animalia	BIRD	Phylidonyris nigra	_
Animalia	BIRD	Phylidonyris novaehollandiae	_
Animalia	BIRD	Platalea flavipes	_
Animalia	BIRD	Platycercus icterotis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Platycercus spurius	-
		· · ·	-
Animalia	BIRD	Platycercus zonarius	-
Animalia	BIRD	Platycercus zonarius subsp. semitorquatus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Plegadis falcinellus	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Pluvialis squatarola	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Podiceps cristatus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Poliocephalus poliocephalus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Polytelis anthopeplus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Porphyrio porphyrio	-
Animalia	BIRD	Porphyrio porphyrio subsp. bellus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Porzana fluminea	-
Animalia	BIRD	Porzana tabuensis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pterodroma brevirostris	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pterodroma macroptera	-
Animalia	BIRD	Ptilotula ornatus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Puffinus assimilis subsp. assimilis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Purpureicephalus spurius	-
Animalia	BIRD	Pycnonotus jocosus subsp. jocosus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Recurvirostra novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Rhipidura albiscapa	-
Animalia	BIRD	Rhipidura fuliginosa	-
Animalia	BIRD	Rhipidura leucophrys	-
Animalia	BIRD	Rhipidura leucophrys subsp. leucophrys	-
Animalia	BIRD	Sericornis frontalis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Sericornis frontalis subsp. maculatus	_
Animalia	BIRD	Smicrornis brevirostris	_
Animalia	BIRD	Sterna anaethetus subsp. anaethetus	_
Animalia	BIRD	Sterna bergii	_
Animalia	BIRD	Sterna caspia	_
Animalia	BIRD	Sterna dougallii	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Sterna hybrida	iviigiatory
		-	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Sterna paradisaea	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Sternula albifrons	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Sternula nereis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Stipiturus malachurus subsp. westernensis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Strepera versicolor	-
Animalia	BIRD	Streptopelia senegalensis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Sula serrator	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	BIRD	Tachybaptus novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	BIRD	Tachybaptus novaehollandiae subsp.	-
Animalia	BIRD	Tadorna tadornoides	_
Animalia	BIRD	Thalasseus bergii	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Thinornis rubricollis	Priority 4
Animalia	BIRD	Threskiornis molucca	Friority 4
Animalia	BIRD	Threskiornis spinicollis	-
Animalia	BIRD	Todiramphus sanctus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Trichoglossus haematodus	-
Animalia	BIRD	Tringa glareola	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Tringa giareoia Tringa hypoleucos	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Tringa nebularia	Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Tringa riebularia Tringa stagnatilis	Migratory Migratory
Animalia	BIRD	Turnix varius	ivilgratory
Animalia	BIRD	Vanellus tricolor	-
			- -
Animalia	BIRD	Zanda latirostris	Endangered
Animalia	BIRD	Zosterops lateralis	-
Animalia	FISH	Acanthaluteres brownii	-
Animalia	FISH	Afurcagobius suppositus	-
Animalia	FISH	Allenichthys glauerti	-
Animalia	FISH	Anoplocapros amygdaloides	-
Animalia	FISH	Aplodactylus westralis	-
Animalia	FISH	Aptychotrema vincentiana	-
Animalia	FISH	Aracana aurita	-
Animalia	FISH	Atherinosoma presbyteroides	-
Animalia	FISH	Batrachomoeus rubricephalus	-
Animalia	FISH	Carcharias taurus	Vulnerable
Animalia	FISH	Carcharodon carcharias	Vulnerable
Animalia	FISH	Chaetodermis penicilligera	-
Animalia	FISH	Cleidopus gloriamaris	-
Animalia	FISH	Dactylophora nigricans	-
Animalia	FISH	Dactylopus dactylopus	-
Animalia	FISH	Dinolestes lewini	-
Animalia	FISH	Diodon nicthemerus	-
Animalia	FISH	Echeneis naucrates	-
Animalia	FISH	Eubalichthys caeruleoguttatus	-
Animalia	FISH	Eubalichthys cyanoura	-
Animalia	FISH	Eubalichthys mosaicus	-
Animalia	FISH	Euleptorhamphus viridis	-
Animalia	FISH	Furgaleus macki	-
Animalia	FISH	Galaxias occidentalis	-
Animalia	FISH	Gnathanacanthus goetzeei	-
Animalia	FISH	Gnathophis longicaudatus	-
Animalia	FISH	Gonorynchus greyi	-
Animalia	FISH	Gymnapistes marmoratus	-
Animalia	FISH	Gymnothorax woodwardi	-
Animalia	FISH	Heterodontus portusjacksoni	-
Animalia	FISH	Hexanchus nakamurai	-
Animalia	FISH	Hippocampus elongatus	-
Animalia	FISH	Histrio histrio	-
Animalia	FISH	Hypnos monopterygium	-
Animalia	FISH	Lagocephalus sceleratus	_
Animalia	FISH	Lotella rhacinus	



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	FISH	Mustelus antarcticus	-
Animalia	FISH	<i>Myliobatis</i> sp.	-
Animalia	FISH	Nannoperca vittata	-
Animalia	FISH	Ophisurus serpens	-
Animalia	FISH	Pegasus sp.	_
Animalia	FISH	Phyllichthys punctatus	-
Animalia	FISH	Phyllopteryx taeniolatus	_
Animalia	FISH	Pomatomus saltatrix	_
Animalia	FISH	Pterygotrigla polyommata	_
Animalia	FISH	Rachycentron canadum	
Animalia	FISH	Rhycherus gloveri	-
	FISH		-
Animalia		Rhynchobatus djiddensis	-
Animalia	FISH	Seriola hippos	-
Animalia	FISH	Sillago sp.	-
Animalia	FISH	Siphonognathus argyrophanes	-
Animalia	FISH	Siphonognathus radiatus	-
Animalia	FISH	Sphyraena obtusata	-
Animalia	FISH	Squatina australis	-
Animalia	FISH	Stigmatopora argus	-
Animalia	FISH	Sutorectus tentaculatus	-
Animalia	FISH	Tetrapturus angustirostris	-
Animalia	FISH	Thysanophrys cirronasus	-
Animalia	FISH	Trygonoptera mucosa	-
Animalia	FISH	Trygonoptera personata	-
Animalia	FISH	Trygonorrhina fasciata	-
Animalia	FISH	Urolophus lobatus	-
Animalia	INVERT	Allotrochosina karri	-
Animalia	INVERT	Aname mainae	-
Animalia	INVERT	Aname tepperi	-
Animalia	INVERT	Cherax destructor	_
Animalia	INVERT	Cherax quinquecarinatus	_
Animalia	INVERT	Dingosa serrata	_
Animalia	INVERT	Eriophora biapicata	_
Animalia	INVERT	Idiommata blackwalli	
Animalia Animalia	INVERT	Idiosoma siqillatum	Priority 3
Animalia Animalia	INVERT	Isometroides vescus	Filolity 3
	INVERT		-
Animalia		Isopeda leishmanni	-
Animalia	INVERT	Jalmenus inous inous	-
Animalia	INVERT	Latrodectus hasseltii	-
Animalia	INVERT	Maratus pavonis	-
Animalia	INVERT	Missulena granulosa	-
Animalia	INVERT	Missulena hoggi	-
Animalia	INVERT	Missulena occatoria	-
Animalia	INVERT	Nicodamus mainae	-
Animalia	INVERT	Raveniella peckorum	-
Animalia	INVERT	Synemon gratiosa	Priority 4
Animalia	INVERT	Tetragnatha demissa	-
Animalia	INVERT	Tetralycosa oraria	-
Animalia	INVERT	Tuoba pallida	-
Animalia	INVERT	Urodacus novaehollandiae	-
Animalia	INVERT	Westralunio carteri	Vulnerable
Animalia	MAMMAL	Austronomus australis	-
			Critically
Animalia	MAMMAL	<i>Bettongia penicillata</i> subsp. <i>ogilbyi</i>	Endangered



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. COD
Animalia	MAMMAL	Canis familiaris	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Canis lupus	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Canis lupus subsp. familiaris	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Chalinolobus gouldii	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Dasyurus geoffroii	Vulnerable
Animalia	MAMMAL	Eubalaena australis	Vulnerable
Animalia	MAMMAL	Felis catus	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Globicephala macrorhynchus	_
Animalia	MAMMAL	Hydromys chrysogaster	Priority 4
Animalia	MAMMAL	Isoodon fusciventer	Priority 4
Animalia	MAMMAL	Isoodon obesulus	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Isoodon obesulus subsp. fusciventer	_
Animalia	MAMMAL	Macropus fuliginosus	_
Animalia	MAMMAL	Macropus fuliginosus melanops	_
Animalia	MAMMAL	Mormopterus planiceps	
Animalia Animalia	MAMMAL	Mus musculus	
Animalia	MAMMAL		-
		Nyctophilus geoffroyi	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Oryctolagus cuniculus	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Ozimops kitcheneri	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Phascogale tapoatafa	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Phascogale tapoatafa subsp. tapoatafa	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Phascogale tapoatafa subsp. wambenger	Conservation Dependent
Animalia	MAMMAL	Rattus rattus	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Stenella coeruleoalba	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Tadarida australis	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Trichosurus vulpecula	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Trichosurus vulpecula hypoleucus	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Trichosurus vulpecula subsp. vulpecula	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Tursiops aduncus	Migratory
Animalia	MAMMAL	Vespadelus regulus	-
Animalia	MAMMAL	Vulpes vulpes	_
Animalia	REPTILE	Acritoscincus trilineatum	_
Animalia	REPTILE	Acritoscincus trilineatus	_
Animalia	REPTILE	Anilios australis	
Animalia Animalia	REPTILE	Aprasia repens	-
			-
Animalia	REPTILE	Brach var a his consideration	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Brachyurophis semifasciatus	F. d d
Animalia	REPTILE	Caretta caretta	Endangered
Animalia	REPTILE	Chelodina colliei	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Chelodina oblonga	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Christinus marmoratus	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Cryptoblepharus buchananii	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Cryptoblepharus plagiocephalus	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Ctenophorus adelaidensis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Ctenotus australis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Ctenotus fallens	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Ctenotus gemmula	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Delma fraseri	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Delma grayii	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Demansia psammophis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Demansia psammophis subsp. reticulata	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Egernia kingii	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Elapognathus coronatus	



