

Native Vegetation Clearing Permit Amendment CPS 9124/2

Sand Backpass Booster Pumps

Site Inspection Report

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November 2024



Introduction

The Shire of Esperance (SOE) has proposed to clear a total of 88.737669 m² of native vegetation located at two locations along the Castletown foreshore, west of Bandy Creek, within the Esperance Townsite for the purposes of installing booster pumps for the sand back pass pipeline. The pipeline was required to provide a long-term solution to the coastal erosion along Esperance Bay. Previous clearing permits / Referrals (REF 10516 and CPS 9124/2) allowed for the pipeline, but two small additional areas are required as the previous permit footprints are too small for two of the three required pumps and these will be applied for as an amendment to CPS 9124/2.

Table 1. Tenure of the proposed Sand Back Pass Booster Pump sites (CPS 9124/2 Amendment).

Pump Number	Description	Land Manager	Land Use
2	Freehold	Shire of Esperance	Future urban
	Lot 9003, Pln 69443		development
	Daw Drive, Bandy Creek		
3	Crown Reserve 27318	Management Order	Recreation
	Lot 991, Pln 220456	Shire of Esperance	
	Esplanade, Esperance		

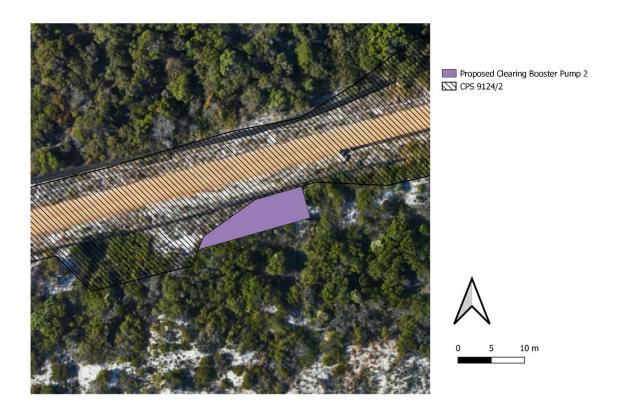


Figure 1. Location and vegetation to be cleared of proposed Sand Back Pass Booster Pump 2 (66m².) A point within the site is 400304m E, 6255541m N, GDA94, Zone 51.

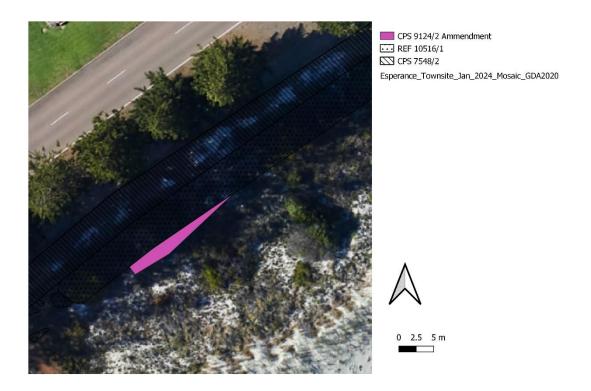


Figure 2. Location of vegetation to be cleared of proposed Sand Back Pass Booster Pump 3 (22.5 m²). A point within the site is 399060m E, 6254989m N, GDA94, Zone 51.

Desktop Summary

Prior to the site inspection, the Shire of Esperance's Desktop Environmental Impacts Spatial Interrogation Program (DEISIP) was utilised to conduct a comprehensive desktop search for an area encompassing a 20 km radius of the proposed CPS 9124/2 Ammenedment Sand Backpass Booster Pumps sites. This program consults numerous Local, State and Federal government spatial data sets to provide valuable environmental, heritage and other relevant information required in the assessment of the project against the ten clearing principles for native vegetation, regulated under Schedule 5 of the *Environmental Protection Act* 1986 (EPA 1986).

