

### **CLEARING PERMIT**

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

Purpose Permit number: CPS 4905/7

Permit Holder: API Management Pty Ltd

**Duration of Permit:** 1 June 2012 – 1 June 2022

The Permit Holder is authorised to clear native vegetation subject to the following conditions of this Permit.

### PART I-CLEARING AUTHORISED

### 1. Purpose for which clearing may be done

Clearing for the purpose of geotechnical and hydrogeological investigations and access tracks.

### 2. Land on which clearing is to be done

Section 91 licence LIC00217/2008 3 84 within:

Lot 165 on Plan 238633 (Cane)

Unnamed road reserve (PIN 11729747 Cane)

Lot 206 on Plan 220090 (Fortescue)

Lot 208 on Plan 220090 (Fortescue)

Lot 302 on Plan 63514 (Fortescue)

Lot 309 on Plan 63519 (Fortescue)

Lot 310 on Plan 63519 (Fortescue)

Unallocated Crown Land (Pin 1016546 Fortescue)

Lot 264 on Plan 220363 (Maitland)

Unallocated Crown Land (PIN 1017635 Maitland)

Lot 154 on Plan 220164 (Mardie)

Lot 263 on Plan 220164 (Mardie)

Lot 257 on Plan 30489 (Mardie)

Lot 660 on Plan 30489 (Mardie)

North West Coastal Highway road reserve (PIN 1160791, 11733355, 11733289 and 1340313 Mardie)

Lot 179 on Plan 238640 (Nanutarra)

Unallocated Crown Land (PIN 1016550 Hamersley Range)

Lot 122 on Plan 27721 (Nanutarra)

Lot 95 on Plan 238640 (Nanutarra)

Lot 3002 on Plan 41992 (Nanutarra)

Lot 662 on Plan 30490 (Nanutarra)

Lot 531 on Plan 221145 (Mardie)

Unallocated Crown Land (PIN 1016629 Nanutarra)

## 3. Area of Clearing

The Permit Holder must not clear more than 100 hectares of native vegetation within the area shaded yellow on attached Plan 4905/7.

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## 4. Period in which clearing is authorised

The Permit Holder shall not clear any native vegetation after 25 April 2017.

### 5. Application

This Permit allows the Permit Holder to authorise persons, including employees, contractors and agents of the Permit Holder, to clear native vegetation for the purposes of this Permit subject to compliance with the conditions of this Permit and approval from the Permit Holder.

## 6. Type of clearing authorised

This Permit authorises the Permit Holder to clear native vegetation for activities to the extent that the Permit Holder has the right to access land under the *Land Administration Act 1997* or any other written law.

## PART II - ASSESSMENT SEQUENCE AND MANAGEMENT PROCEDURES

### 7. Avoid, minimise etc clearing

In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must have regard to the following principles, set out in order of preference:

- (a) avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
- (b) minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
- (c) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

### 8. Flora management

- (a) Prior to undertaking any clearing authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder shall engage a botanist to inspect that area for the presence of priority flora.
- (b) Where *priority flora* are identified in relation to condition 8(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that:
  - (i) no clearing occurs within 10 metres of identified *priority flora*, unless approved by the CEO; and
  - (ii) no clearing of identified priority flora occurs unless approved by the CEO.

### 9. Weed control

When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *weeds*:

- (a) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
- (b) ensure that no weed-affected soil, mulch, fill or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
- (c) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

## 10. Retain vegetative material and topsoil, revegetation and rehabilitation

The Permit Holder shall:

- (a) Retain the vegetative material and topsoil removed by clearing authorised under this Permit and stockpile the vegetative material and topsoil in an area that has already been cleared.
- (b) At an optimal time within 12 months following completion of activities under this permit, revegetate and rehabilitate areas not required for future scheduled and approved development, by:
  - (i) ripping the ground on the contour to remove soil compaction; and
  - (ii) laying the vegetative material and topsoil retained under condition 10(a) on the cleared area(s).
- (c) Within 18 months of laying the vegetative material and topsoil on the cleared area in accordance with condition 10(b) of this Permit:
  - (i) engage an *environmental specialist* to determine the species composition, structure and density of the area *revegetated* and *rehabilitated*; and