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Animalia	REPTILE	Glaphyromorphus isolepis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Hemidactylus frenatus	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Hemiergis quadrilineata	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Hydrophis elegans	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Hydrophis platurus	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Lerista elegans	_
Animalia	REPTILE	Lerista lineata	Priority 3
Animalia	REPTILE	Lerista lineopunctulata	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Lialis burtonis	_
Animalia	REPTILE	Menetia greyii	_
Animalia	REPTILE	Morelia spilota subsp. imbricata	_
Animalia	REPTILE	Morethia lineoocellata	
Animalia	REPTILE	Natator depressus	Vulnerable
Animalia	REPTILE	Neelaps calonotos	Priority 3
		Notechis scutatus	Priority 5
Animalia	REPTILE		-
Animalia	REPTILE	Parasuta gouldii	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Pletholax gracilis gracilis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Pogona minor	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Pogona minor subsp. minor	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Pseudonaja affinis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	<i>Pseudonaja affinis</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Ramphotyphlops australis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Rankinia adelaidensis subsp. adelaidensis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Simoselaps bertholdi	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Strophurus spinigerus	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Strophurus spinigerus spinigerus	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Tiliqua occipitalis	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Tiliqua rugosa	-
Animalia	REPTILE	<i>Tiliqua rugosa</i> subsp. <i>rugosa</i>	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Varanus gouldii	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Varanus rosenbergi	-
Animalia	REPTILE	Varanus tristis subsp. tristis	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Aleurodiscus sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Armillaria luteobubalina	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Auriscalpium barbatum	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Boletus sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Byssomerulius corium	_
Fungi	FUNGUS	Clavulina sp.	_
Fungi	FUNGUS	Clitocybe sp.	_
Fungi	FUNGUS	Fomitopsis lilacinogilva	_
Fungi	FUNGUS	Gymnopilus allantopus	
	FUNGUS	Inocybe acaciae	-
Fungi			-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Inocybe sabulosa	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Inocybe sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Lyophyllum sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Macrolepiota clelandii	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Megalocystidium sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Melanoleuca sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Mycena clarkeana	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Mycena nargan	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	<i>Mycena</i> sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Omphalotus nidiformis	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Phlebia rufa	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Phlebia subceracea	



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Fungi	FUNGUS	Phytophthora cinnamomi	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Pleuroflammula praestans	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Psathyrella sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Resupinatus cinerascens	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Rickenella fibula	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Volvariella media	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Xerula sp.	-
Fungi	FUNGUS	Xylaria hypoxolon	-
Fungi	Lichen	Candelariella sp.	-
Fungi	Lichen	Rimelia reticulata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia applanata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia benthamii	Priority 2
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia cochlearis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia cyclops	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia huegelii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia lasiocarpa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia lasiocarpa var. lasiocarpa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia pulchella	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia pulchella var. glaberrima	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia pulchella var. goadbyi	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia rostellifera	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia saligna	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia sp. Binningup (G. Cockerton et al. WB 37784)	Priority 1
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia stenoptera	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia truncata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia willdenowiana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Acacia saligna subsp. Wheatbelt (B.R. Maslin 8602)	-
Plantae	Dicot	Adriana quadripartita	-
Plantae	Dicot	Agonis flexuosa var. flexuosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Allocasuarina fraseriana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Alyxia buxifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ambrosia psilostachya	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ambrosia tenuifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Amperea simulans	-
Plantae	Dicot	Anthocercis littorea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Aotus gracillima	-
Plantae	Dicot	Apium annuum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Apium prostratum	-
		Apium prostratum subsp. prostratum var.	
Plantae	Dicot	prostratum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Arctotheca calendula	-
Plantae	Dicot	Arctotheca calendula x populifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Arctotis stoechadifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Astartea affinis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Astartea scoparia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Asteridea pulverulenta	-
Plantae	Dicot	Atriplex prostrata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Atriplex suberecta	-
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia attenuata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia grandis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia ilicifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia littoralis	_
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia menziesii	-
	1		1



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia nivea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia sessilis var. cygnorum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Banksia sessilis var. sessilis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Bellardia trixago	-
Plantae	Dicot	Bellardia viscosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Bellardia viscosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Beyeria cinerea subsp. cinerea	Priority 3
Plantae	Dicot	Bossiaea eriocarpa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Brachyloma preissii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Brachyscome iberidifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Brassica tournefortii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Brassica x napus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cakile maritima	-
Plantae	Dicot	Calandrinia brevipedata	_
Plantae	Dicot	Calandrinia corrigioloides	_
Plantae	Dicot	Calandrinia granulifera	_
Plantae	Dicot	Calandrinia liniflora	_
Plantae	Dicot	Calandrinia oraria	Priority 3
Plantae	Dicot	Calandrinia tholiformis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Calothamnus lateralis	_
Plantae	Dicot	Calytrix angulata	_
Plantae	Dicot	Calytrix angulata Calytrix flavescens	
Plantae	Dicot	Cardamine hirsuta	
Plantae	Dicot		Priority 2
		Carpabratus virassans	Priority 2
Plantae	Dicot	Carpobrotus virescens	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cassytha flava	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cassytha racemosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cassytha racemosa forma racemosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Casuarina obesa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Centaurea melitensis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Centaurium tenuiflorum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Centella asiatica	-
Plantae	Dicot	Centranthus ruber subsp. ruber	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cerastium glomeratum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Chenopodium album	-
Plantae	Dicot	Chenopodium glaucum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Chenopodium murale	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cirsium vulgare	-
Plantae	Dicot	Clematis linearifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Comesperma calymega	-
Plantae	Dicot	Comesperma confertum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Comesperma integerrimum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Comesperma virgatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Conium maculatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Conospermum capitatum subsp. glabratum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Conospermum triplinervium	-
Plantae	Dicot	Conostephium preissii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Corymbia calophylla	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cotula coronopifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Craspedia sp. Yalgorup National Park (G.J. Keighery 14449)	-
Plantae	Dicot	Crassula colorata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Crassula colorata var. acuminata	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Dicot	Crassula glomerata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Crassula natans var. minor	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cryptandra mutila	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cuscuta epithymum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cuscuta planiflora	-
Plantae	Dicot	Cymbalaria muralis subsp. muralis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Dampiera linearis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Dampiera trigona	-
Plantae	Dicot	Darwinia neildiana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Daucus glochidiatus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Daviesia incrassata subsp. incrassata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Daviesia physodes	-
Plantae	Dicot	Daviesia triflora	-
Plantae	Dicot	Dillwynia dillwynioides	Priority 3
Plantae	Dicot	Diplolaena dampieri	-
Plantae	Dicot	Diplopeltis huegelii subsp. huegelii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Diplotaxis muralis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Dischisma arenarium	-
Plantae	Dicot	Dischisma capitatum	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera drummondii	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera erythrorhiza	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera geniculata	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera gigantea	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera glanduligera	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera macrantha	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera menziesii	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera neesii	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera nitidula	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera pallida	_
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera painta Drosera sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)	
Plantae	Dicot	Drosera stolonifera	_
Plantae	Dicot	Epilobium billardiereanum	_
Plantae	Dicot	Epilobium billardiereanum subsp. intermedium	_
Plantae	Dicot	Epilobium hirtigerum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Epilobium tetragonum subsp. tetragonum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Eremophila glabra subsp. albicans	-
Plantae	Dicot	Erigeron sumatrensis	
Plantae	Dicot	Erodium botrys	
Plantae	Dicot	Erodium cicutarium	-
	Dicot	Eryngium pinnatifidum subsp. pinnatifidum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Etyngiam pinnatinaum subsp. pinnatinaum Eucalyptus foecunda	-
Plantae			-
Plantae	Dicot	Eucalyptus gomphocephala	-
Plantae	Dicot	Eucalyptus marginata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Eucalyptus marginata subsp. marginata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Eucalyptus petiolaris	-
Plantae	Dicot	Eucalyptus rudis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Euphorbia paralias	-
Plantae	Dicot	Euphorbia terracina	-
Plantae	Dicot	Eutaxia virgata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Exocarpos sparteus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Gastrolobium capitatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Gastrolobium ebracteolatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Gastrolobium nervosum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Gastrolobium nervosum	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. COD
Plantae	Dicot	Gaudium laevigatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Geranium molle	-
Plantae	Dicot	Geranium retrorsum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Geranium solanderi	-
Plantae	Dicot	Gompholobium confertum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Gompholobium tomentosum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Goodenia pulchella	-
Plantae	Dicot	Grevillea crithmifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Grevillea glabrilimba	-
Plantae	Dicot	Grevillea vestita subsp. vestita	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hakea lissocarpha	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hakea prostrata	_
Plantae	Dicot	Hakea varia	_
Plantae	Dicot	Hardenbergia comptoniana	_
Plantae	Dicot	Heliophila pusilla	_
Plantae	Dicot	Hemiandra glabra	
Plantae Plantae	Dicot		-
		Hemiandra pungens Hibbertia cuneiformis	-
Plantae	Dicot		-
Plantae	Dicot	Hibbertia hypericoides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hibbertia hypericoides subsp. hypericoides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hibbertia racemosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hibbertia stellaris	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hibbertia vaginata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Homalosciadium homalocarpum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hovea trisperma	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hovea trisperma var. trisperma	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hydrocotyle diantha	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hydrocotyle hispidula	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hydrocotyle intertexta	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hydrocotyle scutellifera	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hydrocotyle tetragonocarpa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hypocalymma angustifolium	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hypocalymma balbakiae	-
Plantae	Dicot	Hypocalymma robustum	_
Plantae	Dicot	Hypochaeris glabra	_
Plantae	Dicot	Hypochaeris radicata	_
Plantae	Dicot	Isotropis cuneifolia	_
Plantae	Dicot	Isotropis cuneifolia subsp. cuneifolia	
Plantae	Dicot	Ixiolaena viscosa	-
			-
Plantae	Dicot	Jacksonia furcellata	- Direction 4
Plantae	Dicot	Jacksonia sericea	Priority 4
Plantae	Dicot	Kennedia coccinea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Kennedia prostrata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Kunzea ericifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Kunzea glabrescens	-
Plantae	Dicot	Lagenophora huegelii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Lasiopetalum membranaceum	Priority 3
Plantae	Dicot	Lechenaultia expansa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Leontodon rhagadioloides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Leptomeria empetriformis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Leptomeria preissiana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Leptorhynchos scaber	-
Plantae	Dicot	Leucopogon australis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Leucopogon parviflorus	



