

CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

PERMIT DETAILS

Area Permit Number: 3545/1 File Number: DEC13908

Duration of Permit: From 26 March 2010 to 26 March 2012

PERMIT HOLDER

Macmahon Contractors Pty Ltd on behalf of Midland Brick Co Pty Ltd

LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

Lot 103 on Plan 54208 Great Northern Hwy, Middle Swan

AUTHORISED ACTIVITY

The Permit Holder shall not clear more than 0.05 hectares of native vegetation, within the area cross-hatched yellow on attached Plan 3545/1.

CONDITIONS

1. Dieback and weed control

- (a) When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of weeds and dieback:
 - (i) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
 - (ii) shall only move soils in dry conditions;
 - (iii) ensure that no *dieback* or *weed*-affected soil, *mulch*, *fill* or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
 - (iv) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.
- (b) At least once in each 12 month period for the *term* of this Permit, the Permit Holder must remove or kill any *weeds* growing within areas cleared under this Permit.

Definitions

The following meanings are given to terms used in this Permit:

dieback means the effect of Phytophthora species on native vegetation;

dry conditions means when soils (not dust) do not freely adhere to rubber tyres, tracks, vehicle chassis or wheel arches;

fill means material used to increase the ground level, or fill a hollow;

mulch means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation;

term means the duration of this Permit, including as amended or renewed; and

weed means a species listed in Appendix 3 of the "Environmental Weed Strategy" published by the Department of Conservation and Land Management (1999), and plants declared under section 37 of the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.

Kelly Faulkner MANAGER

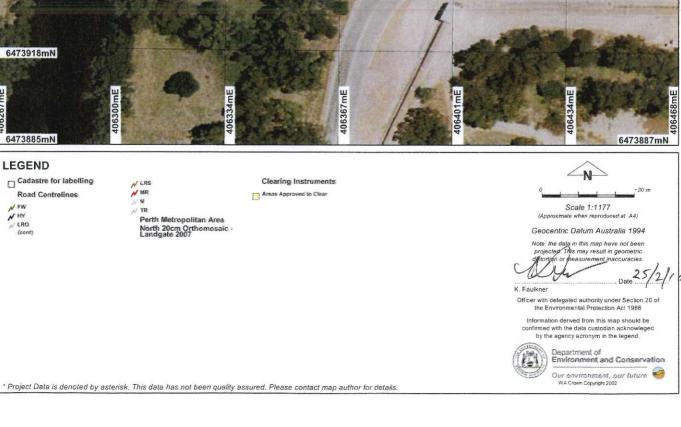
NATIVE VEGETATION CONSERVATION BRANCH

Officer delegated under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

25 February 2010

Plan 3545/1







Clearing Permit Decision Report

1. Application details

1.1. Permit application details

Permit application No.:

3545/1

Permit type:

Area Permit

1.2. Proponent details

Proponent's name:

Macmahon Contractors Pty Ltd on behalf of Midland

1.3. Property details

Property:

LOT 103 ON PLAN 54208 (House No. 321 GREAT NORTHERN MIDDLE SWAN 6056)

Local Government Area:

Colloquial name:

1.4. Application

Clearing Area (ha)

No. Trees

Method of Clearing

For the purpose of:

Mechanical Removal

Water/gas pipeline installation

2. Site Information

2.1. Existing environment and information

2.1.1. Description of the native vegetation under application

Vegetation Description

Beard Vegetation Complex:

1009: Medium woodland; marri & river

gum

0.05

Mattiske Vegetation Complex Gu: Mosaic of open forest of Corymbia calophylla-Eucalyptus wandoo-Eucalyptus marginata subsp. marginata and woodland of Eucalyptus wandoo.

Heddle Vegetation Complex: Swan Complex: Fringing woodland of E. rudis - M. rhaphiophylla with localised occurrence of low open forest of Casuarina obesa and M. cuticularis.

Clearing Description

The proposal is to clear 0.05 ha for the purpose of re-aligning an existing stormwater drain.

The vegetation is described as Eucalyptus rudis over weeds in a degraded condition.

Vegetation Condition

Degraded: Structure severely disturbed; regeneration to good condition requires intensive management (Keighery 1994)

Comment

Vegetation clearing description obtained from aerial photography and additional information received with application (Macmahon 2010).

3. Assessment of application against clearing principle

Comments

The vegetation under application is considered to be consistent with the Beard vegetation complex 1009: Medium woodland; marri & river gum and consists of Eucalyptus rudis over weeds in a degraded (Keighery 1994) condition (Macmahon Contractors, 2010). Given this, the vegetation is considered to comprise limited biodiversity values.

