

CLEARING PERMIT

Granted under section 51E of the Environmental Protection Act 1986

PERMIT DETAILS

Area Permit Number:8797/2File Number:A0206/202001Duration of Permit:From 9 May 2020 to 8 May 2030

PERMIT HOLDER

Evolution Mining (Mungari) Pty Ltd

LAND ON WHICH CLEARING IS TO BE DONE

Mining Lease 15/829

AUTHORISED ACTIVITY

Clearing of up to 210.3 hectares of native vegetation within the area cross-hatched yellow in Figure 1 of Schedule 1.

CONDITIONS

1. Weed control

When undertaking any clearing or other activity authorised under this Permit, the Permit Holder must take the following steps to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of *weeds*:

- (a) clean earth-moving machinery of soil and vegetation prior to entering and leaving the area to be cleared;
- (b) ensure that no known *weed*-affected soil, *mulch, fill* or other material is brought into the area to be cleared; and
- (c) restrict the movement of machines and other vehicles to the limits of the areas to be cleared.

2. Avoid, minimise and reduce the impacts and extent of clearing

In determining the amount of native vegetation to be cleared under this Permit, the Permit Holder must apply the following principles, set out in descending order of preference:

- (a) avoid the clearing of native vegetation;
- (b) minimise the amount of native vegetation to be cleared; and
- (c) reduce the impact of clearing on any environmental value.

3. Fauna management (malleefowl)

- (a) Within two weeks prior to undertaking any clearing under this Permit, engage an *environmental specialist* to conduct an inspection of the area to be cleared to identify malleefowl (*Leipoa ocellata*) mounds.
- (b) where a malleefowl mound is identified in relation to Condition 3(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that no clearing occurs within 50 metres of the malleefowl (*Leipoa ocellata*) mound/s, unless approved by the *CEO*.
- (c) where an *active (in use) malleefowl mound* is identified under Condition 3(a) of this Permit, the Permit Holder shall ensure that no clearing occurs within 200 metres of the mound/s, between 1 September and 31 January, unless first approved by the *CEO*.

4. Type of Clearing Authorised – staged clearing

The Permit Holder shall not clear native vegetation unless the purpose for which the clearing is authorised is enacted within six months of the authorised clearing being undertaken.

5. Directional clearing

The Permit Holder shall:

- (a) conduct all clearing authorised under this permit in one direction towards adjacent vegetation; and
- (b) allow a reasonable time for fauna present within the area being cleared to move into that adjacent native vegetation ahead of the clearing activity.

6. Records to be kept

The permit holder must maintain records relating to the listed relevant matters in accordance with the specifications detailed in Table 1.

Table 1	Records	that n	nust be	kept
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No.	Relevant matter	Specifications	
1.	In relation to the authorised clearing activities generally	(a)	the location where the clearing occurred, recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings;
		(b)	the date that the area was cleared;
		(c)	the size of the area cleared (in hectares);
		(d)	actions taken to minimise the risk of the introduction and spread of <i>weeds</i> in accordance with Condition 1;
		(e)	actions taken to avoid, minimise, and reduce the impacts and extent of clearing in accordance with Condition 2;
		(f)	actions taken in accordance with Condition 4; and
		(g)	actions taken in accordance with Condition 5.
2.	2. In relation to fauna management pursuant to Condition 3		the location of malleefowl (<i>Leipoa ocellata</i>) mound/s recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and Northings or decimal degrees; the location of <i>active (in use) malleefowl mound/s</i>
			recorded using a Global Positioning System (GPS) unit set to Geocentric Datum Australia 2020 (GDA2020), expressing the geographical coordinates in Eastings and
		(c)	Northings or decimal degrees; and actions taken in accordance with Condition 3.

7. Reporting

- (a) The Permit Holder shall provide a report to the *CEO* by 31 July each year for the life of this Permit, demonstrating adherence to all conditions of this Permit, and setting out the records required under Condition 6 of this Permit in relation to clearing carried out between 1 July and 30 June of the previous financial year.
- (b) If no clearing authorised under this Permit was undertaken between 1 July and 30 June of the previous financial year, a written report confirming that no clearing under this permit has been carried out, must be provided to the *CEO* by 31 July of each year.
- (c) Prior to 8 May 2030, the Permit Holder must provide to the CEO a written report of records required under Condition 6 of this Permit where these records have not already been provided under Condition 7(a) or 7(b) of this Permit.

DEFINITIONS

In this permit, the terms in Table 2 have the meanings defined.

Table 2: Definitions

Term	Definition
active (in use) malleefowl mound	means a mound with evidence of current malleefowl (<i>Leipoa ocellata</i>) activity, such as: working of the mound; scratching; litter trails leading to the mound; or loose uncompacted surfaces. The form and structure of the mound will show that it

Term	Definition	
	is currently being prepared for egg laying or it already contains eggs.	
CEO	the Chief Executive Officer of the Department responsible for administering the clearing provisions contained within the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> or an Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1986</i> .	
clearing	has the meaning given under section 3(1) of the EP Act.	
condition/s	a condition to which this clearing permit is subject under section 51H of the EP Act.	
fill	means material used to increase the ground level, or to fill a depression.	
department	means the department established under section 35 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1994</i> (WA) and designated as responsible for the administration of the EP Act, which includes Part V Division 3.	
environmental specialist	means a person who holds a tertiary qualification in environmental science or equivalent and has experience relevant to the type of environmental advice that an environmental specialist is required to provide under this Permit, or who is approved by the <i>CEO</i> as a suitable environmental specialist.	
EP Act	Environmental Protection Act 1986 (WA)	
mulch	means the use of organic matter, wood chips or rocks to slow the movement of water across the soil surface and to reduce evaporation.	
native vegetation	has the meaning given under section 3(1) and section 51A of the EP Act.	
weed/s	 means any plant – (a) that is a declared pest under section 22 of the <i>Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007</i>; or (b) published in a Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions species-led ecological impact and invasiveness ranking summary, regardless of ranking; or (c) not indigenous to the area concerned. 	

END OF CONDITIONS Danielle Risbey

Danielle Risbey | General Manager Mine Closure and Environmental Services Resource and Environmental Compliance Division 03 April 2025

Officer with delegated authority under Section 20 of the *Environmental Protection Act 1986*

SCHEDULE 1

The boundary of the area authorized to be cleared is shown in the map below (Figure 1).