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Dicot	Levenhookia stipitata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Linaria maroccana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Linum marginale	-
Plantae	Dicot	Liparophyllum capitatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Liparophyllum violifolium	-
Plantae	Dicot	Lobelia anceps	-
Plantae	Dicot	Lobelia anceps	-
Plantae	Dicot	Lobelia tenuior	-
Plantae	Dicot	Logania vaginalis	_
Plantae	Dicot	Lotus subbiflorus	_
Plantae	Dicot	Lotus subbiflorus	_
Plantae	Dicot	Lysiandra calycina	_
Plantae	Dicot	Lysimachia arvensis	_
Plantae	Dicot	Lysimachia arvensis	_
Plantae	Dicot	Macarthuria australis	_
Plantae	Dicot	Malva arborea	
Plantae	Dicot	Malva parviflora	-
		<u> </u>	-
Plantae	Dicot	Malva preissiana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Malva pseudolavatera	-
Plantae	Dicot	Medicago polymorpha	-
Plantae	Dicot	Meionectes brownii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca incana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca incana subsp. incana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca lateritia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca preissiana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca rhaphiophylla	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca systena	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca systena	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca teretifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca thymoides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca viminea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melaleuca viminea subsp. viminea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Melilotus indicus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Mentha x piperita	-
Plantae	Dicot	Millotia myosotidifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Minuartia mediterranea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Misopates orontium	-
Plantae	Dicot	Monopsis debilis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Monopsis debilis var. depressa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Muehlenbeckia adpressa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Myoporum caprarioides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Myoporum insulare	_
Plantae	Dicot	Nerium oleander	_
Plantae	Dicot	Nuytsia floribunda	-
Plantae	Dicot	Oenothera drummondii subsp. drummondii	_
Plantae	Dicot	Oenothera lindheimeri	_
Plantae	Dicot	Olearia axillaris	
Plantae	Dicot	Opercularia hispidula	
	i i		-
Plantae	Dicot	Opercularia vaginata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ornduffia albiflora	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ornithopus compressus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Orobanche minor	-
Plantae	Dicot	Oxalis exilis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Oxalis perennans	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Dicot	Parentucellia latifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Parietaria debilis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Parietaria judaica	-
Plantae	Dicot	Parsonsia diaphanophleba	Priority 4
Plantae	Dicot	Pelargonium capitatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Pelargonium littorale	_
Plantae	Dicot	Pericalymma ellipticum	_
Plantae	Dicot	Pericalymma ellipticum var. floridum	_
Plantae	Dicot	Petrophile axillaris	_
Plantae	Dicot	Petrophile linearis	
		Petrorhagia dubia	-
Plantae	Dicot		-
Plantae	Dicot	Philotheca spicata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Phyla nodiflora var. nodiflora	-
Plantae	Dicot	Phyllangium paradoxum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Physalis peruviana	-
Plantae	Dicot	Picris angustifolia subsp. angustifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Pigea calycina	-
Plantae	Dicot	Pigea debilissima	-
Plantae	Dicot	Pimelea calcicola	Priority 3
Plantae	Dicot	Pimelea lanata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Pimelea rosea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Pimelea rosea subsp. rosea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Pithocarpa cordata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Plantago lanceolata	_
Plantae	Dicot	Podolepis gracilis	_
Plantae	Dicot	Podotheca angustifolia	_
Plantae	Dicot	Podotheca chrysantha	_
Plantae	Dicot	Podotheca gnaphalioides	
Plantae	Dicot	Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum	-
Plantae		Ptilotus drummondii	-
	Dicot		-
Plantae	Dicot	Ptilotus polystachyus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ptilotus sericostachyus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ptilotus sericostachyus subsp. sericostachyus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Quinetia urvillei	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ranunculus pumilio	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ranunculus sessiliflorus var. sessiliflorus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ranunculus trilobus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Raphanus raphanistrum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Retama raetam	-
Plantae	Dicot	Rhagodia baccata subsp. baccata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Rhagodia baccata subsp. dioica	-
Plantae	Dicot	Rhodanthe citrina	-
Plantae	Dicot	Rorippa nasturtium-aquaticum	_
Plantae	Dicot	Rumex crispus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Rumex pulcher	-
Plantae	Dicot	Salicornia quinqueflora	_
Plantae	Dicot	Salicornia quinqueflora subsp. quinqueflora	-
Plantae	Dicot	Samolus junceus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Samolus repens	-
Plantae	Dicot	Samolus repens var. paucifolius	-
Plantae	Dicot	Scaevola anchusifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Scaevola canescens	-
Plantae	Dicot	Scaevola crassifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Scaevola globulifera	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Dicot	Scaevola nitida	-
Plantae	Dicot	Scaevola repens var. repens	-
Plantae	Dicot	Scaevola thesioides subsp. thesioides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Schinus terebinthifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Scholtzia involucrata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Senecio condylus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Senecio pinnatifolius	-
Plantae	Dicot	Senecio pinnatifolius var. maritimus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Senecio ramosissimus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Senecio spanomerus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Silene gallica	-
Plantae	Dicot	Siloxerus filifolius	-
Plantae	Dicot	Siloxerus humifusus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Siloxerus multiflorus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Sixalix atropurpurea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Solanum nigrum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Solanum symonii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Sonchus asper	-
Plantae	Dicot	Sonchus hydrophilus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Sonchus oleraceus	-
Plantae	Dicot	Sphaerolobium calcicola	Priority 3
Plantae	Dicot	Spyridium globulosum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Spyridium globulosum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stackhousia huegelii	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stackhousia monogyna	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stellaria media	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stellaria pallida	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stirlingia latifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium brunonianum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium calcaratum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium despectum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium dichotomum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium divaricatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium longitubum	Priority 4
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium neurophyllum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium piliferum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium recurvum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium repens	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium schoenoides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Stylidium utricularioides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Styphelia conostephioides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Styphelia propingua	-
Plantae	Dicot	Styphelia pallida	-
Plantae	Dicot	Suaeda australis	-
Plantae	Dicot	Symphyotrichum squamatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Synaphea spinulosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Tamarix aphylla	-
Plantae	Dicot	Taxandria linearifolia	-
Plantae	Dicot	Templetonia retusa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Tetragonia decumbens	-
Plantae	Dicot	Thomasia cognata	-
Plantae	Dicot	Threlkeldia diffusa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trachymene coerulea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trachymene coerulea subsp. coerulea	_



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Dicot	Trachymene pilosa	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trifolium arvense	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trifolium campestre	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trifolium dubium	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trifolium glomeratum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trifolium subterraneum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Trymalium ledifolium var. ledifolium	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ursinia anthemoides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Ursinia anthemoides subsp. anthemoides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Vellereophyton dealbatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Verbascum virgatum	-
Plantae	Dicot	Verbesina encelioides	-
Plantae	Dicot	Viminaria juncea	-
Plantae	Dicot	Wahlenbergia preissii	_
Plantae	Dicot	Waitzia nitida	_
Plantae	Dicot	Westringia dampieri	_
Plantae	Dicot	Wilsonia backhousei	_
Plantae	Dicot	Xanthosia huegelii	_
		Histiopteris incisa	-
Plantae	FERN	·	-
Plantae	FERN	Phylloglossum drummondii	-
Plantae	FERN	Selaginella gracillima	-
Plantae	GYMNO	Macrozamia riedlei	-
Plantae	GYMNO	Pinus pinaster	-
Plantae	Monocot	Acanthocarpus preissii	-
Plantae	Monocot	Aira caryophyllea	-
Plantae	Monocot	Aira cupaniana	-
Plantae	Monocot	Ammophila arenaria subsp. arenaria	-
Plantae	Monocot	Ammothryon grandiflorum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Anigozanthos humilis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Anigozanthos manglesii	-
Plantae	Monocot	Anthoxanthum odoratum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Aphelia cyperoides	-
Plantae	Monocot	Arundo donax	-
Plantae	Monocot	Asparagus asparagoides	-
Plantae	Monocot	Asphodelus fistulosus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Austrostipa compressa	-
Plantae	Monocot	Austrostipa compressa	_
Plantae	Monocot	Austrostipa exilis	_
Plantae	Monocot	Austrostipa flavescens	_
Plantae	Monocot	Austrostipa flavescens	_
Plantae	Monocot	Avena barbata	
Plantae	Monocot	Avena fatua	
Plantae	Monocot	Bolboschoenus caldwellii	-
			-
Plantae	Monocot Monocot	Brian maxima	-
Plantae		Briza maxima	-
Plantae	Monocot	Briza minor	-
Plantae	Monocot	Bromus arenarius	-
Plantae	Monocot	Bromus diandrus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Bromus hordeaceus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Burchardia bairdiae	-
Plantae	Monocot	Burchardia congesta	-
Plantae	Monocot	Burchardia multiflora	-
Plantae	Monocot	Caesia micrantha	-
Plantae	Monocot	Caladenia arenicola	-



