

### **CLEARING PERMIT**

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

### PERMIT DETAILS

Area Permit Number: 3461/1

File Number:

DEC13813

Duration of Permit: From 17 January 2010 to 17 January 2012

### PERMIT HOLDER

City of Cockburn

### LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

Road Reserve (Bibra Lake 6163)

### **AUTHORISED ACTIVITY**

Clearing of up to 0.158 hectares of native vegetation within the area cross-hatched yellow on attached Plan 3461/1.

### **CONDITIONS**

Nil.

Kelly Faulkner

**MANAGER** 

NATIVE VEGETATION CONSERVATION BRANCH

Officer delegated under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

17 December 2009

# Plan 3461/1





✓ Road Centrelines

Clearing Instruments

Areas Approved to Clear



Scale 1:1200 (Approximate when reproduced at A4)

Geocentric Datum Australia 1994

Note: the data in this map have not been projected. This may result in geometric distortion or masurement inaccuracies.

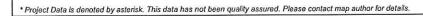
Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

Information derived from this map should be confirmed with the data custodian acknowleged by the agency acronym in the legend.



Department of Environment and Conservation

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# **Clearing Permit Decision Report**

### 1. Application details

### 1.1. Permit application details

Permit application No.:

3461/1

Permit type:

Area Permit

1.2. Proponent details

Proponent's name:

City of Cockburn

1.3. Property details

Property:

ROAD RESERVE (BIBRA LAKE 6163)

Local Government Area:

Colloquial name:

Spearwood Avenue road reserve

1.4. Application

Clearing Area (ha)

No. Trees

Method of Clearing

For the purpose of:

0.158

Mechanical Removal

Road construction or maintenance

### 2. Site Information

### 2.1. Existing environment and information

### 2.1.1. Description of the native vegetation under application

# Vegetation Description

Beard Vegetation Association: 6 - Medium woodland; Tuart and Jarrah (Shepherd 2007).

Heddle Vegetation Complex - Karrakatta Complex - Central and South: Open Forest and Woodland (Heddle et al. 1980).

### **Clearing Description**

The proposal is to clear 0.158 ha of native vegetation in an isolated pocket surrounded by existing transport networks and residential properties. The vegetation under application consists of 33 native species including individuals of Eucalyptus gomphocephala (tuart), E. marginata (jarrah) and Banksia spp. Weeds such as Avena barbata (wild oat), Ehrharta calycina (veldt grass) and Leptospermum laevigatum (Victorian tea tree) are widespread throughout the applied area.

### Vegetation Condition

Good: Structure significantly altered by multiple disturbance; retains basic structure/ability to regenerate (Keighery 1994)

#### Comment

Vegetation condition was determined through aerial imagery (Swan Coastal Plain Central 20cm Orthomosaic - Landgate 2006) and a flora survey carried out in spring 2009 by the City of Cockburn (City of Cockburn 2009).

## 3. Assessment of application against clearing principles

### Comments

The proposal is to clear 0.158 ha of native vegetation in an isolated pocket surrounded by existing transport networks and residential properties.

The vegetation under application consists of 33 native species including individuals of Eucalyptus gomphocephala (tuart), E. marginata (jarrah) and Banksia spp. Weeds such as Avena barbata (wild oat), Ehrharta calycina (veldt grass) and Leptospermum laevigatum (Victorian tea tree) are widespread throughout the applied area, however the vegetation under application appears to be in a 'good' (Keighery 1994) condition. According to the flora survey, there is no sign of conservation significant flora within the area proposed to be cleared. (City of Cockburn 2009)

There are several records of conservation significant fauna within the local area (10 kilometre radius) including Calyptorhynchus latirostris (Carnaby's Black Cockatoo) (Endangered) Calyptorhynchus banksii naso (Forest Red-tailed Black-Cockatoo) (Vulnerable) and Isoodon obesulus fusciventer (Quenda). The nearest record is Isoodon obesulus fusciventer (Quenda) located approximately 1.6 kilometres northeast of the area under application. As the scale of the proposed clearing is small and limited to an isolated pocket within an industrial area, the vegetation under application is not considered as providing quality habitat for native fauna. Due to the small scale, the proposed clearing is not likely to cause significant environmental impacts.

Methodology City of Cockburn (2009)

Keighery (1994)

### Planning instrument, Native Title, Previous EPA decision or other matter.

Comments

Under the National Building Program, the Spearwood Avenue - Barrington Street intersection at Bibra Lake has been identified as a 'black spot' that is expected to be realigned to improve road safety (City of Cockburn 2009).

The area under application is zoned 'Road Reserve' for Public Roads.

Methodology

City of Cockburn (2009)

### 4. Assessor's comments

#### Comment

The application has been assessed against the clearing principles, planning instruments and other matters in accordance with s510 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986, and the proposed clearing is not likely to be at variance to any of the Clearing Principles.

### 5. References

City of Cockburn (2009) Spearwood Ave-Barrington Road re-alignment. Flora and fauna report. City of Cockburn, Western Australia.

Keighery, B.J. (1994) Bushland Plant Survey: A Guide to Plant Community Survey for the Community. Wildflower Society of WA (Inc). Nedlands, Western Australia.

## 6. Glossary

Term Meaning

DEC Department of Environment and Conservation

EPP Environmental Protection Policy
GIS Geographical Information System
ha Hectare (10,000 square metres)