



CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

Purpose Permit number:	3143/5
Duration of Permit:	From 29 August 2009 to 31 January 2030
Permit Holder:	St Ives Gold Mining Company Pty Ltd

The Permit Holder is authorised to clear native vegetation subject to the following conditions of this Permit.

PART I - CLEARING AUTHORISED

1. Land on which clearing is to be done

Mining Lease 15/475
Mining Lease 15/476
Mining Lease 15/1560
Mining Lease 15/1561
Mining Lease 15/1595
Mining Lease 15/1596
Mining Lease 15/1638
Mining Lease 15/1639
Mining Lease 15/1652
Mining Lease 15/1710
Miscellaneous Licence 15/145

2. Clearing authorised (purpose)

The Permit Holder is authorised to clear native vegetation for the purpose of mineral production and associated activities.

3. Area of clearing

The Permit Holder must not clear more than 220 hectares of native vegetation within the area cross-hatched yellow in Figure 1 of Schedule 1.

4. Type of clearing authorised

The Permit Holder shall not clear native vegetation unless the purpose for which the clearing is authorised is enacted within three months of the authorised clearing being undertaken.

5. Directional clearing

The Permit Holder must:

- conduct all clearing authorised under this permit in one direction towards adjacent vegetation; and
- allow a reasonable time for fauna present within the area being cleared to move into that adjacent native vegetation ahead of the clearing activity.

PART II - MANAGEMENT CONDITIONS

6. Avoid, minimise and reduce the impacts and extent of clearing

In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared under this Permit, the Permit Holder must apply the following principles, set out in descending order of preference:

- (a) avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
- (b) minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
- (c) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

7. Weed control

- (a) When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of weeds:
 - (i) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
 - (ii) ensure that no known *weed*-affected soil, *mulch*, *fill* or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
 - (iii) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.
- (b) At least once in each 12 month period for the term of this Permit, the Permit Holder must remove or kill any weeds growing within areas cleared under this Permit.

8. Flora management

- (a) Prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder shall engage a *botanist* to conduct a *targeted flora survey* of the Permit Area for the presence of threatened flora listed in the *Biodiversity Conservation (Listing of Native Species) (Flora) Order* and *priority flora* in accordance with *EPA Technical Guidance*.
- (b) Where threatened flora or *priority flora* are identified in relation to Condition 8(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that:
 - (i) prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder shall provide the results of the *targeted flora survey* in a report to the *CEO*;
 - (ii) no clearing occurs within 50 metres of identified threatened flora, unless approved by the *CEO*; and
 - (iii) no clearing occurs within 10 metres of identified *priority flora*, unless first approved by the *CEO*.

9. Fauna management (malleefowl – non-breeding season)

Where clearing authorised under this Permit is to occur between 1 February and 31 August, the Permit Holder shall:

- (a) Within three months prior to undertaking any clearing, engage an *environmental specialist* to conduct an inspection of the area to be cleared to identify *Leipoa ocellata* (malleefowl) mounds.
- (b) Where *Leipoa ocellata* (malleefowl) mounds are identified in relation to Condition 9(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that no clearing occurs within 50 metres of identified *Leipoa ocellata* (malleefowl) mounds, unless approved by the *CEO*.

10. Fauna management (malleefowl – breeding season)

Where clearing authorised under this Permit is to occur between 1 September and 31 January, the Permit Holder shall:

- (a) Within two weeks prior to undertaking any clearing, engage an *environmental specialist* to conduct an inspection of the area to be cleared to identify *active (in use) malleefowl (Leipoa ocellata) mounds*.
- (b) Where an *active (in use) malleefowl mound* is identified under Condition 9(c) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that no clearing occurs within 200 metres of the mound, during the months of September through to January, unless first approved by the *CEO*.
- (c) Where inactive *Leipoa ocellata* (malleefowl) mounds are identified in relation to Condition 9(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that no clearing occurs within 50 metres of identified *Leipoa ocellata* (malleefowl) mounds, unless approved by the *CEO*.