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Monocot	Caladenia flava	-
Plantae	Monocot	Caladenia incensum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Caladenia latifolia	-
Plantae	Monocot	Caladenia longicauda subsp. calcigena	-
Plantae	Monocot	Caladenia occidentalis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Carex thecata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Carex thecata	_
Plantae	Monocot	Cartonema philydroides	_
Plantae	Monocot	Cenchrus echinatus	_
Plantae	Monocot	Centrolepis alepyroides	_
Plantae	Monocot	Centrolepis aristata	_
Plantae	Monocot	Centrolepis drummondiana	_
Plantae	Monocot	Centrolepis glabra	_
Plantae	Monocot	Chaetospora curvifolia	_
Plantae	Monocot	Chamaescilla corymbosa	
Plantae	Monocot		-
		Chloris gayana	-
Plantae	Monocot	Chorizandra enodis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Conostylis aculeata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Conostylis aculeata subsp. aculeata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Conostylis candicans	-
Plantae	Monocot	Conostylis candicans subsp. calcicola	-
Plantae	Monocot	Conostylis juncea	-
Plantae	Monocot	Conostylis pauciflora	-
Plantae	Monocot	Conostylis pauciflora subsp. pauciflora	Priority 4
Plantae	Monocot	Corynotheca micrantha	-
Plantae	Monocot	Cyathochaeta avenacea	-
Plantae	Monocot	Cycnogeton lineare	-
Plantae	Monocot	Cynodon dactylon	-
Plantae	Monocot	Cynosurus echinatus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Cyperus congestus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Cyperus tenuiflorus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Cyrtostylis huegelii	-
Plantae	Monocot	Dasypogon bromeliifolius	_
Plantae	Monocot	Desmocladus asper	_
Plantae	Monocot	Desmocladus asper	_
Plantae	Monocot	Desmocladus flexuosus	-
Plantae		Desmocladus flexuosus Desmocladus flexuosus	
	Monocot		-
Plantae	Monocot	Deyeuxia quadriseta	-
Plantae	Monocot	Dianella revoluta	-
Plantae	Monocot	Dichelachne crinita	-
Plantae	Monocot	Dichopogon capillipes	-
Plantae	Monocot	Dielsia stenostachya	-
Plantae	Monocot	Disa bracteata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Diuris drummondii	Vulnerable
Plantae	Monocot	Diuris longifolia	-
Plantae	Monocot	Drakaea elastica	Critically Endangered
Plantae	Monocot	Drakaea livida	-
Plantae	Monocot	Ehrharta calycina	-
Plantae	Monocot	Eriochilus dilatatus subsp. dilatatus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Ficinia nodosa	-
Plantae	Monocot	Ficinia nodosa	_
Plantae	Monocot	Gahnia trifida	_
Plantae	Monocot	Gladiolus angustus	



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Monocot	Gladiolus caryophyllaceus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Haemodorum laxum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Haemodorum simplex	-
Plantae	Monocot	Holcus setiger	-
Plantae	Monocot	Hyparrhenia hirta	-
Plantae	Monocot	Hypolaena exsulca	-
Plantae	Monocot	Hypolaena pubescens	-
Plantae	Monocot	Hypolaena pubescens	-
Plantae	Monocot	Isolepis cernua	-
Plantae	Monocot	Isolepis cernua var. cernua	-
Plantae	Monocot	Isolepis cernua var. setiformis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Isolepis marginata	_
Plantae	Monocot	Isolepis oldfieldiana	_
Plantae	Monocot	Isolepis producta	_
Plantae	Monocot	Juncus acutus subsp. acutus	_
Plantae	Monocot	Juncus bufonius	_
Plantae	Monocot	Juncus kraussii	_
Plantae	Monocot	Juncus kraussii subsp. australiensis	_
Plantae	Monocot	Juncus kraussii suusp. austraiierisis Juncus pallidus	
Plantae	Monocot	Lachenalia flava	-
Plantae		Lachenalia reflexa	-
	Monocot		-
Plantae	Monocot	Lachnagrostis filiformis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lagurus ovatus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Laxmannia squarrosa	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma angustatum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma calcicola	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma effusum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma gladiatum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma longitudinale	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma pubisquameum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma scabrum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepidosperma squamatum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Leporella fimbriata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Leptocarpus coangustatus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Leptocarpus decipiens	-
Plantae	Monocot	Leptocarpus roycei	-
Plantae	Monocot	Leptocarpus scariosus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepyrodia glauca	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lepyrodia muirii	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lolium perenne	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lolium rigidum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lolium x hybridum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra caespitosa	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra hermaphrodita	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra maritima	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra micrantha	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra micrantha subsp. micrantha	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra preissii	_
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra sericea	_
Plantae	Monocot	Lomandra suaveolens	_
Plantae	Monocot	Luzula meridionalis	_
Plantae	Monocot	Lyginia barbata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Lyginia barbata Lyginia imberbis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Machaerina articulata	
rialitae	IVIOLIOCOL	iviacija erijia articulata	-



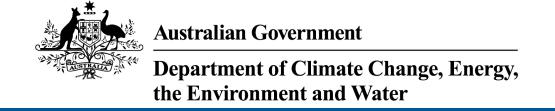
KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Monocot	Machaerina juncea	-
Plantae	Monocot	Machaerina laxa	-
Plantae	Monocot	Machaerina vaginalis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Mesomelaena pseudostygia	-
Plantae	Monocot	Mesomelaena tetragona	-
Plantae	Monocot	Microlaena stipoides	-
Plantae	Monocot	Microtis media subsp. media	-
Plantae	Monocot	Microtis orbicularis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Morelotia octandra	-
Plantae	Monocot	Parapholis incurva	-
Plantae	Monocot	Patersonia occidentalis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Patersonia occidentalis var. angustifolia	-
Plantae	Monocot	Phalaris aquatica	_
Plantae	Monocot	Phlebocarya ciliata	
Plantae	Monocot	Poa annua	
Plantae	Monocot	Poa drummondiana	_
Plantae	Monocot	Poa poiformis	_
Plantae	Monocot	Poa porphyroclados	
Plantae	Monocot	Polypogon monspeliensis	
Plantae	Monocot	Potamogeton ochreatus	<u>-</u>
Plantae	Monocot	Prasophyllum brownii	
	- 		-
Plantae	Monocot	Prasophyllum drummondii	-
Plantae	Monocot	Prasophyllum fimbria	-
Plantae	Monocot	Prasophyllum giganteum	-
Plantae	Monocot	Pterostylis barbata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Pterostylis brevisepala	-
Plantae	Monocot	Pterostylis orbiculata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Pterostylis pyramidalis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Pterostylis sanguinea	-
Plantae	Monocot	Pyrorchis nigricans	-
Plantae	Monocot	Romulea rosea	-
Plantae	Monocot	Rytidosperma occidentale	-
Plantae	Monocot	Rytidosperma occidentale	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus asperocarpus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus brevisetis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus capillifolius	Priority 3
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus efoliatus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus efoliatus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus nitens	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus odontocarpus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Schoenus subfascicularis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Secale cereale	-
Plantae	Monocot	Sowerbaea laxiflora	-
Plantae	Monocot	Spinifex hirsutus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Spinifex longifolius	-
Plantae	Monocot	Sporobolus africanus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Sporobolus virginicus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thelymitra antennifera	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thelymitra benthamiana	
Plantae	Monocot	Thelymitra crinita	_
Plantae	Monocot	Thelymitra flexuosa	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thelymitra fuscolutea	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thelymitra paludosa	
riaillae	IVIOLIOCOL	тнетуппиа рашиоза	



KINGDOM	CLASS	TAXON	WA CONS. CODE
Plantae	Monocot	Thysanotus arbuscula	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thysanotus arenarius	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thysanotus manglesianus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thysanotus multiflorus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thysanotus patersonii	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thysanotus sparteus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Thysanotus tenellus	-
Plantae	Monocot	Trachyandra divaricata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Tribonanthes australis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Tricoryne elatior	-
Plantae	Monocot	Tricoryne tenella	-
Plantae	Monocot	Triglochin mucronata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Triglochin striata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Triglochin trichophora	-
Plantae	Monocot	Typha orientalis	-
Plantae	Monocot	Vulpia bromoides	-
Plantae	Monocot	Vulpia fasciculata	-
Plantae	Monocot	Vulpia myuros	-
Plantae	Monocot	Vulpia myuros forma myuros	-
Plantae	Monocot	Wurmbea monantha	-
Plantae	Monocot	Xanthorrhoea preissii	-
Plantae	Monocot	Zantedeschia aethiopica	-
Plantae	MOSS	Sematophyllum homomallum	-
Plantae	MOSS	Tortula muralis	-
Plantae	MOSS	Zygodon menziesii	-



APPENDIX B - EPBC PROTECTED MATTERS SEARCH REPORT



EPBC Act Protected Matters Report

This report provides general guidance on matters of national environmental significance and other matters protected by the EPBC Act in the area you have selected. Please see the caveat for interpretation of information provided here.

Report created: 07-Dec-2023

Summary

Details

Matters of NES
Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act
Extra Information

Caveat

Acknowledgements

Summary

Matters of National Environment Significance

This part of the report summarises the matters of national environmental significance that may occur in, or may relate to, the area you nominated. Further information is available in the detail part of the report, which can be accessed by scrolling or following the links below. If you are proposing to undertake an activity that may have a significant impact on one or more matters of national environmental significance then you should consider the <u>Administrative Guidelines on Significance</u>.

World Heritage Properties:	None
National Heritage Places:	None
Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar	2
Great Barrier Reef Marine Park:	None
Commonwealth Marine Area:	None
Listed Threatened Ecological Communities:	6
Listed Threatened Species:	58
Listed Migratory Species:	56

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

This part of the report summarises other matters protected under the Act that may relate to the area you nominated. Approval may be required for a proposed activity that significantly affects the environment on Commonwealth land, when the action is outside the Commonwealth land, or the environment anywhere when the action is taken on Commonwealth land. Approval may also be required for the Commonwealth or Commonwealth agencies proposing to take an action that is likely to have a significant impact on the environment anywhere.