The assessment considers that the proposed clearing is not likely to impact biodiversity, land degradation, wetland or environmental water values within the local or regional context, given it small size (0.05ha) and degraded (Keighery 1994) condition.

However, 0.014ha of the applied area occurs within Bush Forever site 302 (Swan River and Jane Brook, Ashfield to Upper Swan) and is considered to be riparian vegetation as it occurs ~30m west of the Swan River. A dieback and weed condition is to be placed on the permit to mitigate this impact.

In addition, the area under application consists of Beard vegetation complex 1009 which has only 4.5% remaining in the City of Swan and occurs within an extensively cleared area with only 12.2% pre-European vegetation extent remaining in the local area. However, the area under application is not considered a significant remnant given its size and degraded (Keighery 1994) condition.

Methodology

References

- -Keighery (1994)
- -Macmahon Contractors (2010)

GIS databases:

- -Bush Forever
- -DEC tenure
- -Geomorphic Wetlands (Mgt Categories, Swan Coastal Plain
- -Hydrography, linear
- -NLWRA, Current Extent of Native Vegatation
- -Soils, statewide
- SAC Bio Datasets 27/01/2010

Planning instrument, Native Title, Previous EPA decision or other matter.

Comments

The proposal is to clear 0.05 ha for the purpose of re-aligning an existing stormwater drain. This drain is required to be realignment due to works involved with the Reid Highway extension.

The area under application is zoned industrial under the Perth Metropolitan Regional Scheme.

A stormwater Drainage management Plan has been approved by the Department of Water and the Swan River Trust (Macmahon Contractors 2010). The new drain will consist of a detention basin, piped drainage, open drainage, culvert, gross pollution trap and a silt trap. It is believed that the additional management measures established as part of the new realignment will improve the stormwater discharge quality.

There is a high risk of Acid Sulphate Soils in the applied area. However, a ASS management plan has been developed and will be implemented (Macmahon Contractors, 2010)

The proposal has been referred to the Office of Environmental Protection Authority (OEPA) and given a decision on the 23 December 2009 of -Not Assessed - Managed under Part V of the EP Act (Clearing) (EPA 2009).

WAPC development approval has been applied for and is currently being assessed.

An amendment to a Bed and Banks permit from the Department of Water has been granted on the 11 February 2010.

Department of Planning's (DoP) State Strategic Policy Directorate's comments on the proposed clearing within a Bush Forever site have been received. DoP has no objections to the clearing if an offset proposal is developed and implemented to mitigate the clearing within a bush forever site.

Methodology

References

- -Macmahon Contractors (2010)
- -EPA (2009)
- **GIS Databases**
- -Metropolitian Regional Scheme Zones
- -Acid Sulphate Soil Risk

4. Assessor's recommendations

Comment / recommendation

The application has been assessed against the clearing principles, planning instruments and other matters in accordance with s510 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986, the assessment recommendation is that the proposed clearing is at variance to Principle (h) and (f).

5. References

EPA (2009) Decision on Reid Highway Extension - Stormwater Drain Realignment at Midland Brick. Environmental Protection Authority. TRIM ref DOC117900

Keighery, B.J. (1994) Bushland Plant Survey: A Guide to Plant Community Survey for the Community. Wildflower Society of WA (Inc). Nedlands, Western Australia.

Macmahon Contractors (2010) Clearing permit application and additional information CPS 3545/1. TRIM Ref DOC13908

Mattiske, E.M. and Havel, J.J. (1998) Vegetation Complexes of the South-west Forest Region of Western Australia. Maps and report prepared as part of the Regional Forest Agreement, Western Australia for the Department of Conservation and Land Management and Environment Australia.

Shepherd, D.P. (2007). Adapted from: Shepherd, D.P., Beeston, G.R., and Hopkins, A.J.M. (2001), Native Vegetation in Western Australia. Technical Report 249. Department of Agriculture Western Australia, South Perth. Includes subsequent updates for 2006 from Vegetation Extent dataset ANZWA1050000124.

6. Glossary

Term Meaning

BCS Biodiversity Coordination Section of DEC

CALM Department of Conservation and Land Management (now BCS)

DAFWA Department of Agriculture and Food

DEC Department of Environment and Conservation
DEP Department of Environmental Protection (now DEC)

DoE Department of Environment (now DEC)

DMP Department of Mines and Petroleum (ex DoIR)

DRF Declared Rare Flora

EPP Environmental Protection Policy
GIS Geographical Information System
ha Hectare (10,000 square metres)
TEC Threatened Ecological Community

WRC Water and Rivers Commission (now DEC)