The site sits within the Recherche subregion of the Esperance Plains IBRA region. The Beard Vegetation Association, Fanny Cove 42, described as: "Shrublands; mallee & acacia scrub on south coastal dunes" is mapped as occurring at this site. 96.09% of this vegetation association remains, 94.87% of this vegetation association within the Shire of Esperance, and 94.56% within the Esperance Plains IBRA region.

Landform	Level plain with moderately inclined dune ridges and associated swales		
	with occasional swamps.		
Soils	Calcareous deep sands associated pale deep sands and minor		
	calcareous shallow sands.		
Geology / Regolith	Quaternary coastal sands mostly calcareous and unconsolidated.		
Vegetation remaining	46.145 % of vegetation remains within 5km of the project.		
within 5 km (%)			

Threatened and Priority	45 PF and 0 TF were recorded within 20km of the Sand Back Pass		
Flora (Appendix 3)	Booster Pumps sites.		
Threatened Ecological 2 EPBC listed TECs were recorded within 20km of the Sand Bac			
Communities	Booster Pumps sites: "Proteaceae Dominated Kwongkan Shrublands of		
	the Southeast Coastal Floristic Province of Western Australia" and		
	"Subtropical and Temperate Coastal Saltmarsh".		
Threatened and Priority 49 conservation listed terrestrial species were recorded wit			
Fauna (Appendix 4) Sand Backpass Booster Pumps sites.			
Closest Conservation	The Sand Backpass Booster Pumps sites are 2 km south from Reserve		
Reserve	15231 Woody Lake Nature Reserve.		
Aboriginal Heritage	No heritage site was within the project areas.		
	Approximately 420m from Bandy Creek Historical Camps.		

Site Inspection

A site inspection was conducted by Julie Waters (Environmental Coordinator) of the Shire of Esperance on the 8th of November, 2024 at Booster Pump 3. Booster Pump 2 was inspected on 12th of December 2024. The sites were characterised by costal foredunes.

A single vegetation community was identified within the project area. It was described as common immediate coastal fore-dune shrubland, with swales dominated by *Lepidosperma gladiatum* and *Tetragonia implexicoma*, the slopes by *Acacia cochlearis* and *Rhagodia baccata*, and the ridges dominated by *Spyridium globulosum*. It is believed that the Beard (1973) vegetation association identified in the desktop survey, Fanny Cove 42, described as: "Shrublands; mallee & acacia scrub on south coastal dunes" is an appropriate match for the vegetation community observed.

Vegetation condition varied between a very good and degraded condition at Booster Pump 2. Booster Pump 3 site was all in degraded condition with heavy weed invasion seen at the site. (Keighery, 1994).

The desktop study did not identify the any Threatened Ecological Communities directly within the pump sites, however, the sites were within the buffer areas, for both 'Subtropical and Temperate Coastal Saltmarsh' and 'Proteaceae dominated Kwongkan shrublands of the southeast coastal floristic province of Western Australia' TECs.

Following the site inspection survey, it can be confirmed that the vegetation at the sites does not meet either Kwongkan or Saltmarsh TEC. No Proteaceae or saltmarsh species were identified within either pump sites.

The site may contain suitable habitat for Quenda due to the presence of a thick sedge layer of *Lepidosperma gladiatum*. None of the other faunal species identified in the desktop survey are likely to be impacted upon.

A total of 29 native flora species, and 25 weed species were identified during the field survey. Weeds were mostly grasses. A full species list is presented in Table 2. No TF or PF identified in the desktop assessment were detected, and a post-survey likelihood of occurrence assessment indicated no species were likely to occur due to a lack of significant limitations in detectability or suitable habitat.

Table 2. Incidental list of flora species present within proposed CPS 9124/2 Amendment for Sand Back Pass Booster Pump sites.