The EPBC Act protects the environment on Commonwealth land, the environment from the actions taken on Commonwealth land, and the environment from actions taken by Commonwealth agencies. As heritage values of a place are part of the 'environment', these aspects of the EPBC Act protect the Commonwealth Heritage values of a Commonwealth Heritage place. Information on the new heritage laws can be found at https://www.dcceew.gov.au/parks-heritage/heritage

A <u>permit</u> may be required for activities in or on a Commonwealth area that may affect a member of a listed threatened species or ecological community, a member of a listed migratory species, whales and other cetaceans, or a member of a listed marine species.

Commonwealth Lands:	202
Commonwealth Heritage Places:	None
Listed Marine Species:	88
Whales and Other Cetaceans:	12
Critical Habitats:	None
Commonwealth Reserves Terrestrial:	None
Australian Marine Parks:	None
Habitat Critical to the Survival of Marine Turtles:	None

Extra Information

This part of the report provides information that may also be relevant to the area you have

State and Territory Reserves:	9
Regional Forest Agreements:	None
Nationally Important Wetlands:	1
EPBC Act Referrals:	48
Key Ecological Features (Marine):	None
Biologically Important Areas:	11
Bioregional Assessments:	None
Geological and Bioregional Assessments:	None

Details

Matters of National Environmental Significance

Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar Wetlands)	[Resource Information]
Ramsar Site Name	Proximity
Becher point wetlands	Within Ramsar site
Peel-yalgorup system	Within 10km of
	Ramsar site

Listed Threatened Ecological Communities

[Resource Information]

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are derived from recovery plans, State vegetation maps, remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Status of Vulnerable, Disallowed and Ineligible are not MNES under the EPBC Act.

Community Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Banksia Woodlands of the Swan Coastal Plain ecological community	Endangered	Community likely to occur within area
Empodisma peatlands of southwestern Australia	Endangered	Community may occur within area
Honeymyrtle shrubland on limestone ridges of the Swan Coastal Plain Bioregion	Critically Endangered	Community may occur within area
Sedgelands in Holocene dune swales of the southern Swan Coastal Plain	Endangered	Community known to occur within area
Thrombolite (microbial) community of coastal freshwater lakes of the Swan Coastal Plain (Lake Richmond)	Endangered	Community known to occur within area
Tuart (Eucalyptus gomphocephala) Woodlands and Forests of the Swan Coastal Plain ecological community	Critically Endangered	Community likely to occur within area

Listed Threatened Species

[Resource Information]

Status of Conservation Dependent and Extinct are not MNES under the EPBC Act. Number is the current name ID.

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
BIRD		
Anous tenuirostris melanops Australian Lesser Noddy [26000]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Botaurus poiciloptilus Australasian Bittern [1001]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Calidris canutus Red Knot, Knot [855]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calyptorhynchus banksii naso Forest Red-tailed Black-Cockatoo, Karrak [67034]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Charadrius leschenaultii Greater Sand Plover, Large Sand Plover [877]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Diomedea amsterdamensis Amsterdam Albatross [64405]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Diomedea dabbenena</u> Tristan Albatross [66471]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Diomedea epomophora</u> Southern Royal Albatross [89221]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Diomedea exulans Wandering Albatross [89223]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Diomedea sanfordi Northern Royal Albatross [64456]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Halobaena caerulea Blue Petrel [1059]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Leipoa ocellata Malleefowl [934]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Limosa lapponica menzbieri Northern Siberian Bar-tailed Godwit, Russkoye Bar-tailed Godwit [86432]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Macronectes giganteus Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes halli Northern Giant Petrel [1061]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pachyptila turtur subantarctica Fairy Prion (southern) [64445]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Phoebetria fusca Sooty Albatross [1075]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Pterodroma mollis Soft-plumaged Petrel [1036]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Rostratula australis Australian Painted Snipe [77037]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Sternula nereis nereis Australian Fairy Tern [82950]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Thalassarche carteri Indian Yellow-nosed Albatross [64464]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Thalassarche cauta Shy Albatross [89224]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Thalassarche impavida Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black- browed Albatross [64459]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thalassarche melanophris Black-browed Albatross [66472]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Thalassarche steadi White-capped Albatross [64462]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Zanda baudinii listed as Calyptorhynchus Baudin's Cockatoo, Baudin's Black- Cockatoo, Long-billed Black-cockatoo [87736]	<u>s baudinii</u> Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Zanda latirostris listed as Calyptorhynch Carnaby's Black Cockatoo, Short-billed Black-cockatoo [87737]		Breeding known to occur within area
FISH		
Thunnus maccoyii Southern Bluefin Tuna [69402]	Conservation Dependent	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
MAMMAL		
Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Bettongia penicillata ogilbyi Woylie [66844]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Dasyurus geoffroii Chuditch, Western Quoll [330]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Eubalaena australis Southern Right Whale [40]	Endangered	Breeding known to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Neophoca cinerea Australian Sea-lion, Australian Sea Lion [22]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Pseudocheirus occidentalis Western Ringtail Possum, Ngwayir, Womp, Woder, Ngoor, Ngoolangit [25911]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
OTHER		
Westralunio carteri Carter's Freshwater Mussel, Freshwater Mussel [86266]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
PLANT		
Andersonia gracilis Slender Andersonia [14470]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Banksia mimica Summer Honeypot [82765]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Caladenia huegelii King Spider-orchid, Grand Spider-orchid, Rusty Spider-orchid [7309]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Diuris drummondii Tall Donkey Orchid [4365]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Diuris micrantha Dwarf Bee-orchid [55082]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
<u>Diuris purdiei</u> Purdie's Donkey-orchid [12950]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Drakaea elastica Glossy-leafed Hammer Orchid, Glossy-leaved Hammer Orchid, Warty Hammer Orchid [16753]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Drakaea micrantha Dwarf Hammer-orchid [56755]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Eucalyptus x balanites Cadda Road Mallee, Cadda Mallee [87816]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Synaphea sp. Fairbridge Farm (D.Papen Selena's Synaphea [82881]	fus 696) Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Synaphea sp. Pinjarra Plain (A.S.George [86878]	<u>e 17182)</u> Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Synaphea sp. Serpentine (G.R.Brand 10: [86879]	3) Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
REPTILE		
Caretta caretta Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Dermochelys coriacea Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Natator depressus Flatback Turtle [59257]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
SHARK		
Carcharias taurus (west coast population Grey Nurse Shark (west coast population) [68752]) Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Carcharodon carcharias White Shark, Great White Shark [64470]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Pristis pristis Freshwater Sawfish, Largetooth Sawfish, River Sawfish, Leichhardt's Sawfish, Northern Sawfish [60756]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Rhincodon typus Whale Shark [66680]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sphyrna lewini Scalloped Hammerhead [85267]	Conservation Dependent	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Listed Migratory Species		[Resource Information]
Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Migratory Marine Birds		
Anous stolidus Common Noddy [825]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
		habitat may occur
Common Noddy [825] Apus pacificus		habitat may occur within area Species or species habitat likely to occur

Endangered

Endangered

Vulnerable

Species or species habitat may occur

Species or species habitat may occur

Species or species habitat may occur

within area

within area

within area

Diomedea amsterdamensis

<u>Diomedea dabbenena</u>

Tristan Albatross [66471]

<u>Diomedea epomophora</u>

Southern Royal Albatross [89221]

Amsterdam Albatross [64405]

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Diomedea exulans Wandering Albatross [89223]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
<u>Diomedea sanfordi</u> Northern Royal Albatross [64456]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hydroprogne caspia Caspian Tern [808]		Breeding known to occur within area
Macronectes giganteus Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes halli Northern Giant Petrel [1061]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Onychoprion anaethetus Bridled Tern [82845]		Breeding known to occur within area
Phoebetria fusca Sooty Albatross [1075]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sterna dougallii Roseate Tern [817]		Breeding known to occur within area
Sternula albifrons Little Tern [82849]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thalassarche carteri Indian Yellow-nosed Albatross [64464]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Thalassarche cauta Shy Albatross [89224]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
	Threatened Category	Flesence Text
Thalassarche impavida Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black- browed Albatross [64459]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thalassarche melanophris Black-browed Albatross [66472]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Thalassarche steadi White-capped Albatross [64462]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Migratory Marine Species		
Balaenoptera edeni Bryde's Whale [35]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Balaenoptera musculus Blue Whale [36]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Caperea marginata Pygmy Right Whale [39]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Carcharhinus longimanus Oceanic Whitetip Shark [84108]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Carcharodon carcharias White Shark, Great White Shark [64470]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Caretta caretta Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Chelonia mydas Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area

Threatened Category Scientific Name Presence Text <u>Dermochelys coriacea</u> Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth Endangered Foraging, feeding or [1768] related behaviour known to occur within area Eubalaena australis as Balaena glacialis australis Southern Right Whale [40] Endangered Breeding known to occur within area Lamna nasus Porbeagle, Mackerel Shark [83288] Species or species habitat may occur within area Megaptera novaeangliae Humpback Whale [38] Species or species habitat known to occur within area Mobula alfredi as Manta alfredi Reef Manta Ray, Coastal Manta Ray Species or species habitat likely to occur [90033] within area Mobula birostris as Manta birostris Giant Manta Ray [90034] Species or species habitat likely to occur within area Natator depressus Flatback Turtle [59257] Vulnerable Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area Orcinus orca Killer Whale, Orca [46] Species or species habitat may occur within area **Pristis pristis** Freshwater Sawfish, Largetooth Vulnerable Species or species Sawfish, River Sawfish, Leichhardt's habitat may occur Sawfish, Northern Sawfish [60756] within area Rhincodon typus Whale Shark [66680] Vulnerable Species or species habitat may occur within area Migratory Terrestrial Species Motacilla cinerea Grey Wagtail [642] Species or species habitat may occur within area Migratory Wetlands Species

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Actitis hypoleucos Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris acuminata Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris canutus Red Knot, Knot [855]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris melanotos Pectoral Sandpiper [858]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris ruficollis Red-necked Stint [860]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris subminuta Long-toed Stint [861]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Charadrius dubius Little Ringed Plover [896]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Charadrius leschenaultii Greater Sand Plover, Large Sand Plover [877]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Limosa lapponica Bar-tailed Godwit [844]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Limosa limosa Black-tailed Godwit [845]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pandion haliaetus Osprey [952]		Breeding known to occur within area
Philomachus pugnax Ruff (Reeve) [850]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Tringa glareola Wood Sandpiper [829]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Tringa nebularia Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Tringa stagnatilis Marsh Sandpiper, Little Greenshank [833]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

Commonwealth Lands [Resource Information]

The Commonwealth area listed below may indicate the presence of Commonwealth land in this vicinity. Due to the unreliability of the data source, all proposals should be checked as to whether it impacts on a Commonwealth area, before making a definitive decision. Contact the State or Territory government land department for further information.

