

# **CLEARING PERMIT**

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

PERMIT DETAILS

Purpose Permit Number: 4203 / 1

File Number: A2266/201101

Duration of Permit: From 9 April 2011 to 9 April 2016

PERMIT HOLDER Dampier Salt Limited

#### LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

Evaporites (Lake MacLeod) Agreement Act 1967, Mineral Lease 245SA (AML 70/245)

### PURPOSE FOR WHICH THE CLEARING MAY BE DONE

1. Clearing for the purpose of construction of borrow pits.

#### CONDITIONS

#### Type of clearing authorised

1. The Permit Holder must not clear more than 45 hectares of native vegetation. All clearing must be within the area cross-hatched yellow on attached Plan 4203/1.

### Avoid, minimise etc clearing

- 2. In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared pursuant to this Permit, the Permit Holder must have regard to the following principles, set out in order of preference:
  - (i) avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
  - (ii) minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
  - (iii) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

#### Weed control

- 3. (a) When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *weeds*:
  - (i) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
  - (ii) ensure that no weed-affected soil, mulch, fill or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
  - (iii) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

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#### Retain and spread vegetative material and topsoil

- 4. The Permit Holder shall:
  - (a) retain the vegetative material and topsoil removed by clearing authorised under this Permit and stockpile the vegetative material and topsoil in an area cross-hatched yellow on attached Plan 4203/1;
  - (b) within 12 months following clearing, *revegetate* and *rehabilitate* the area(s) that are no longer required for the purpose for which they were cleared under this Permit by:
    - (i) ripping the ground on the contour to remove soil compaction; and
    - (ii) laying the vegetative material and topsoil retained under Condition 4(a);
  - (c) within 3 years of laying the vegetative material and topsoil on the cleared area in accordance with Condition 4(b) of this Permit:
    - determine the species composition, structure and density of the area revegetated and rehabilitated;
      and
    - (ii) where, in the opinion of an *environmental specialist*, the composition structure and density determined under Condition 4(c)(i) of this Permit will not result in a similar species composition, structure and density to that of pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, *revegetate* the area by deliberately *planting* and/or *direct seeding* native vegetation that will result in a similar species composition, structure and density of native vegetation to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area and ensuring only *local provenance* seeds and propagating material are used.

### Records to be kept

- 5. The Permit Holder must maintain the following records for activities done pursuant to this Permit:
  - (a) In relation to the clearing of native vegetation authorised under this Permit:
    - the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings;
    - (ii) the date that the area was cleared;
    - (iii) the size of the area cleared (in hectares); and
    - (iv) the purpose for which clearing was undertaken.
  - (b) In relation to the revegetation and rehabilitation of areas pursuant to Condition 4 of this Permit:
    - the location of any areas revegetated and rehabilitated, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings;
    - (ii) a description of the revegetation and rehabilitation activities undertaken;
    - (iii) the size of the area revegetated and rehabilitated (in hectares).

## Reporting

- 6. (a) The Permit Holder shall provide a report to the Director, Environment Division, Department of Mines and Petroleum by 28 February each year for the life of this permit, demonstrating adherence to all conditions of this permit, and setting out the records required under Condition 5 of this permit in relation to clearing carried out between 1 January and 31 December of the previous calendar year.
  - (b) Prior to 9 April 2016, the Permit Holder must provide to the Director, Environment Division, Department of Mines and Petroleum a written report of records required under Condition 5 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under Condition 6(a) of this Permit.

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#### **Definitions**

The following meanings are given to terms used in this Permit:

direct seeding means a method of re-establishing vegetation through the establishment of a seed bed and the introduction of seeds of the desired plant species;

environmental specialist means a person who is engaged by the Permit Holder for the purpose of providing environmental advice, who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit;

fill means material used to increase the ground level, or fill a hollow;

local provenance means native vegetation seeds and propagating material from natural sources within 100 kilometres of the area cleared;

mulch means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation;

planting means the re-establishment of vegetation by creating favourable soil conditions and planting seedlings of the desired species;

rehabilitate/ed/ion means actively managing an area containing native vegetation in order to improve the ecological function of that area;

revegetate/ed/ion means the re-establishment of a cover of local provenance native vegetation in an area using methods such as regeneration, direct seeding and/or planting, so that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area;

weed/s means a species listed in Appendix 3 of the "Environmental Weed Strategy" published by the Department of Conservation and Land Management (1999), and plants declared under section 37 of the Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976.

Phil Gorey DIRECTOR

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND PETROLEUM

Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

17 March 2011