Family	Taxon	Common name	Invasive	Pump 2	Pump 3
Aizoaceae	Carpobrotus virescens	Coastal Pig Face		Х	
Aizoaceae	Tetragonia implexicoma	Bower Spinach		Х	
Asteraceae	Dimorphotheca ecklonis	Veldt Daisy	*		Х
Asteraceae	Gazania linearis	Treasure Flower	*	Х	Х
Asteraceae	Senecio pinnatifolius			Х	
Asteraceae	Olearia axillaris	Coastal Daisy bush		Х	
Asteraceae	Sonchus oleraceus	Common Sowthistle	*		Х
Brassicaceae	Raphanus raphanistrum	Wild Raddish	*		Х
Chenopodiaceae	Rhagodia baccata	Berry Salt bush		Х	
Crassulaceae	Aeonium arboreum	Tree Aeonium	*		Х
Crassulaceae	Crassula alata		*	Х	
Cyperaceae	Ficinia nodosa	Knotted Club Rush		Х	
Cyperaceae	Lepidosperma gladiatum	Coastal Saw Sedge		Х	Х
Ericaceae	Leucopogon parviflorus	Coastal beard heath		Х	
Euphorbiaceae	Euphorbia terracina	Geraldton Carnation Weed	*		Х
Fabaceae	Acacia cochlearis	Rigid Wattle		Х	
Fabaceae	Acacia cyclops	Coastal Wattle		Х	
Fabaceae	Melilotus indicus	Annual Yellow Sweetclover	*		Х
Geraniaceae	Pelargonium capitatum	Rose Pelargonium	*	Х	
Goodeniaceae	Scaevola crassifolia	Thick leaved Fan Flower		Х	
Lauraceae	Cassytha sp.	Dodder Laurel		Х	
Oxalidaceae	Oxalis pes-caprae	Sour Sob	*		Х
Poaceae	Avellina festucoides		*	Х	
Poaceae	Avena barbata	Slender Wild Oat	*		Х
Poaceae	Bromus diandra	Brome grass	*	Х	
Poaceae	Ehrharta longiflora	Annual Veldt Grass	*		Х
Poaceae	Hordeum glacum	Barely Grass	*	Х	
Poaceae	Lagurus ovatus	Hare's Tail Grass	*	Х	Х
Polygonaceae	Muehlenbeckia adpressa	Climbing Lignum		Х	
Rhamnaceae	Spyridium globulosum	Basket Bush		Х	

Photos



Figure 3. Booster Pump 2 - Taken at 400316m E, 6255552m N GDA95 Zone 51, facing west. Taken by Julie Waters on 12/12/2024.



Figure 4. Booster Pump 3. Taken at 399048m E, 6254979m N GDA95 Zone 51, facing east. Taken by Julie Waters on 8/11/2024

References

- Beard J.S (1973). The vegetation of the Esperance and Malcolm Areas, Western Australia, 1: 250 000 series, Vegmap Publications Perth.
- Commonwealth of Australia (2014). Approved Conservation Advice for Proteaceae-dominated Kwongkan Shrublands of the Southeast Coastal Floristic Province of Western Australia, Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment. Accessible via http://www.environment.gov.au/biodiversity/threatened/communities/pubs/126-conservation-advice.pdf
- Commonwealth of Australia (2013). Approved Conservation Advice for Subtropical and Temperate Coastal Saltmarsh, Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment. Accessible via http://www.environment.gov.au/biodiversity/threatened/communities/pubs/118-conservation-advice.pdf
- Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment (2022). Referral guideline for 3 WA threatened black cockatoo species, Carnaby's Cockatoo (Zanda latirostris), Baudin's Cockatoo (Zanda baudinii), and the Forest Red-tailed Black-cockatoo (Calyptorhynchus banksii naso). Accessible via: https://www.dcceew.gov.au/sites/default/files/documents/referral-guideline-3-wathreatened-black-cockatoo-species-2022.pdf
- Department of Environmental Regulation (2014). A guide to the assessment of applications to clear native vegetation Under Part V Division 2 of the Environmental Protection Act 1986. Published December 2014, Perth, Western Australia. Accessed via https://www.der.wa.gov.au/images/documents/your-environment/native-vegetation/Guidelines/Guide2 assessment native veg.pdf.
- Keighery, B.J. (1994). Bushland plant survey. *A guide to plant community survey for the community*. Wildflower Society of WA (Inc.). Nedlands, Western Australia.
- Schokneckt N., Tille P., and Purdie B. (2004). *Soil Landscape Mapping in south-western Australia*, Resource Management Technical Report 20, Department of Agriculture WA.
- Thackway R. and Cresswell I.D. (1995) Eds. *An Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation for Australia: A framework for establishing the national system of reserves.* Version 4.0 Australian Nature Conservation Agency, Canberra ACT.