11. Fauna management (arid bronze azure butterfly)

- (a) Prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder shall engage a *fauna specialist* to identify potential *critical habitat* utilised by arid bronze azure butterfly (*Ogyris petrina*).

- (b) Where potential *critical habitat* has been identified under Condition 10(a), the Permit Holder shall engage a *fauna specialist* to conduct a *fauna survey* within the areas to be cleared, to identify the fauna species listed below:
- (i) sugar ant (*Camponotus* sp. nr. *terebrans*) colonies; and
 - (ii) arid bronze azure butterfly (*Ogyris petrina*).
- (c) Prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit holder shall provide the results of the *fauna survey* in a report to the *CEO*.
- (d) The *fauna survey* report must include the following:
- (i) The location of potential *critical habitat* for arid bronze azure butterfly (*Ogyris petrina*), recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
 - (ii) The location of sugar ant (*Camponotus* sp. nr. *terebrans*) colonies, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
 - (iii) The location of arid bronze azure butterfly, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
 - (iv) the extent of the potential *critical habitat* of the identified fauna shown on a map;
 - (v) a description of the potential *critical habitat*;
 - (vi) the methodology, used to survey the within the area cross-hatched yellow in Figure 1 of Schedule 1 for sugar ant colonies; and
 - (vii) the methodology, used to survey the within the area cross-hatched yellow in Figure 1 of Schedule 1 for arid bronze azure butterfly.
- (e) Where sugar ant (*Camponotus* sp. nr. *terebrans*) colonies are identified under this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that:
- (i) No clearing occurs within 100 metres of sugar ant (*Camponotus* sp. nr. *terebrans*) colonies, unless first approved by the *CEO*.

PART III - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

12. Records to be kept

The Permit Holder must maintain records relating to the listed relevant matters in accordance with the specifications detailed in Table 1.

Table 1: Records that must be kept

No.	Relevant matter	Specifications
1.	In relation to the authorised clearing activities generally	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees; (b) the date that the area was cleared; (c) the size of the area cleared (in hectares); (d) actions taken in accordance with Condition 4; (e) actions taken in accordance with Condition 5; (f) actions taken to avoid, minimise, and reduce the impacts and extent of clearing in accordance with Condition 6; and (g) actions taken to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of <i>weeds</i> in accordance with Condition 7.

No.	Relevant matter	Specifications
2.	In relation to flora management pursuant to Condition 8	(a) the name and location of each threatened flora and/or priority flora species, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees; (b) actions taken to demarcate each threatened flora and/or priority flora species recorded and their relevant buffers; and (c) actions taken to avoid the clearing of <i>threatened flora</i> and/or <i>priority flora</i> species.
3.	In relation to fauna management pursuant to Condition 9	(a) the location of each <i>Leipoa ocellata</i> (Malleefowl) mound recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees. (b) actions taken in accordance with Condition 9.
4.	In relation to fauna management pursuant to Condition 10	(a) the location of each <i>Leipoa ocellata</i> (Malleefowl) mound recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees. (b) actions taken in accordance with Condition 10.
5.	In relation to fauna management pursuant to Condition 11	(a) fauna survey report; and (b) actions taken in accordance with Condition 11.

13. Reporting

- (a) The Permit Holder shall provide a report to the *CEO* by 31 January each year for the life of this Permit, demonstrating adherence to all conditions of this Permit, and setting out the records required under Condition 12 of this Permit in relation to clearing carried out between 1 January and 31 December of the previous calendar year.
- (b) If no clearing authorised under this Permit was undertaken between 1 January and 31 December of the previous calendar year, a written report confirming that no clearing under this permit has been carried out, must be provided to the *CEO* by 31 January of each year.
- (c) Prior to 31 January 2030, the Permit Holder must provide to the *CEO* a written report of records required under Condition 12 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under Condition 13(a) or 13(b) of this Permit.

