



CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

Purpose Permit number:	4676/2
Duration of Permit:	From 4 February 2012 to 31 January 2018
Permit Holder:	BHP Billiton Iron Ore Pty Ltd

The Permit Holder is authorised to clear native vegetation subject to the following conditions of this Permit.

PART I – CLEARING AUTHORISED

1. Land on which clearing is to be done

Iron Ore (Mount Newman) Agreement Act 1964, Mineral Lease 244SA (AML 70/244)
Iron Ore (Mount Goldsworthy) Agreement Act 1964, Mineral Lease 281SA (AML 70/281)
Miscellaneous Licence 47/92
Miscellaneous Licence 52/99

2. Purpose for which clearing may be done

Clearing for the purpose of geotechnical investigations, power line construction and associated infrastructure.

3. Area of Clearing

The Permit Holder must not clear more than 15 hectares of native vegetation. All clearing must be within the area cross-hatched yellow on attached Plan 4676/2.

4. Period in which clearing is authorised

The Permit Holder shall not clear any native vegetation after 31 January 2013.

5. Application

This Permit allows the Permit Holder to authorise persons, including employees, contractors and agents of the Permit Holder, to clear native vegetation for the purposes of this Permit subject to compliance with the conditions of this Permit and approval from the Permit Holder.

6. Compliance with Assessment Sequence and Management Procedures

Prior to clearing any native vegetation under Conditions 1, 2 and 3 of this Permit, the Permit Holder must comply with the Assessment Sequence and the Management Procedures set out in Part II of this Permit.

PART II – ASSESSMENT SEQUENCE AND MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

7. Avoid, minimise etc clearing

In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must have regard to the following principles, set out in order of preference:

- (i) avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
- (ii) minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
- (iii) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

8. Weed control

When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *weeds*:

- (i) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
- (ii) ensure that no *weed*-affected soil, *mulch*, *fill* or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
- (iii) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

9. Clearing not authorised

This Permit does not authorise the Permit Holder to clear native vegetation within 50 metres of Weeli Wollie Creek or Coondiner Creek within the area cross-hatched yellow on Plan 4676/2.

10. Flora Management

(a) Where *Lepidium catapycnon* and *Euphorbia* sp. Bruce flats have been identified and their written locations provided to the CEO, the Permit Holder shall ensure that:

- (i) No clearing of identified *Lepidium catapycnon* occurs and no clearing occurs within 50 metres of identified *Lepidium catapycnon*, unless approved by the CEO.
- (ii) No clearing of identified *Euphorbia* sp. Bruce flats occurs and no clearing occurs within 10 metres of identified *Euphorbia* sp. Bruce flats, unless approved by the CEO.

11. Fauna management

(a) Prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit holder shall engage a *fauna specialist* to identify habitat suitable for:

- (i) *Dasyurus hallucatus* (Northern Quoll) dens;
- (ii) *Rhinonicteris aurantius* (Pilbara Orange Leaf-nosed Bat) roost caves and adits; and
- (iii) *Macroderma gigas* (Ghost Bat) roost caves.

(b) Prior to undertaking any clearing within or within 50 metres of habitat considered suitable for dens or roosts as identified in relation to Condition 11(a) of this Permit, the areas shall be inspected by a *fauna specialist* for the presence of *Dasyurus hallucatus* (Northern Quoll) dens, *Rhinonicteris aurantius* (Pilbara Orange Leaf-nosed Bat) roost caves and adits or *Macroderma gigas* (Ghost Bat) roost caves.

(c) Where *Dasyurus hallucatus* (Northern Quoll) dens, *Rhinonicteris aurantius* (Pilbara Orange Leaf-nosed Bat) roost caves and adits or *Macroderma gigas* (Ghost Bat) roost caves are identified in relation to Condition 11(b) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that no clearing occurs within 50 metres of the identified *Dasyurus hallucatus* (Northern Quoll) dens, *Rhinonicteris aurantius* (Pilbara Orange Leaf-nosed Bat) roost caves and adits or *Macroderma gigas* (Ghost Bat) roost caves, unless approved by the CEO.

12. Retain and spread vegetative material and topsoil

The Permit Holder shall:

(a) retain the vegetative material and topsoil removed by clearing authorised under this Permit and stockpile the vegetative material and topsoil in an area that has already been cleared.

