

# CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

### PERMIT DETAILS

Purpose Permit Number: 4630/1 File Number: A1807/201103

Duration of Permit: From 7 January 2012 to 31 December 2024

#### PERMIT HOLDER

BHP Billiton Iron Ore Pty Ltd

### LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

Iron Ore (Mount Goldsworthy) Agreement Act 1964, Mineral Lease 281SA (AML 70/281)

## PURPOSE FOR WHICH THE CLEARING MAY BE DONE

1. Clearing for the purpose of mineral exploration, hydrological investigations and supporting infrastructure.

### CONDITIONS

### Type of clearing authorised

1. The Permit Holder must not clear more than 280 hectares of native vegetation. All clearing must be within the area cross-hatched yellow on attached Plan 4630/1.

## Period in which clearing is authorised

2. The Permit Holder shall not clear any native vegetation after 31 December 2019.

## Avoid, minimise etc clearing

- 3. In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must have regard to the following principles, set out in order of preference:
  - (i) avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
  - (ii) minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
  - (iii) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

# Weed control

- 4. When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *weeds*:
  - (i) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
  - (ii) ensure that no weed-affected soil, mulch, fill or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
  - (iii) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

# Flora Management

- 5. Where rare flora or *priority flora* have been identified and their written locations provided to the CEO, the Permit Holder shall ensure that:
  - (a) no clearing occurs within 50 metres of identified rare flora, unless approved by the CEO, and no clearing of identified rare flora occurs unless approved under section 23F(2) of the *Wildlife Conservation Act 1950*; and
  - (b) no clearing of identified *priority flora* occurs and no clearing occurs within 10 metres of identified *priority flora*, unless approved by the CEO.

# Vegetation Management

6. The Permit Holder shall not clear any native vegetation within the area cross-hatched red on attached Plan 4630/1 for the purpose of mineral exploration, hydrological investigations and supporting infrastructure.

### Fauna Management

7. The Permit Holder shall not clear within 10 metres of gorges and gullies.

### Retain and spread vegetative material and topsoil

- 8. The Permit Holder shall:
  - (a) retain the vegetative material and topsoil removed by clearing authorised under this Permit and stockpile the vegetative material in an area that has already been cleared;
  - (b) within 12 months following clearing, *revegetate* and *rehabilitate* the areas that are no longer required for the purpose for which they were cleared under this Permit by:
    - (i) re-shaping the surface of the land so that it is consistent with the surrounding 5 metres of uncleared land; and
    - (ii) laying the vegetative material and topsoil retained under Condition 8(a);
  - (c) within 4 years of laying the vegetative material and topsoil on the cleared area in accordance with Condition 8(b) of this Permit:
    - engage an environmental specialist to determine the species composition, structure and density of the area revegetated and rehabilitated; and
    - (ii) where, in the opinion of an environmental specialist, the composition structure and density determined under Condition 8(c)(i) of this Permit will not result in a similar species composition, structure and density to that of pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, revegetate the area by deliberately planting and/or direct seeding native vegetation that will result in a similar species composition, structure and density of native vegetation to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area and ensuring only local provenance seeds and propagating material are used.

## Records to be kept

- 9. The Permit Holder must maintain the following records for activities done pursuant to this Permit:
  - (a) In relation to the clearing of native vegetation authorised under this Permit:
    - the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
    - (ii) the date that the area was cleared;
    - (iii) the size of the area cleared (in hectares); and
    - (iv) the purpose for which clearing was undertaken.
  - (b) In relation to the revegetation and rehabilitation of areas pursuant to Condition 8 of this Permit:
    - the location of any areas revegetated and rehabilitated, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
    - (ii) a description of the revegetation and rehabilitation activities undertaken; and
    - (iii) the size of the area revegetated and rehabilitated (in hectares).

#### Reporting

- 10. (a) The Permit Holder shall provide a report to the Executive Director, Environment, Department of Mines and Petroleum by 1 October each year for the life of this Permit, demonstrating adherence to all conditions of this Permit, and setting out the records required under Condition 9 of this Permit in relation to clearing carried out between 1 July and 30 June of the previous financial year.
  - (b) Prior to 31 December 2024, the Permit Holder must provide to the Executive Director, Environment, Department of Mines and Petroleum a written report of records required under Condition 9 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under Condition 10(a) of this Permit.

#### Definitions

The following meanings are given to terms used in this Permit:

direct seeding means a method of re-establishing vegetation through the establishment of a seed bed and the introduction of seeds of the desired plant species;

environmental specialist means a person who is engaged by the Permit Holder for the purpose of providing environmental advice, who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit;

fill means material used to increase the ground level, or fill a hollow;

gorge means a narrow cleft with steep, rocky walls through which water may flow during or immediately after periods of rainfall;

gully means a steep sided valley through which water may flow during or immediately after periods of rainfall;

*local provenance* means native vegetation seeds and propagating material from natural sources within 100 kilometres of the area cleared;

*mulch* means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation;

planting means the re-establishment of vegetation by creating favourable soil conditions and planting seedlings of the desired species;

priority flora means those plant taxa described as priority flora classes 1, 2, 3 or 4 in the Department's Declared Rare and Priority Flora List for Western Australia (as amended);

regenerate/ed/ion means revegetation that can be established from in situ seed banks contained either within the topsoil or seed-bearing mulch;

rehabilitate/ed/ion means actively managing an area containing native vegetation in order to improve the ecological function of that area;

revegetate/ed/ion means the re-establishment of a cover of local provenance native vegetation in an area using methods such as regeneration, direct seeding and/or planting, so that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area;

weed/s means a species listed in Appendix 3 of the "Environmental Weed Strategy" published by the Department of Conservation and Land Management (1999), and plants declared under section 37 of the *Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976*.

Ian Briggs

A/EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

ENVIRONMENT

DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND PETROLEUM

Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

15 December 2011