

27 February 2015

Manager of Native Vegetation Clearing Branch Department of Environment Regulation Locked Bag 33 Cloisters Square PERTH WA 6850

Attention: Matthew Warnock

Dear Matthew

RE: APPLICATION TO CLEAR NATIVE VEGETATION, KWINANA FREEWAY, BALDIVIS

On behalf of Perkins Builders Pty Ltd and BP Australia Pty Ltd, please find enclosed an application to clear native vegetation within the Kwinana Freeway Road Reserve, Baldivis. Also, provided herein are background project information and an assessment of the clearing against the ten clearing principles. A copy of the signed application form and the credit card payment form is provided in Attachment 1. Please note that the application form was prepared last year and is dated as such. The area to be cleared is no more than 4.5ha and the clearing period is May 2015 to March 2016.

### BACKGROUND

BP Australia Pty Ltd has obtained conditional approval from the Metro South-West Joint Development Assessment Panel to construct two identical freeway service centres adjacent to the Kwinana Freeway on Lot 191 Paparone Road and Lot 192 Leary Road, Baldivis. A copy of the Development Assessment Panel approval can be provided upon request.

BP Australia has awarded Perkins Builders the contract to design and construct the Service Centres. As part of this contract, Aurora Environmental have been commissioned to provide environmental services for the project.

The Service Centres are located on opposite sides of the Freeway, with the western centre servicing north-bound traffic and the eastern centre servicing south-bound traffic.

Each Service Centre requires entry/exit ramps from the Kwinana Freeway. The construction of the entry/exit ramps necessitates the removal of planted native vegetation within the road reserve – Attachment 2.

It is understood that the vegetation in the road reserve was planted as a condition of approval for the extension of the Kwinana Freeway – EPA Assessment 31 and Ministerial Statement No. 69.

#### ASSESSMENT OF CLEARING

# Principle (a) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it comprises a high level of biological diversity.

The vegetation to be cleared is comprised of native species planted as part of MRWA's revegetation program implemented as part of the Kwinana Freeway extension.

MRWA has used the following species in its revegetation program along the Kwinana Freeway, south of Mundijong Road:

- Acacia cochlearis
- Acacia pulchella
- Acacia truncata
- Anigozanthus humilis
- Anigozanthus manglesii
- Banksia prionotes
- Corymbia calophylla
- Eremea pauciflora
- Eucalyptus gomphocephala
- Eucalyptus rudis
- Hakea lissocarpa
- Hakea trifurcata
- Hardenbergia comptoniana
- Kunzea ericifolia

- Kunzea recurva
- Melaleuca acerosa
- Melaleuca cuticularis
- Melaleuca huegelii
- Melaleuca incana
- Melaleuca megacephala
- Melaleuca preissiana
- Melaleuca rhaphiophylla
- Pericalymma elliptica
- Petrophile linearis
- Phyllanthus calycinus
- Viminaria juncea
- Xylomelum occidentale

Note that not all of the above species may be present in the area to be cleared.

The vegetation appears to have been planted in approximately 2002 or 2003 following the completion of the Freeway extension. The vegetation to be cleared is not representative of a highly diverse vegetation community and therefore the clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (b) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it comprises the whole or a part of, or is necessary for the maintenance of, a significant habitat for fauna indigenous to Western Australia.

The vegetation comprises limited native species and is of a relatively immature age. Therefore the impacted vegetation does not provide significant habitat for fauna. The proposed clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (c) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it includes, or is necessary for the continued existence of, rare flora.

No rare flora is present in the area to be cleared. The clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (d) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it comprises the whole or a part of, or is necessary for the maintenance of a threatened ecological community.

The vegetation is comprised of planted native species. It is not representative of a threatened ecological community. The clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (e) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it is significant as a remnant of native vegetation in an area that has been extensively cleared.

Given that the vegetation in the application area is comprised of selected planted native species, this principle is not considered to be relevant as the vegetation is not representative of a natural vegetation community. Furthermore, the clearing is limited to approximately 4ha which will not alter the conservation status of any vegetation communities. Therefore, it is considered that the clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (f) Native vegetation should not be cleared if it is growing in, or in association with, an environment associated with a watercourse or wetland.

No wetlands are present in the application area. The clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (g) Native vegetation should not be cleared if the clearing of the vegetation is likely to cause appreciable land degradation.

Limited clearing is required. The natural soils present in the application area are Bassendean Sands which if exposed can be susceptible to erosion under dry and windy conditions; however this risk can be adequately mitigated by implementing appropriate dust management controls during construction. The final end use will result in the construction of sealed roads with adjacent areas to be stabilised and revegetated. The clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (h) Native vegetation should not be cleared if the clearing of the vegetation is likely to have an impact on the environmental values of any adjacent or nearby conservation area.