DEFINITIONS

In this Permit, the terms in Table 2 have the meanings defined.

Table 2: Definitions

Term	Definition
active (in use) Malleefowl mound	means a mound with evidence of current malleefowl (<i>Leipoa ocellata</i>) activity, such as: working of the mound; scratching; litter trails leading to the mound; or loose uncompacted surfaces. The form and structure of the mound will show that it is currently being prepared for egg laying or it already contains eggs.
Biodiversity Conservation (Listing of Native Species) (Flora) Order	means those plant taxa gazetted as a threatened flora pursuant to section 19(1) of the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> (as amended).
botanist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent and has a minimum of 2 years work experience in identification and surveys of flora native to the bioregion being inspected or surveyed, or who is approved by the <i>CEO</i> as a suitable botanist for the bioregion.
CEO	the Chief Executive Officer of the Department responsible for administering the clearing provisions contained within the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> or an Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> .
clearing	has the meaning given under section 3(1) of the EP Act.
condition/s	a condition to which this clearing permit is subject under section 51H of the EP Act.
critical habitat	means any part of the Permit Area comprising of the habitat of flora or fauna species and its population, that is critical for the health and long term survival of the flora or fauna species and its population.
department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.
critical habitat	means any part of the Permit Area comprising of the habitat of flora or fauna species and its population, that is critical for the health and long term survival of the flora or fauna species and its population.
environmental specialist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit, or who is approved by the <i>CEO</i> as a suitable environmental specialist.
EP Act	<i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> (WA)
EPA Technical Guidance	means Environmental Protection Authority (2016), Technical Guidance - Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment, EPA, Western Australia.
fauna specialist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification specialising in environmental science or equivalent, and has a minimum of 2 years work experience in fauna identification and surveys of fauna native to the region being inspected or surveyed, or who is approved by the <i>CEO</i> as a suitable fauna specialist for the bioregion, and who holds a valid fauna licence issued under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.
fauna survey	means a field-based investigation, including a review of established literature, of the biodiversity of fauna and/or fauna habitat of the Permit Area. Where conservation significant fauna are identified in the Permit Area, the survey should also include sufficient surrounding areas to place the Permit Area into local context.

Term	Definition
	The survey must be conducted during the season and conditions most suitable for detection and identification of fauna species.
fill	means material used to increase the ground level, or to fill a depression.
mulch	means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation.
native vegetation	has the meaning given under section 3(1) and section 51A of the EP Act.
priority flora	means those plant taxa described as priority flora classes 1, 2, 3, or 4 in the Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions' Threatened and Priority Flora List for Western Australia (as amended).
riparian vegetation	has the meaning given to it in Regulation 3 of the Environmental Protection (Clearing of Native Vegetation) Regulation 2004.
targeted flora survey	means a field-based investigation, including a review of established literature, of the biodiversity of flora and vegetation of the Permit Area, focusing on habitat suitable for flora species that are being targeted and carried out during the optimal time to identify those species. Where target flora are identified in the Permit Area, the survey should also include sufficient surrounding areas to place the Permit Area into local context.
threatened flora	means those plant taxa listed as threatened flora under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.
weed/s	means any plant – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) that is a declared pest under section 22 of the <i>Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007</i>; or (b) published in a Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions species-led ecological impact and invasiveness ranking summary, regardless of ranking; or (c) not indigenous to the area concerned.
wetland/s	means an area of seasonally, intermittently or permanently waterlogged or inundated land, whether natural or otherwise, and includes a lake, swamp, marsh, spring, dampland, tidal flat or estuary.

END OF CONDITIONS

Danielle Risbey

Danielle Risbey | General Manager Mine Closure and Environmental Services
Resource and Environmental Compliance Division
30 January 2025

Officer with delegated authority under Section 20
of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*

SCHEDULE 1

The boundary of the area authorised to be cleared is shown in the map below (Figure 1).

