

### CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

Purpose Permit number: CPS 2546/7

Permit Holder: Hamersley Iron Pty Ltd

**Duration of Permit:** 6 September 2008 – 30 September 2023.

The Permit Holder is authorised to clear native vegetation subject to the following conditions of this Permit.

# PART I-CLEARING AUTHORISED

# 1. Purpose for which clearing may be done

Clearing for the purpose of power station and fenceline construction and maintenance.

# 2. Land on which clearing is to be done

Miscellaneous Licence 47/221 Lot 264 on Deposited Plan 220363, Maitland

### 3. Area of Clearing

The Permit Holder must not clear more than 50 hectares of native vegetation within the area cross hatched yellow on attached Plan 2546/7.

# 4. Period in which clearing is authorised

The Permit Holder shall not clear any native vegetation after 31 July 2018.

# 5. Application

This Permit allows the Permit Holder to authorise persons, including employees, contractors and agents of the Permit Holder, to clear native vegetation for the purposes of this Permit subject to compliance with the conditions of this Permit and approval from the Permit Holder.

## 6. Type of clearing authorised

This Permit authorises the Permit Holder to clear native vegetation for activities to the extent that the Permit Holder has the right to access land under the Land Administration Act 1997 or any other written law.

# 7. Compliance with Assessment Sequence and Management Procedures

Prior to clearing any native vegetation under conditions 1, 2 and 3 of this Permit, the Permit Holder must comply with the Assessment Sequence and the Management Procedures set out in Part II of this Permit.

## PART II - ASSESSMENT SEQUENCE AND MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

# 8. Avoid, minimise etc clearing

In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must have regard to the following principles, set out in order of preference:

- (a) avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
- (b) minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
- (c) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

### 9. Weed control

When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of weeds:

- (a) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared:
- (b) ensure that no weed-affected soil, mulch, fill or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
- (a) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

### 10. Fencing

The Permit holder shall construct and maintain a fence of a standard to be adequate to exclude cattle access from the Roebourne Plains coastal grasslands Ecological Community. Construction of the fence shall be completed by 31 July 2013.

# 11. Retain vegetative material and topsoil, revegetation and rehabilitation

The Permit Holder shall:

- (a) Retain the vegetative material and topsoil removed by clearing authorised under this Permit and stockpile the vegetative material and topsoil in an area that has already been cleared.
- (b) Within 12 months following completion of activities under this permit, *revegetate* and *rehabilitate* areas not required for future scheduled and approved development, by:
  - Reshaping the surface of the land so that it is consistent with the surrounding 5m of uncleared land; and
  - (ii) laying the vegetative material and topsoil retained under condition 11(a)
- (c) Within 4 years of laying the vegetative material and topsoil on the cleared area in accordance with condition 11(b) of this Permit:
  - engage an environmental specialist to determine the species composition, structure and density of the area revegetated and rehabilitated; and
  - (ii) where, in the opinion of an environmental specialist, the composition structure and density determined under condition 11(c)(i) of this Permit will not result in a similar species composition, structure and density to that of pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, revegetate the area by deliberately planting and/or direct seeding native vegetation that will result in a similar species composition, structure and density of native vegetation to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area and ensuring only local provenance seeds and propagating material are used.
- (d) Where additional planting or direct seeding of native vegetation is undertaken in accordance with condition 11(c)(ii) of this permit, the Permit Holder shall repeat condition 11(c)(i) and 11(c)(ii) within 24 months of undertaking the additional planting or direct seeding of native vegetation.
- (e) Where a determination by an environmental specialist that the composition, structure and density within areas revegetated and rehabilitated will result in a similar species composition, structure and density to that of pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, as determined in condition 11(c)(i) and (ii) of this permit, that determination shall be submitted for the CEO's consideration. If the CEO does not agree with the determination made under condition 11(c)(ii), the CEO may require the Permit Holder to undertake additional planting and direct seeding in accordance with the requirements under condition 11(c)(ii).

### PART III - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

### 12. Records must be kept

The Permit Holder must maintain the following records for activities done pursuant to this Permit:

- (a) In relation to the clearing of native vegetation authorised under this Permit:
  - (i) the species composition, structure and density of the cleared area;
  - (ii) the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings;
  - (iii) the date that the area was cleared; and
  - (iv) the size of the area cleared (in hectares).
- (b) In relation to the revegetation and rehabilitation of areas pursuant to condition 11 of this Permit
  - the location of any areas revegetated and rehabilitated, recorded using a global positioning system (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
  - (ii) a description of the revegetation and rehabilitation activities undertaken; and
  - (iii) the size of the area revegetation and rehabilitation (in hectares).