- (ii) where, in the opinion of an *environmental specialist*, the composition structure and density determined under condition 10(c)(i) of this Permit will not result in a similar species composition, structure and density to that of pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, *revegetate* the area by deliberately *planting* and/or *direct seeding* native vegetation that will result in a similar species composition, structure and density of native vegetation to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area and ensuring only *local provenance* seeds and propagating material are used.
- (d) Where additional planting or direct seeding of native vegetation is undertaken in accordance with condition 10(c)(ii) of this permit, the Permit Holder shall repeat condition 10(c)(i) and 10(c)(ii) within 24 months of undertaking the additional planting or direct seeding of native vegetation.
- (e) Where a determination by an *environmental specialist* that the composition, structure and density within areas *revegetated* and *rehabilitated* will result in a similar species composition, structure and density to that of pre-clearing vegetation types in that area, as determined in condition 10(c)(i) and (ii) of this permit, that determination shall be submitted for the CEO's consideration. If the CEO does not agree with the determination made under condition 10(c)(ii), the CEO may require the Permit Holder to undertake additional *planting* and *direct seeding* in accordance with the requirements under condition 10(c)(ii).

## PART III - RECORD KEEPING AND REPORTING

### 11. Records must be kept

The Permit Holder must maintain the following records for activities done pursuant to this Permit:

- (a) In relation to the clearing of native vegetation authorised under this Permit:
  - (i) the species composition, structure and density of the cleared area;
  - (ii) the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings;
  - (iii) the date that the area was cleared; and
  - (iv) the size of the area cleared (in hectares).
- (b) In relation to flora management pursuant to condition 8 of this Permit:
  - (i) the location of each *priority flora* species recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
  - (ii) the species name of each *priority flora* identified; and
  - (iii) a copy of the botanists flora survey report.
- (c) In relation to the revegetation and rehabilitation of areas pursuant to condition 10 of this Permit:
  - (i) the location of any areas revegetated and rehabilitated, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 1994 (GDA94), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees;
  - (ii) a description of the revegetation and rehabilitation activities undertaken;
  - (iii) the size of the area revegetated and rehabilitated (in hectares);
  - (iv) the species composition, structure and density of revegetation and rehabilitation, and
  - (v) a copy of the environmental specialist's report.

### 12. Reporting

- (a) The Permit Holder must provide to the CEO on or before 30 June of each year, a written report:
  - (i) of records required under condition 11 of this Permit; and
  - (ii) concerning activities done by the Permit Holder under this Permit between 1 July and 30 June of the preceding year.
- (b) If no clearing authorised under this Permit was undertaken between 1 July to 30 June of the preceding financial year, a written report confirming that no clearing under this permit has been carried out, must be provided to the CEO on or before 30 June of each year.
- (c) Prior to 1 March 2022, the Permit Holder must provide to the CEO a written report of records required under condition 11 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under condition 12(a) of this Permit.

### **DEFINITIONS**

The following meanings are given to terms used in this Permit:

botanist means a person with specific training and/or experience in the ecology and taxonomy of Western Australian flora;

direct seeding means a method of re-establishing vegetation through the establishment of a seed bed and the introduction of seeds of the desired plant species;

environmental specialist means a person who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent, and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit, or who is approved by the CEO as a suitable environmental specialist.;

fill means material used to increase the ground level, or fill a hollow;

*local provenance* means native vegetation seeds and propagating material from natural sources within 50 kilometres of the area cleared.

*mulch* means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation;

*planting* means the re-establishment of vegetation by creating favourable soil conditions and planting seedlings of the desired species;

priority flora means those plant taxa described as priority flora classes 1, 2, 3 or 4 in the Department's Declared Rare and Priority Flora List for Western Australia (as amended);

regenerate/ed/ion means revegetation that can be established from in situ seed banks contained either within the topsoil or seed-bearing mulch;

rehabilitate/ed/ion means actively managing an area containing native vegetation in order to improve the ecological function of that area;

revegetate/ed/ion means the re-establishment of a cover of local provenance native vegetation in an area using methods such as regeneration, direct seeding and/or planting, so that the species composition, structure and density is similar to pre-clearing vegetation types in that area.

weed/s means any plant -

- (a) that is a declared pest under section 22 of the *Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act* 2007; or
- (b) published in a Department of Parks and Wildlife Regional Weed Rankings Summary, regardless of ranking; or
- (c) not indigenous to the area concerned.