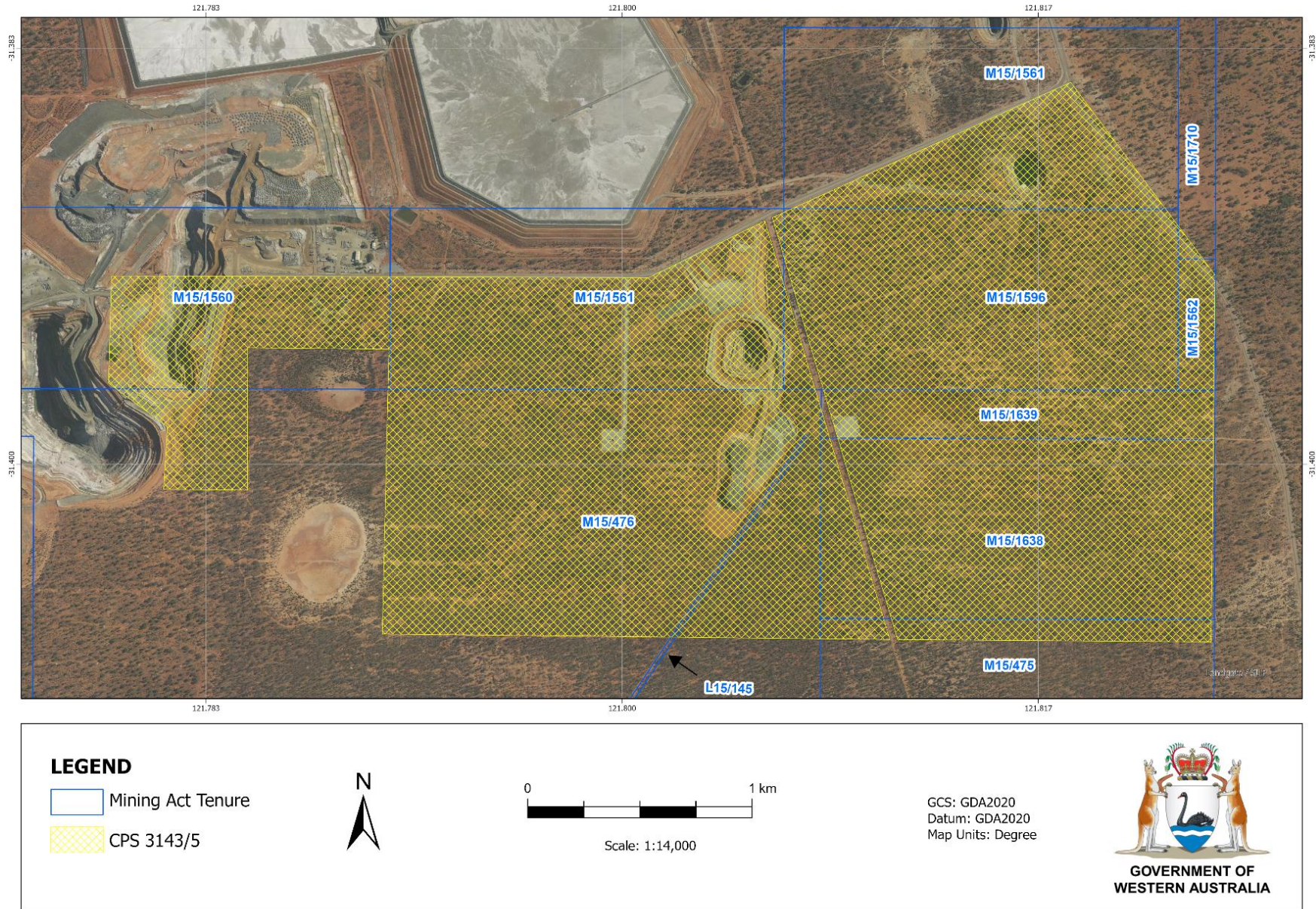


Figure 1: Map of the boundary of the area within which clearing may occur