



GOVERNMENT OF
WESTERN AUSTRALIA

CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

PERMIT DETAILS

Area Permit Number: 2632 / 1

File Number: DEC8568

Duration of Permit: From 2 November 2008 to 2 November 2013

PERMIT HOLDER

James Leslie Frith

Mary Rocksborough Frith

LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

LOT 8479 ON PLAN 253886 (HESTER BROOK 6255)

AUTHORISED ACTIVITY

Clearing of up to 0.5 hectares of native vegetation within the area cross-hatched yellow on attached Plan 2632/1.

CONDITIONS

1 Dieback and weed control

- (a) When undertaking any clearing, or other activity pursuant to this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *dieback*:
- (i) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
 - (ii) avoid the movement of soil in wet conditions;
 - (iii) ensure that no *dieback*-affected material is brought into an area that is not affected by *dieback*; and
 - (iv) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.
- (b) When undertaking any clearing, or other activity pursuant to this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *weeds*:
- (i) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
 - (ii) ensure that no *weed*-affected material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
 - (iii) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

2 Revegetation

- (a) The Permit Holder shall retain the vegetative material and topsoil removed by clearing in accordance with this Permit.
- (b) Within six month of the area no longer being required for the purpose of gravel extraction the permit holder must *revegetate* the area by:
- (i) deliberately planting and/or seeding native vegetation that will result in a similar species composition, structure and density of native vegetation to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area;
 - (ii) ensuring only local provenance seeds and propagating material from within 20km of the area cleared are used to revegetate the area; and
 - (iii) lay vegetative material and topsoil retained in accordance with condition 2(a) on the area.

- (c) Within one year of undertaking *revegetation* in accordance with condition 2(b), the Permit Holder must:
- (i) determine the species composition, structure and density of the area revegetated; and
 - (ii) where, in the opinion of an environmental specialist, the composition structure and density determined under condition 2(c)(i) will not result in a similar species composition, structure and density to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area the Permit Holder must undertake additional planting or seeding of native vegetation in accordance with the requirements of condition 2(b)(i) and (ii).
- 3 Records must be kept
- The Permit Holder must maintain the following records for activities done pursuant to this Permit, as relevant in relation to the *revegetation* of areas pursuant to condition 2:
- (a) the commencement date of *revegetation*;
 - (b) the location of any area *revegetated* recorded using Geocentric Datum Australia 1994;
 - (c) a description of the *revegetation* activities undertaken;
 - (d) the size of the area *revegetated* (in hectares); and
 - (e) the species, structure and composition of *revegetation* measured.
- 4 Reporting
- (a) The Permit Holder must provide to the CEO, on or before 30 June of each year, a written report of records required under condition 3 and activities done by the Permit Holder under this Permit between 1 January and 31 December of the preceding year.
 - (b) Prior to 2 August 2013, the Permit Holder must provide to the CEO a written report of records required under condition 3 where these records have not already been provided under condition 4(a).

DEFINITIONS

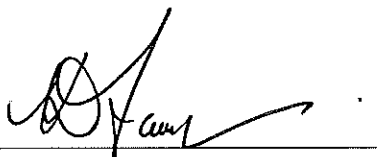
The following meanings are given to terms used in this Permit:

environmental specialist means a person who is engaged by the Permit Holder for the purpose of providing environmental advice, who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit;

dieback means the effect of *Phytophthora* species on *native vegetation*;

revegetate/ed/ion means the re-establishment of a cover of native vegetation in an area such that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, and can involve *regeneration, direct seeding* and/or *planting*;

weed means a species listed in Appendix 3 of the "Environmental Weed Strategy" published by the Department of Conservation and Land Management (1999), and plants declared under section 37 of the Agricultural and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.



Kelly Faulkner
A/Manager
NATIVE VEGETATION CONSERVATION BRANCH

*Officer delegated under Section 20
of the Environmental Protection Act 1986*

2 October 2008