# 13. Reporting

- (a) The Permit Holder must provide to the CEO on or before 30 June of each year, a written report:
  - (i) of records required under condition 12 of this Permit; and
  - (ii) concerning activities done by the Permit Holder under this Permit between 1 January and 31 December of the preceding year.
- (b) Prior to 30 June 2023, the Permit Holder must provide to the CEO a written report of records required under condition 12 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under condition 13(a) of this Permit.

### DEFINITIONS

The following meanings are given to terms used in this Permit:

direct seeding means a method of re-establishing vegetation through the establishment of a seed bed and the introduction of seeds of the desired plant species;

environmental specialist means a person who is engaged by the Permit Holder for the purpose of providing environmental advice, who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit;

fill means material used to increase the ground level, or fill a hollow;

*local provenance* means native vegetation seeds and propagating material from natural sources within 100 kilometres of the area cleared.

mulch means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation;

planting means the re-establishment of vegetation by creating favourable soil conditions and planting seedlings of the desired species;

regenerate/ed/ionmeans re-establishment of vegetation from in situ seed banks and propagating material (such as lignotubers, bulbs, rhizomes) contained either within the topsoil or seed-bearing mulch;

rehabilitate/ed/ion means actively managing an area containing native vegetation in order to improve the ecological function of that area;

revegetate/ed/ion means the re-establishment of a cover of local provenance native vegetation in an area using methods such as regeneration, direct seeding and/or planting, so that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area.

weed/s means any plant -

- (a) that is a declared pest under section 22 of the *Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act* 2007; or
- (b) published in the Department of Environment and Conservation Regional Weed Assessments, regardless of ranking; or
- (c) not indigenous to the area concerned.

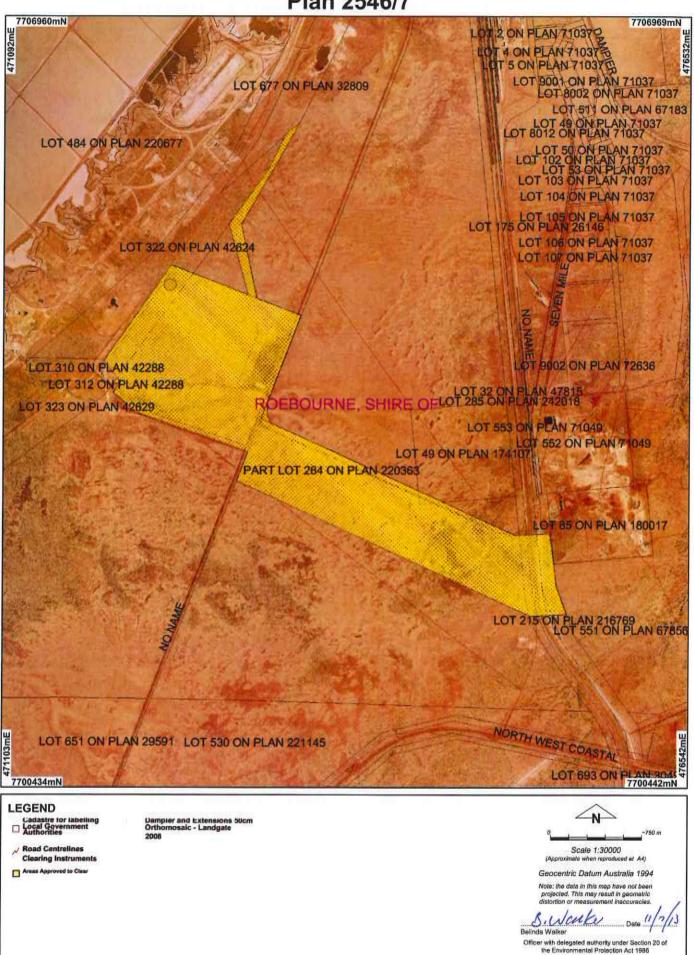
B. Walker

Belinda Walker A/MANAGER NATIVE VEGETATION CONSERVATION BRANCH

Officer delegated under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

11 July 2013

# Plan 2546/7



Information derived from this map should be confirmed with the data custodian acknowleged by the agency acronym in the legend.