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Defence	
Defence - ROCKINGHAM - NAVY CPSO [50135]	WA
Unknown	
Commonwealth Land - [50457]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50454]	WA
Commonwealth Land [E0E00]	١٨/٨
Commonwealth Land - [50529]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50578]	WA
Commonwealth Land [Coore]	
Commonwealth Land - [50619]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50521]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50618]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50528]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50568]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50451]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50565]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50456]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50564]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50452]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50567]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50450]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50566]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50497]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50629]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50634]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50501]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50503]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50537]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50453]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50458]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50581]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50459]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50621]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50620]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50616]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50504]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50623]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50615]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50506]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50622]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50580]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50507]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50624]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50617]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50577]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50627]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50611]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50612]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50613]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50614]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50455]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50610]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50479]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50573]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50478]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50475]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50551]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50476]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50550]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50572]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50556]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50474]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50555]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50446]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50472]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50558]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50447]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50557]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50444]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50477]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50486]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50438]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50471]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50488]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50485]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50487]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50662]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50536]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50434]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50437]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50432]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50433]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50473]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50609]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50603]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50602]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50601]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50522]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50600]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50523]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50605]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50520]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50604]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50653]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50591]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50526]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50652]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50590]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50527]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50524]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50658]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50525]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50431]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50571]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50570]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50443]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50442]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50449]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50654]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50655]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50656]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50657]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50418]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50505]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50419]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50493]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50317]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50481]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50491]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50483]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50480]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50482]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50530]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50531]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50532]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50533]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50569]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50659]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50538]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50539]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50535]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50534]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50466]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50468]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50461]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50462]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50463]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50464]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50639]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50636]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50460]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50589]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50465]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50512]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50513]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50515]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50510]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50514]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50519]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50518]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50638]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50469]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50631]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50633]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50470]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [51436]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50637]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50632]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50635]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50416]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50500]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50415]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50646]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50642]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50643]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50644]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50645]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50499]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50498]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50420]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50640]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50597]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50428]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50595]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50596]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50484]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50661]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50423]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50511]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50421]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50422]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50541]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50542]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50547]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50540]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [51117]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50579]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50552]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50554]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50417]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50543]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50496]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50495]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50492]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50628]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50608]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50467]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50445]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50599]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50545]	WA

Commonwealth Land Name	State
Commonwealth Land - [50544]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50546]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50425]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50490]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50549]	WA
Commonwealth Land - [50548]	WA

Listed Marine Species		[Resource Information]
Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Bird		
Actitis hypoleucos Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Anous stolidus		
Common Noddy [825]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Anous tenuirostris melanops		
Australian Lesser Noddy [26000]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Apus pacificus		
Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area
Ardenna carneipes as Puffinus carneipes		
Flesh-footed Shearwater, Fleshy-footed Shearwater [82404]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Ardenna grisea as Puffinus griseus		
Sooty Shearwater [82651]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Bubulcus ibis as Ardea ibis		
Cattle Egret [66521]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Calidris acuminata Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Calidris canutus Red Knot, Knot [855]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Calidris melanotos Pectoral Sandpiper [858]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Calidris ruficollis Red-necked Stint [860]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Calidris subminuta Long-toed Stint [861]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Charadrius dubius Little Ringed Plover [896]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Charadrius leschenaultii Greater Sand Plover, Large Sand Plover [877]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Charadrius ruficapillus Red-capped Plover [881]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Chroicocephalus novaehollandiae as Lar Silver Gull [82326]	us novaehollandiae	Breeding known to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
<u>Diomedea amsterdamensis</u> Amsterdam Albatross [64405]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Diomedea dabbenena</u> Tristan Albatross [66471]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Diomedea epomophora Southern Royal Albatross [89221]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Diomedea exulans Wandering Albatross [89223]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Diomedea sanfordi Northern Royal Albatross [64456]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Eudyptula minor Little Penguin [1085]		Breeding known to occur within area
Haliaeetus leucogaster White-bellied Sea-Eagle [943]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Halobaena caerulea Blue Petrel [1059]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Himantopus himantopus Pied Stilt, Black-winged Stilt [870]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Hydroprogne caspia as Sterna caspia Caspian Tern [808]		Breeding known to occur within area
Larus pacificus Pacific Gull [811]		Breeding known to occur within area

Cojantifia Nama	Threatened Cotegory	Dragging Toyd
Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Limosa lapponica Bar-tailed Godwit [844]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
<u>Limosa limosa</u>		
Black-tailed Godwit [845]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Macronectes giganteus		
Southern Giant-Petrel, Southern Giant Petrel [1060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Macronectes halli		
Northern Giant Petrel [1061]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Merops ornatus		
Rainbow Bee-eater [670]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area
Motacilla cinorea		
Motacilla cinerea Grey Wagtail [642]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area
Numenius madagascariensis		
Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Onychoprion anaethetus as Sterna anae	thatus	
Bridled Tern [82845]	<u>trictus</u>	Breeding known to occur within area
Onychoprion fuscatus as Sterna fuscata		
Sooty Tern [90682]		Breeding known to occur within area
Pachyptila turtur		
Fairy Prion [1066]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Pandion haliaetus		
Osprey [952]		Breeding known to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Philomachus pugnax Ruff (Reeve) [850]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Phoebetria fusca Sooty Albatross [1075]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Pterodroma mollis Soft-plumaged Petrel [1036]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Puffinus assimilis Little Shearwater [59363]		Breeding known to occur within area
Red-necked Avocet [871]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Rostratula australis as Rostratula bengha Australian Painted Snipe [77037]	<u>alensis (sensu lato)</u> Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Stercorarius antarcticus as Catharacta sk Brown Skua [85039]	<u>kua</u>	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sterna dougallii Roseate Tern [817]		Breeding known to occur within area
Sternula albifrons as Sterna albifrons Little Tern [82849]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Sternula nereis as Sterna nereis Fairy Tern [82949]		Breeding known to occur within area
Thalassarche carteri Indian Yellow-nosed Albatross [64464]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Thalassarche cauta Shy Albatross [89224]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Thalassarche impavida Campbell Albatross, Campbell Black-browed Albatross [64459]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thalassarche melanophris Black-browed Albatross [66472]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour likely to occur within area
Thalassarche steadi White-capped Albatross [64462]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Thinornis cucullatus as Thinornis rubrico Hooded Plover, Hooded Dotterel [87735		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Tringa glareola Wood Sandpiper [829]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Tringa nebularia Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Tringa stagnatilis Marsh Sandpiper, Little Greenshank [833]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area
Fish		
Acentronura australe Southern Pygmy Pipehorse [66185]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Campichthys galei Gale's Pipefish [66191]		Species or species habitat may occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Heraldia nocturna		
Upside-down Pipefish, Eastern Upside- down Pipefish, Eastern Upside-down Pipefish [66227]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus angustus Western Spiny Seahorse, Narrow-bellied Seahorse [66234]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus breviceps Short-head Seahorse, Short-snouted Seahorse [66235]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Hippocampus subelongatus West Australian Seahorse [66722]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Histiogamphelus cristatus		
Rhino Pipefish, Macleay's Crested Pipefish, Ring-back Pipefish [66243]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Ligago mpua gaudalia		
Lissocampus caudalis Australian Smooth Pipefish, Smooth Pipefish [66249]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Liena companya fatila ayyya		
Lissocampus fatiloquus Prophet's Pipefish [66250]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
<u>Lissocampus runa</u>		
Javelin Pipefish [66251]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Maroubra perserrata		
Sawtooth Pipefish [66252]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Mitotichthys meraculus Western Crested Pipefish [66259]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Nannocampus subosseus Bonyhead Pipefish, Bony-headed Pipefish [66264]		Species or species habitat may occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Phycodurus eques		
Leafy Seadragon [66267]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Phyllopteryx taeniolatus Common Seadragon, Weedy Seadragon [66268]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Pugnaso curtirostris Pugnose Pipefish, Pug-nosed Pipefish [66269]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Solegnathus lettiensis Gunther's Pipehorse, Indonesian Pipefish [66273]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Stigmatopora argus Spotted Pipefish, Gulf Pipefish, Peacock Pipefish [66276]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Stigmatopora nigra Widebody Pipefish, Wide-bodied Pipefish, Black Pipefish [66277]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Urocampus carinirostris Hairy Pipefish [66282]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Vanacampus margaritifer Mother-of-pearl Pipefish [66283]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Vanacampus phillipi Port Phillip Pipefish [66284]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Vanacampus poecilolaemus Longsnout Pipefish, Australian Long- snout Pipefish, Long-snouted Pipefish [66285]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Mammal		
Arctocephalus forsteri Long-nosed Fur-seal, New Zealand Fur-		Species or species

seal [20]

habitat may occur within area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text
Neophoca cinerea Australian Sea-lion, Australian Sea Lion [22]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area
Reptile		
Caretta caretta Loggerhead Turtle [1763]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Chelonia mydas		
Green Turtle [1765]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Dermochelys coriacea		
Leatherback Turtle, Leathery Turtle, Luth [1768]	Endangered	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area
Hydrophis kingii as Disteira kingii Spectacled Sea Snake [93511]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Natator depressus Flatback Turtle [59257]	Vulnerable	Foraging, feeding or related behaviour known to occur within area