There are no conservation areas adjacent to the application area. The clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (i) Native vegetation should not be cleared if the clearing of the vegetation is likely to cause deterioration in the quality of surface or underground water.

The clearing will not lead to a deterioration in the quality of surface or ground water. The clearing is not at variance with this principle.

Principle (j) Native vegetation should not be cleared if clearing the vegetation is likely to cause, or exacerbate the incidence or intensity of flooding.

The proposed clearing will not lead to an increase in flooding. The in situ soils are highly permeable with rainfall most likely to infiltrate rapidly. The clearing is not at variance with this principle.

# PLANNING INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER RELEVANT MATTERS

#### Planning Approval

The construction of the freeway service centres has been conditionally approved by the Metro South-West Joint Development Assessment Panel. A copy of the approval can be supplied upon request.

#### **Land Access**

An Access Deed has been negotiated with MRWA which outlines the requirements for Perkins to observe during the construction of the freeway service centres. A copy of the Access Deed is provided in Attachment 3. Under the Deed, BP Australia is required to submit to MRWA a copy of detailed designs for their approval. Disturbance areas arising from the construction of the entry/exit ramps will need to be revegetated with species comparable to what was cleared, ensuring that line of sight and other safety factors are considered in the landscape design.

MRWA has advised that all practical steps are taken to minimise the extent of clearing need. BP Australia (or its nominated representative) is to ensure that all cleared material is mulched and replaced on site, either mixed with the topsoil or placed on the topsoil to a depth of no greater than 40 mm. Seeding in hydro-mulch is acceptable provided it is done in early June, the soil and mulch are completely weed free and wet/watered prior to sowing, seed is sown at a rate of 6 kg / ha, the seeds comprise a selection from the species list on the next page.

### Three tree species out of:

- Banksia attenuata, Slender Banksia, Piara
- Banksia grandis, Bull Banksia, Pulgarla
- Banksia menziesii, Firewood Banksia
- Callitris preissii, Rottnest Island Pine, Maro
- Eucalyptus foecunda, Narrow-leaved Red Mallee

# Five shrub species out of:

- Acacia stenoptera, Narrow Winged Wattle
- Bossiaea eriocarpa, Common Brown Pea
- Conostephium pendulum, Pearl Flower
- Dodonaea hackettiana, Hackett's Hopbush
- Gompholobium tomentosum, Hairy Yellow
- Grevillea vestita
- Hemiandra pungens, Snakebush
- Melaleuca thymoides

## Five understorey species out of:

- Caesia micrantha, Pale Grass Lily
- Centrolepis drummondiana
- Chamaescilla corymbosa, Blue Squill
- Conostylis aculeata, Prickly Conostylis
- Dasypogon bromeliifolius, Pineapple Bush
- Drosera erythrorhiza, Red Ink Sundew
- Drosera stolonifera, Leafy Sundew
- Hibbertia hypericoides, Yellow Buttercups

- Melaleuca huegelii, Chenille Honeymyrtle
- · Melaleuca teretifolia, Banbar
- · Melaleuca viminea, Mohan
- Melaleuca viminalis
- Xylomelum occidentale, Woody Pear, Djandin
- Monotaxis grandiflora, Diamond of the Desert
- Monotaxis occidentalis
- Persoonia saccata, Snottygobble
- Pimelea leucantha
- Rhagodia baccata, Berry Saltbush
- Stirlingia latifolia, Blueboy
- Synaphea spinulosa
- Thomasia glutinosa
- Hibbertia racemosa, Stalked Guinea Flower
- Homalosciadium homalocarpum
- Hovea trisperma, Common Hovea
- Isotropis cuneifolia, Granny Bonnets
- Kennedia prostrata, Scarlet Runner
- Laxmannia squarrosa
- Lepidosperma angustatum
- Levenhookia stipitata, Common Stylewort

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- Lobelia tenuior, Slender Lobelia
- Petrophile linearis, Pixie Mops
- Phlebocarya ciliate
- Scaevola canescens, Grey Scaevola
- · Siloxerus humifusus, Procumbent Siloxerus

- Stylidium brunonianum, Pink Fountain Triggerplant
- Stylidium piliferum, Common Butterfly Triggerplant
- Thysanotus arenarius

Areas revegetated are to be protected from vehicles by star pickets and flagging tape or other similar methods.

#### CONCLUSION

Perkins Builders have been appointed by BP Australia to design and construct two freeway service centres along the Kwinana Freeway in Baldivis. The construction of the centres will require the removal of planted native vegetation present in the Kwinana Freeway road reserve for the construction of entry and exit ramps.

The vegetation to be removed is understood to have been planted as a commitment made in relation to approval from the Minister for Environment under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*. The planting includes a limited range of species that are native to the locality and are estimated to be approximately 12 years old. The removal of the revegetation is considered to not contravene the ten clearing principles and therefore a clearing permit is being requested.