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# Clearing Permit Decision Report

Government of Western Australia Department of Environment Regulation

## 1. Application details

Permit application details

Permit application No.:

2546/7

Permit type:

Purpose Permit

Proponent details

Proponent's name:

Hamersley Iron Pty Ltd

1.3. Property details

Property:

LOT 322 ON PLAN 42624 (MAITLAND 6714) LOT 215 ON PLAN 216769 (GAP RIDGE 6714) LOT 32 ON PLAN 47815 (MAITLAND 6714) LOT 285 ON PLAN 242018 (GAP RIDGE 6714) LOT 49 ON PLAN 174107 (GAP RIDGE 6714) LOT 150 ON PLAN 242287 (MAITLAND 6714) UNALLOCATED CROWN LAND (GAP RIDGE 6714)

Local Government Area:

Colloquial name:

Shire of Roebourne

1.4. Application

Clearing Area (ha)

No. Trees

Method of Clearing

For the purpose of:

Mechanical Removal **Building or Structure** 

1.5. Decision on application

**Decision on Permit Application:** 

**Decision Date:** 

50

11 July 2013

Grant

# 2. Site Information

### Existing environment and information

## 2.1.1. Description of the native vegetation under application

### Vegetation Description

One Beard vegetation association is located within the application area; 589: Mosaic: Short bunch grassland savanna, with soft spinifex hummock grasslands (Shepherd et al, 2001).

### Clearing Description

Hamersley Iron Pty Ltd has applied to clear up to 50ha for the purpose of constructing a power station and fenceline. The proposal includes the construction of the power station site, heavy access route, associated infrastructure and the construction and maintenance of a fenceline to exclude cattle from the Priority 1 Roebourne Plains Coastal Grasslands. The site is located approximately 8km south of Dampier and approximately 8km west of Karratha. Clearing will be by dozer, blade down, and the topsoil and vegetation will be used in the rehabilitation process (Hamersley Iron, 2008). The following four vegetation types were identified within the application area in two flora surveys by Biota Environmental Sciences, (2008): 1) Eragrostis xerophila tussock grassland on clay plains. 2) Acacia bivenosa, A. ancistrocarpa, A. inaequilatera tall shrubland over Triodia wiseana hummock grassland on stony clay plains. 3) Acacia bivenosa, A. inaequilatera open shrubland over Chrysopogon fallax very open tussock grassland and Triodia wiseana grassland on stony clay plains. 4) Acacia inaequilatera scattered tall shrubs over Triodia wiseana hummock grassland on stony clay plains.

### Vegetation Condition

Good: Structure by significantly altered multiple disturbance; retains basic structure/ability to (Keighery, regenerate 1994).

#### Comment

The vegetation condition was derived from two flora conducted surveys Biota bv Environmental Sciences in March and April 2008.

To

Excellent: Vegetation structure intact: disturbance affecting individual species, non-aggressive

(Keighery, 1994).

# 3. Assessment of application against clearing principles

### Comments

This amendment has been made to amend condition 4 of the permit by extending the clearing for another 5

The assessment against the clearing principles has not changed and can be found in Decision Report CPS 2546/4.

## Planning instrument, Native Title, Previous EPA decision or other matter.

#### Comments

The assessment against Planning and Other Matters has not changed and can be found in Decision Report CPS 2546/4.

# 4. References

Biota Environmental Sciences (2008) 7-Mile Power Station and Ancillary Works: Native Vegetation Clearing Permit Report.
Pilbara Iron Company, Western Australia.

Hamersley Iron (2008) EP Act - Hamersley Iron Pty Ltd - Clearing Permit. Supporting Documentation. Rio Tinto Group, Western Australia.

Keighery, B.J. (1994) Bushland Plant Survey: A Guide to Plant Community Survey for the Community. Wildflower Society of WA (Inc). Nedlands, Western Australia.

Shepherd, D.P., Beeston, G.R., and Hopkins, A.J.M. (2001), Native Vegetation in Western Australia. Technical Report 249.

Department of Agriculture Western Australia, South Perth.

# 5. Glossary

Term Meaning

BCS Biodiversity Coordination Section of DEC

CALM Department of Conservation and Land Management (now BCS)

DAFWA Department of Agriculture and Food

DEC Department of Environment and Conservation
DEP Department of Environmental Protection (now DEC)

DoE Department of Environment

DoIR Department of Industry and Resources

DRF Declared Rare Flora

EPP Environmental Protection Policy
GIS Geographical Information System
ha Hectare (10,000 square metres)
TEC Threatened Ecological Community

WRC Water and Rivers Commission (now DEC)