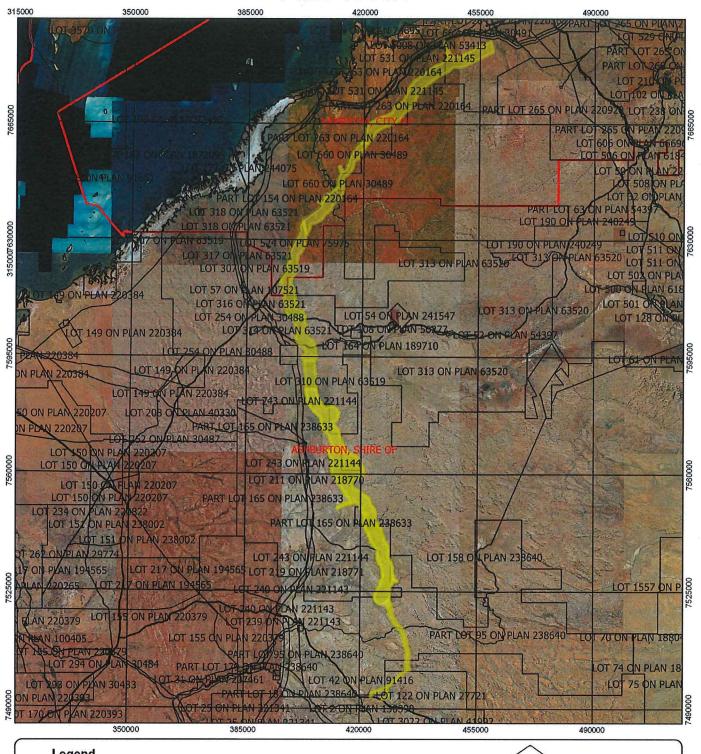
James Widenbar MANAGER

**CLEARING REGULATION** 

Officer delegated under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

23 June 2016

## Plan 4905/7



## Legend

Areas approved to clear

Roads

Cadastre

Virtual Mosaic

1



1:1,179,841

MGA 94 Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994

May Date 23/6/11

J Widenbar

Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986





## **Clearing Permit Decision Report**

### 1. Application details

### 1.1. Permit application details

Permit application No.:

4905/7

Permit type:

Purpose Permit

1.2. Applicant details

Applicant's name:

API Management Pty Ltd

### 1.3. Property details

Property:

UNALLOCATED CROWN LAND, FORTESCUE ROAD RESERVE - 11733355, MARDIE

UNALLOCATED CROWN LAND, MAITLAND ROAD RESERVE - 11733289, MARDIE

UNALLOCATED CROWN LAND, HAMERSLEY RANGE

ROAD RESERVE - 11729747, CANE ROAD RESERVE - 11733290, MARDIE LOT 206 ON PLAN 220090, FORTESCUE LOT 208 ON PLAN 220090, FORTESCUE LOT 257 ON PLAN 30489, MARDIE LOT 302 ON PLAN 63514, FORTESCUE LOT 309 ON PLAN 63519, FORTESCUE LOT 310 ON PLAN 63519, FORTESCUE LOT 660 ON PLAN 30489, MARDIE

PART LOT 154 ON PLAN 220164, MARDIE PART LOT 165 ON PLAN 238633, CANE

PART LOT 179 ON PLAN 238640, NANUTARRA PART LOT 263 ON PLAN 220164, MARDIE PART LOT 264 ON PLAN 220363, MAITLAND UNALLOCATED CROWN LAND, MAITLAND LOT 122 ON PLAN 27721, NANUTARRA LOT 95 ON PLAN 238640, NANUTARRA LOT 3002 ON PLAN 41992, NANUTARRA LOT 662 ON PLAN 30490, NANUTARRA LOT 531 ON PLAN 221145, MARDIE

UNALLOCATED CROWN LAND, NANUTARRA

Colloquial name:

**Local Government Authority:** 

Shire of Ashburton

### 1.4. Application

Clearing Area (ha)

No. Trees

Method of Clearing Mechanical Removal For the purpose of:
Geotechnical investigations

### 1.5. Decision on application

**Decision on Permit** 

Reasons for Decision:

Application:

100

Granted

Decision Date:

23 June 2016

This amendment has been made to amend condition 4 to allow the clearing of native vegetation until 25 April 2017, the clearing application has been assessed against the clearing principles, planning instruments and other matters in accordance with s510 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986, and the clearing as proposed may be at variance to Principle (a) and (f), not likely to be at variance to principles (b), (c), (d), (g), (i), (j) and not at variance to principles (e) and (h).

Numerous watercourses intersect the application area, and therefore it is likely that the application may remove vegetation that is associated within the known watercourses. Giving consideration to the relatively small amount of vegetation to be removed from watercourses, it is unlikely that the impacts from the proposed clearing will significantly impact upon the known watercourses within the application area.

The application area comprises of known populations of priority flora and a priority ecological community. To mititgate impacts to priority flora and priority ecological communities, conditions have been placed on the permit requiring the avoidance of conservation sigficant flora species, the revegetation of temporary used areas and weed mangement.