(b) within 12 months following clearing authorised under this permit, *revegetate* and *rehabilitate* the areas that are no longer required for the purpose for which they were cleared under this Permit by:

- (i) re-shaping the surface of the land so that it is consistent with the surrounding 5 metres of uncleared land; and
- (ii) laying the vegetative material and topsoil retained under Condition 12(a).

(c) within 4 years of laying the vegetative material and topsoil on the cleared area in accordance with Condition 12(b) of this Permit:

- (i) engage an *environmental specialist* to determine the species composition, structure and density of the area revegetated and rehabilitated; and

- (ii) where, in the opinion of an *environmental specialist*, the composition, structure and density determined under Condition 12(c)(i) of this Permit will not result in a similar species composition, structure and density to that of pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, *revegetate* the area by deliberately *planting* and/or *direct seeding* native vegetation that will result in a similar species composition, structure and density of native vegetation to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area and ensuring only *local provenance* seeds and propagating material are used.

PART III - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

13. Records to be kept

The Permit Holder must maintain the following records for activities done pursuant to this Permit:

- (a) In relation to the clearing of native vegetation authorised under this Permit,
 - (i) the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
 - (ii) the date that the area was cleared;
 - (iii) the size of the area cleared (in hectares); and
 - (iv) purpose for which clearing was undertaken.
- (b) In relation to the *revegetation* and *rehabilitation* of areas pursuant to Condition 12 of this Permit:
 - (i) the location of any areas *revegetated* and *rehabilitated*, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
 - (ii) a description of the *revegetation* and *rehabilitation* activities undertaken; and
 - (iii) the size of the area *revegetated* and *rehabilitated* (in hectares).
- (c) In relation to fauna management pursuant to Condition 11 of this Permit:
 - (i) the location of each *Dasyurus hallucatus* (Northern Quoll) den, *Rhinoicteris aurantius* (Pilbara Orange Leaf-nosed Bat) roost cave and adit or *Macroderma gigas* (Ghost Bat) roost cave recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees; and
 - (ii) a copy of the fauna specialist's report.

14. Reporting

- (a) The Permit Holder shall provide a report to the Executive Director, Environment, Department of Mines and Petroleum by 1 October each year for the life of this permit, demonstrating adherence to all conditions of this permit, and setting out the records required under Condition 13 of this permit in relation to clearing carried out between 1 July and 30 June of the previous financial year.
- (b) Prior to 31 January 2018, the Permit Holder must provide to the Executive Director, Environment, Department of Mines and Petroleum a written report of records required under Condition 13 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under Condition 14(a) of this Permit.

Definitions

The following meanings are given to terms used in this Permit:

CEO means the Chief Executive Officer of the Department of Environment and Conservation or an Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*;

direct seeding means a method of re-establishing vegetation through the establishment of a seed bed and the introduction of seeds of the desired plant species;

environmental specialist means a person who is engaged by the Permit Holder for the purpose of providing environmental advice, who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit;

fauna specialist means a person with training and specific work experience in fauna identification or faunal assemblage surveys of Western Australian fauna;

fill means material used to increase the ground level, or fill a hollow;

local provenance means native vegetation seeds and propagating material from natural sources within 100 kilometres of the area cleared;

mulch means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation;

planting means the re-establishment of vegetation by creating favourable soil conditions and planting seedlings of the desired species;

regenerate/ed/ion means revegetation that can be established from in situ seed banks contained either within the topsoil or seed-bearing mulch;

rehabilitate/ed/ion means actively managing an area containing native vegetation in order to improve the ecological function of that area;

revegetate/ed/ion means the re-establishment of a cover of local provenance native vegetation in an area using methods such as *regeneration*, *direct seeding* and/or *planting*, so that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area;

weed/s means a species listed in Appendix 3 of the "Environmental Weed Strategy" published by the Department of Conservation and Land Management (1999), and plants declared under section 37 of the *Agriculture and Related Resources Protection Act 1976*.



Phil Gorey
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR
ENVIRONMENT
DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND PETROLEUM

Officer with delegated authority under Section 20
of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

19 July 2012