Whales and Other Cetaceans		[Resource Information]
Current Scientific Name	Status	Type of Presence
Mammal		
Balaenoptera acutorostrata		
Minke Whale [33]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Balaenoptera edeni		
Bryde's Whale [35]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Balaenoptera musculus		
Blue Whale [36]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area

Current Scientific Name	Status	Type of Presence
Caperea marginata Pygmy Right Whale [39]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Delphinus delphis Common Dolphin, Short-beaked Common Dolphin [60]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Eubalaena australis Southern Right Whale [40]	Endangered	Breeding known to occur within area
Grampus griseus Risso's Dolphin, Grampus [64]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Megaptera novaeangliae Humpback Whale [38]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area
Orcinus orca Killer Whale, Orca [46]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Stenella attenuata Spotted Dolphin, Pantropical Spotted Dolphin [51]		Species or species habitat may occur within area
Tursiops aduncus Indian Ocean Bottlenose Dolphin, Spotted Bottlenose Dolphin [68418]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area
Tursiops truncatus s. str. Bottlenose Dolphin [68417]		Species or species habitat may occur within area

Extra Information

State and Territory Reserves			[Resource Information]
Protected Area Name	Reserve Type	State	
Penguin Island	Conservation Park	WA	
Port Kennedy Scientific Park	Nature Reserve	WA	
Shoalwater Bay Islands	Nature Reserve	WA	

Protected Area Name	Reserve Type	State
Shoalwater Islands	Marine Park	WA
Unnamed WA43903	Nature Reserve	WA
Unnamed WA44004	Nature Reserve	WA
Unnamed WA44986	Nature Reserve	WA
Unnamed WA51784	Nature Reserve	WA
Unnamed WA51945	5(1)(h) Reserve	WA

Nationally Important Wetlands	[Resource Information	<u>on]</u>
Wetland Name	State	
Becher Point Wetlands	WA	

EPBC Act Referrals			[Resource Information]
Title of referral	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status
Lot 1401 Fifty Road, Baldivis	2020/8620		Approval
Controlled action			
<u>'Lakelands East' residential</u> <u>development, Mandurah, WA</u>	2013/7048	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Baldivis Residential development on lots 98, 323,529 and 530	2010/5733	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Clearing of 12.8ha of native vegetation on Lots 19 and 20, Sixty Eight Road, Baldivis, WA	2016/7661	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Clearing of 18.80 ha of vegatation ahead of quarrying operations	2010/5650	Controlled Action	Completed
Construction of New Perth Bunbury Highway project	2005/2193	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Extend a section of Mundijong Road	2011/5971	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Natural Gas Pipeline Expansion	2006/2813	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Residential Development Lot 518 Stock Road, Stakehill, WA	2019/8483	Controlled Action	Assessment Approach
Residential development of Lot 105 Stock Road, Lakelands, WA	2017/8041	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Residential development of Lots 635, 739 and 740 on Deposited Plan 202751, Baldivis Road, Baldivis,	2018/8361	Controlled Action	Post-Approval

Title of referral Controlled action	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status
Sand extraction, Lot 810, Yangedi Rd, Hopeland, WA	2015/7429	Controlled Action	Post-Approval
Sand Mining	2010/5522	Controlled Action	Completed
Spatial Property Group Ltd - Residential Development	2021/9006	Controlled Action	Assessment Approach
Not controlled action			
<u>'Looping 10' gas transmission pipeline</u> <u>from Kwinana to Hopelands</u>	2005/2212	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Baldivis District Sporting Complex, Baldivis, WA	2018/8323	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Clear native vegetation to undertake a residential development, Baldivis, Wa	2013/6779	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Construction of Secret Harbour High School	2004/1489	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Continuation of quarrying sand and limestone, Lot 800 Kerosene Lane, Baldivis, WA	2013/6832	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Eradication of the European House Borer, Perth metropolitan area, WA	2009/5027	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Expansion of Lifestyle Village development, Lots 1, 3, 700 and 703 Mandurah Rd, Baldivis, WA	2016/7850	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Gas-fired Power Station	2005/2213	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Improving rabbit biocontrol: releasing another strain of RHDV, sthrn two thirds of Australia	2015/7522	Not Controlled Action	Completed
INDIGO Central Submarine Telecommunications Cable	2017/8127	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Karnup Sand Mining Project, Stakehill Road, Baldivis, WA	2015/7533	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Kennedy Bay urban development, Port Kennedy, WA	2014/7122	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Kennedy Park Estate Residential Development	2003/1044	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Kwinana Gas-Fired Power Station	2005/2101	Not Controlled Action	Completed

Title of referral	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status
Not controlled action			
Lot 101 Mandurah Road, Madora Bay, WA	2012/6466	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Lot 384 Karnup Road, Hopeland Residential Development	2020/8682	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Lots 569 & 1263, Baldivis Road and Lot 21, Sixty Eight Road, Baldivis, WA	2012/6526	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Montessori School Lot 11 and 700 Karnup Rd, Karnup, WA	2017/8034	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Residential development, part of Lot 601, Mandurah Road, West Baldivis, WA	2013/6871	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Residential Development, Serpentine and Baldivis Roads	2020/8700	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Residential development of Lot 9501 Muzzlewood Street, Baldivis, WA	2016/7775	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Residential Subdivision on Baldivis Road, Sabrina Road & Zig Zag Road	2012/6613	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Residential Subdivision on Lots 921 & 922 Baldivis Road and Lot 3 Key Close, Baldivis, WA	2012/6601	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Subdivision development on Fifty Rd & Eighty Rd Baldivis	2011/6195	Not Controlled Action	Completed
<u>Urban development, Lot 805</u> <u>Mandurah Road, Karnup, WA</u>	2015/7481	Not Controlled Action	Completed
Not controlled action (particular manne	<u> </u>		
Construction of Mandurah Entrance Road	2009/4692	Not Controlled Action (Particular Manner)	Post-Approval
INDIGO Marine Cable Route Survey (INDIGO)	2017/7996	Not Controlled Action (Particular Manner)	Post-Approval
Multipurpose development stage 1 within 340ha	2004/1913	Not Controlled Action (Particular Manner)	Post-Approval
South West Metropolitan Railway Project	2003/1175	Not Controlled Action (Particular Manner)	Post-Approval

Title of referral	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status		
Not controlled action (particular manner)					
Referral decision					
Kennedy Bay Urban Development, PortKennedy, Rockingh	2013/7022	Referral Decision	Completed		
<u>Lakelands Station</u>	2020/8718	Referral Decision	Completed		
Lot 877 Stakehill Road, Karnup	2021/8887	Referral Decision	Completed		
Lots 569 & 1263, Baldivis Road and Lot 21, Sixty Eight Road, Baldivis, WA	2012/6491	Referral Decision	Completed		
Mundijong Road Ext Realignment Project Baldivis WA	2011/5864	Referral Decision	Completed		

Biologically Important Areas Scientific Name	Behaviour	Presence
Seabirds	Bonavioai	1 10001100
Ardenna carneipes		
Flesh-footed Shearwater [82404]	Aggregation	Known to occur
Ardenna pacifica Wedge-tailed Shearwater [84292]	Foraging (in	Known to occur
vveuge-taileu Shearwater [04292]	high numbers)	KITOWIT TO OCCUI
Eudyptula minor		
Little Penguin [1085]	Foraging (provisioning young)	Known to occur
Hydroprogne caspia		
Caspian Tern [808]	Foraging (provisioning young)	Known to occur
<u>Larus pacificus</u>		
Pacific Gull [811]	Foraging (in high numbers)	Former Range
Onychoprion anaethetus		
Bridled Tern [82845]	Foraging (in high numbers)	Known to occur
Puffinus assimilis tunneyi		
Little Shearwater [59363]	Foraging (in high numbers)	Known to occur

Scientific Name	Behaviour	Presence
Sterna dougallii		
Roseate Tern [817]	Foraging	Known to occur
Sternula nereis		
Fairy Tern [82949]	Foraging (in	Known to occur
	high numbers)	
Whales		
Balaenoptera musculus brevicauda		
	Distribution	Known to occur
Balaenoptera musculus brevicauda	Distribution	Known to occur
Balaenoptera musculus brevicauda	Distribution	Known to occur
Balaenoptera musculus brevicauda Pygmy Blue Whale [81317]	Migration	Known to occur
Balaenoptera musculus brevicauda Pygmy Blue Whale [81317] Megaptera novaeangliae		

Caveat

1 PURPOSE

This report is designed to assist in identifying the location of matters of national environmental significance (MNES) and other matters protected by the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cth) (EPBC Act) which may be relevant in determining obligations and requirements under the EPBC Act.

The report contains the mapped locations of:

- World and National Heritage properties;
- Wetlands of International and National Importance;
- Commonwealth and State/Territory reserves;
- distribution of listed threatened, migratory and marine species;
- listed threatened ecological communities; and
- other information that may be useful as an indicator of potential habitat value.

2 DISCLAIMER

This report is not intended to be exhaustive and should only be relied upon as a general guide as mapped data is not available for all species or ecological communities listed under the EPBC Act (see below). Persons seeking to use the information contained in this report to inform the referral of a proposed action under the EPBC Act should consider the limitations noted below and whether additional information is required to determine the existence and location of MNES and other protected matters.