State policies and other relevant policies have been taken into consideration in the decision to grant a clearing permit.

### 2. Site Information

### 2.1. Existing environment and information

### 2.1.1. Description of the native vegetation under application

Vegetation Description
Mapped Beard vegetation
association 603: hummock
grasslands, sparse shrub
steppe; Acacia bivenosa over
hard spinifex (Shepherd et al.,
2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 587: mosaic: hummock grasslands, open low tree-steppe; snappy gum over Triodia wiseana / Hummock grasslands, shrubsteppe; kanji over Triodia pungens (Shepherd et al., 2001). Mapped Beard vegetation association 175: short bunch grassland - savanna/grass plain (Pilbara) (Shepherd et

Mapped Beard vegetation association 601: mosaic: sedgeland; various sedges with very sparse snakewood / hummock grasslands, shrubsteppe; kanji over soft spinifex (Shepherd et al., 2001).

al., 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 605: hummock grasslands, shrub steppe; Acacia pachycarpa & waterwood over soft spinifex (Shepherd et al., 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 29: sparse low woodland; mulga, discontinuous in scattered groups (Shepherd et al., 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 93: hummock grasslands, shrub steppe; kanji over soft spinifex (Shepherd et al., 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 82: hummock grasslands, low tree steppe; snappy gum over Triodia wiseana (Shepherd et al., 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 620: hummock grasslands, shrub steppe; snakewood over soft spinifex (Shepherd et al., 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 157: hummock

Clearing Description Vegetation Condition

The application is to clear 100 hectares of native vegetation located within Section 91 licence LIC00217/2008\_3\_84. Clearing is for the purpose of geotechnical and hydrogeological investigations and access tracks within the Shire of Ashburton and Shire of Roebourne.

Completely Degraded; No longer intact, completely/almost completely without native species (Keighery, 1994).

То

Excellent; Vegetation structure intact; disturbance affecting individual species, weeds non-aggressive (Keighery, 1994).

#### Comment

Vegetation and flora surveys conducted within and around the area under application recorded 641 flora taxa within 52 vegetation communities. The vegetation under application is in a completely degraded to excellent (Keighery, 1994) condition (Astron, 2010), with the majority being in a very good (Keighery, 1994) condition (Astron, 2010).

The condition of the native vegetation under application was sourced from a flora and vegetation survey report by Astron (2010). The report was a reconciliation of the vegetation and flora data as reported by Western Botanical (2009, 2010), AECOM (2010) and Astron (2010).

grasslands, grass steppe; hard spinifex, Triodia wiseana (Shepherd et al., 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 103: hummock grasslands, shrub steppe; snakewood over soft spinifex & Triodia wiseana (Shepherd et al, 2001).

Mapped Beard vegetation association 18: low woodland; mulga (Acacia aneura) (Shepherd et al, 2001).

## 3. Assessment of application against clearing principles

Comments

This amendment has been made to amend condition 4 to allow the clearing of native vegetation until 25 April 2017.

The assessment against the clearing principles has not changed and can be found in Decision Report CPS 4905/1.

Methodology

# Planning instruments and other relevant matters.

Comments

The assessment against Planning and Other Matters has not changed and can be found in Decision Report CPS 4905/1.

Methodology

#### 4. References

AECOM (2010) Proposed Anketell Port Transport Corridor, Associated Borrow Pits and Communication Towers - Level 2 Flora and Vegetation Assessment. Prepared for API Management Pty Ltd (DEC Ref DOC:A478194)

Astron (2010) West Pilbara Iron Ore Project. Reconciliation of Vegetation Descriptions and Associated Vegetation Mapping. Prepared for API Management Pty Ltd (DEC Ref DOC:A478194)

Keighery, B.J. (1994) Bushland Plant Survey: A Guide to Plant Community Survey for the Community. Wildflower Society of WA (Inc). Nedlands, Western Australia.

Shepherd, D.P., Beeston, G.R., and Hopkins, A.J.M. (2001), Native Vegetation in Western Australia. Technical Report 249.

Department of Agriculture Western Australia, South Perth.

Western Botanical (2010) Flora and Vegetation of the Proposed Mine & Associated Infrastructure Areas West Pilbara Iron Ore Project. Prepared for API Management Pty Ltd (DEC Ref DOC:A478194)

Western Botanical (2009) Flora and Vegetation of the Proposed Cape Preston Rail Corridor West Pilbara Iron Ore Project. Prepared for API Management Pty Ltd (DEC Ref DOC:A478194)