Where data are available to inform the mapping of protected species, the presence type (e.g. known, likely or may occur) that can be determined from the data is indicated in general terms. It is the responsibility of any person using or relying on the information in this report to ensure that it is suitable for the circumstances of any proposed use. The Commonwealth cannot accept responsibility for the consequences of any use of the report or any part thereof. To the maximum extent allowed under governing law, the Commonwealth will not be liable for any loss or damage that may be occasioned directly or indirectly through the use of, or reliance

3 DATA SOURCES

Threatened ecological communities

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are generated based on information contained in recovery plans, State vegetation maps and remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Threatened, migratory and marine species

Threatened, migratory and marine species distributions have been discerned through a variety of methods. Where distributions are well known and if time permits, distributions are inferred from either thematic spatial data (i.e. vegetation, soils, geology, elevation, aspect, terrain, etc.) together with point locations and described habitat; or modelled (MAXENT or BIOCLIM habitat modelling) using

Where little information is available for a species or large number of maps are required in a short time-frame, maps are derived either from 0.04 or 0.02 decimal degree cells; by an automated process using polygon capture techniques (static two kilometre grid cells, alpha-hull and convex hull); or captured manually or by using topographic features (national park boundaries, islands, etc.).

In the early stages of the distribution mapping process (1999-early 2000s) distributions were defined by degree blocks, 100K or 250K map sheets to rapidly create distribution maps. More detailed distribution mapping methods are used to update these distributions

4 LIMITATIONS

The following species and ecological communities have not been mapped and do not appear in this report:

- threatened species listed as extinct or considered vagrants;
- some recently listed species and ecological communities;
- some listed migratory and listed marine species, which are not listed as threatened species; and
- migratory species that are very widespread, vagrant, or only occur in Australia in small numbers.

The following groups have been mapped, but may not cover the complete distribution of the species:

- listed migratory and/or listed marine seabirds, which are not listed as threatened, have only been mapped for recorded
- seals which have only been mapped for breeding sites near the Australian continent

The breeding sites may be important for the protection of the Commonwealth Marine environment.

Refer to the metadata for the feature group (using the Resource Information link) for the currency of the information.

Acknowledgements

This database has been compiled from a range of data sources. The department acknowledges the following custodians who have contributed valuable data and advice:

- -Office of Environment and Heritage, New South Wales
- -Department of Environment and Primary Industries, Victoria
- -Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmania
- -Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources, South Australia
- -Department of Land and Resource Management, Northern Territory
- -Department of Environmental and Heritage Protection, Queensland
- -Department of Parks and Wildlife, Western Australia
- -Environment and Planning Directorate, ACT
- -Birdlife Australia
- -Australian Bird and Bat Banding Scheme
- -Australian National Wildlife Collection
- -Natural history museums of Australia
- -Museum Victoria
- -Australian Museum
- -South Australian Museum
- -Queensland Museum
- -Online Zoological Collections of Australian Museums
- -Queensland Herbarium
- -National Herbarium of NSW
- -Royal Botanic Gardens and National Herbarium of Victoria
- -Tasmanian Herbarium
- -State Herbarium of South Australia
- -Northern Territory Herbarium
- -Western Australian Herbarium
- -Australian National Herbarium, Canberra
- -University of New England
- -Ocean Biogeographic Information System
- -Australian Government, Department of Defence
- Forestry Corporation, NSW
- -Geoscience Australia
- -CSIRO
- -Australian Tropical Herbarium, Cairns
- -eBird Australia
- -Australian Government Australian Antarctic Data Centre
- -Museum and Art Gallery of the Northern Territory
- -Australian Government National Environmental Science Program
- -Australian Institute of Marine Science
- -Reef Life Survey Australia
- -American Museum of Natural History
- -Queen Victoria Museum and Art Gallery, Inveresk, Tasmania
- -Tasmanian Museum and Art Gallery, Hobart, Tasmania
- -Other groups and individuals

The Department is extremely grateful to the many organisations and individuals who provided expert advice and information on numerous draft distributions.

Please feel free to provide feedback via the **Contact us** page.

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APPENDIX C – FLORA SPECIES BY VEGETATION UNIT AND RELEVÉ

*denotes introduced (weed) species

	Species		Vegetation Unit		
Family		ArM:	S	TdFc	
		Opportunistic	RT03r	RT06r	
Aizoaceae	*Carpobrotus edulis	+			
Asparagaceae	Acanthocarpus preissii	+			
Asphodelaceae	*Asphodelus fistulosus	+		+	
Asteraceae	*Arctotheca calendula			+	
Asteraceae	Olearia axillaris	+		+	
Asteraceae	*Osteospermum ecklonis	+			
Asteraceae	*Senecio condylus	+		+	
Asteraceae	*Sonchus asper	+			
Boraginaceae	*Echium plantagineum (Declared Pest - s(22))	+		+	
Brassicaceae	Brassica sp.	+			
Caprifoliaceae	*Sixalix atropurpurea	+			
Cyperaceae	*Cyperus congestus			+	
Cyperaceae	Ficinia nodosa			+	
Euphorbiaceae	*Euphorbia terracina	+	+	+	
Fabaceae	Acacia rostellifera		+		
Fabaceae	Jacksonia furcellata	+			
Fabaceae	Kennedia prostrata	+		+	
Fabaceae	<i>Medicago</i> sp.	+			
Geraniaceae	*Pelargonium capitatum	+	+	+	
Haemodoraceae	Conostylis aculeata		+		
Haemodoraceae	Conostylis aculeata subsp. Preissii	+			
Haemodoraceae	Phlebocarya ciliata	+			
Lamiaceae	Hemiandra?pungens	+			
Myrtaceae	*Chamelaucium uncinatum	+			
Myrtaceae	Melaleuca systena	+			
Oleaceae	*Olea europaea	+			



		Vegetation Unit			
Family	Species	ArM:	s	TdFc	
		Opportunistic	RT03r	RT06r	
Onagraceae	*Oenothera drummondii	+			
Poaceae	Austrostipa flavescens	+			
Poaceae	*Avena barbata	+			
Poaceae	*Bromus diandrus	+	+		
Poaceae	*Cynodon dactylon	+		+	
Poaceae	*Ehrharta calycina	+	+	+	
Poaceae	*Eragrostis curvula	+	+		
Poaceae	*Lagurus ovatus	+	+	+	
Poaceae	*Lolium rigidum	+		+	
Polygonaceae	Muehlenbeckia adpressa	+		+	
Primulaceae	*Lysimachia arvensis	+			
Rubiaceae	Opercularia vaginata	+			
Typhaceae	Typha domingensis			+	



APPENDIX D – QUADRAT AND RELEVÉ DATA

Site RT03r

Date 12/10/2023

Botanist Flávia dos Santos Pereira and Megan Gray

Quadrat Size Relevé

NW Corner Coordinates 384232 mE 6416607 mN

Vegetation Unit ArMs – Acacia rostellifera and Melaleuca systena low shrubland over *Eragrostis

curvula, *Bromus diandrus, and *Euphorbia terracina grassland

Slope Flat Landform Plain

Soil Colour Pale yellow

Soil TypeSandLitter4%Bare Ground30%Fire Age>10 YearsVegetation ConditionDegraded

Disturbances/Impacts Snails, rabbits, weeds and historic clearing





Species	Height (m)	% Cover
Acacia rostellifera	1.2	3
*Eragrostis curvula	0.8	5
*Euphorbia terracina	0.5	4
*Bromus diandrus	0.3	4
Conostylis aculeata		+
*Ehrharta calycina		+
*Lagurus ovatus		+
*Pelargonium capitatum		+



Site RT06r

Date 12/10/2023

Botanist Flávia dos Santos Pereira and Megan Gray

Quadrat Size Relevé

NW Corner Coordinates 384059 mE 6416725 mN

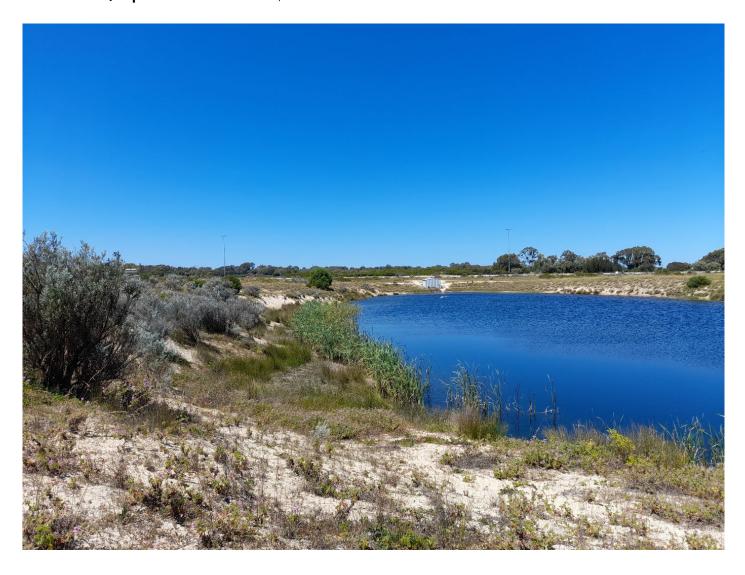
Vegetation Unit TdFc - *Typha domingensis* tall open rushland over *Ficinia nodosa* and *Cyperus

congestus sparse sedgeland

SlopeModerateLandformSwaleSoil ColourPale yellow

Soil TypeSandLitter1%Bare Ground50%Fire Age>10 YearsVegetation ConditionGood

Disturbances/Impacts Weeds, historic disturbance





Species	Height (m)	% Cover
Typha domingensis	1.5	8
Olearia axillaris	1.2	3
Ficinia nodosa	0.8	4
*Cyperus congestus	0.6	2
*Arctotheca calendula		+
*Asphodelus fistulosus		+
*Cynodon dactylon		+
*Ehrharta calycina		+
*Euphorbia terracina		+
Kennedia prostrata		+
*Lagurus ovatus		+
*Lolium rigidum		+
Muehlenbeckia adpressa		+
*Pelargonium capitatum		+
*Senecio condylus		+