Appendix 1: Threatened and Priority flora species identified within 20 km

Data provided by Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions (DBCA) and Western Australian Herbarium in June 2024 was used to assess threatened flora (TF), priority flora (PF), and threatened (TEC) and priority (PEC) ecological communities within 20 km radius of the site. Specifically, spatial data included;

- WAHerb extract (DBCA 2024).
- o Threatened and Priority Reporting (TPFL; DBCA 2024).
- o Esperance District Threatened Flora (DBCA 2024).

Species	Status	Distance (m)
Cyathostemon sp. Esperance (A. Fairall 2431)	P1	2969.355
Eucalyptus foliosa	P1	15277.55
Hibbertia carinata	P1	6681.443
Lobelia archeri		15850.63
Schoenus sp. Grey Rhizome (K.L. Wilson 2922)	P1	16171.53
Carpobrotus sp. Lateral Flowers (N. Gibson & M. Lyons 973)	P2	651.5585
Comesperma griffinii	P2	16320.7
Dampiera decurrens	P2	16123.85
Goodenia exigua	P2	16764.54
Goodenia quadrilocularis	P2	15897.06
Hibbertia turleyana	P2	7643.479
Leucopogon corymbiformis	P2	2553.294
Myriophyllum muelleri	P2	7354.125
Paracaleana parvula	P2	14993.99
Tecticornia indefessa	P2	4560.293
Adelphacme minima	P3	10867.71
Astartea reticulata	P3	18109.37
Austrobaeckea uncinella	P3	4172.847
Austrostipa mundula	P3	13952.1
Brachyloma mogin	P3	19522.2
Comesperma calcicola	P3	5768.675
Dampiera sericantha	P3	9043.869
Dampiera triloba	P3	16432.2
Daviesia pauciflora	P3	7506.453
Eucalyptus famelica	P3	16730.54
Eucalyptus semiglobosa	P3	6875.893
Galium leptogonium		13529.18
Gonocarpus pycnostachyus		17043.31
Hopkinsia adscendens		2969.355
Kunzea salina		16079.13
Lepidium fasciculatum		2969.355
Leucopogon apiculatus		15856.87
Leucopogon interruptus	P3	16261.15

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Persoonia scabra		16334.12
Pityrodia chrysocalyx		2995.005
Pterostylis faceta	P3	19377.59
Styphelia rotundifolia	P3	6271.254
Banksia prolata subsp. calcicola	P4	2969.355
Corysanthes limpida		4543.135
Eucalyptus insularis subsp. insularis		16150.41
Eucalyptus preissiana subsp. lobata		17649.7
Eucalyptus x missilis	P4	2982.002
Grevillea baxteri	P4	2461.52
Kennedia beckxiana		13487.04
Myosotis australis subsp. australis		16313.8

Appendix 2: Threatened fauna species identified within 20 km

Assessment of Threatened and Priority fauna potentially occurring within 20 km of the site was conducted utilising the following sources:

- o DBCA Threatened Fauna database (DBCA 2024);
- o EPBC Act 1986 PMST (DCCEEW, 2024).

Taxon	Common name	Conservation	Conservation	Distance
		Code WA	Code EPBC	(m)
Thalasseus bergii	Crested tern	MI	MI	225.82
Zanda latirostris	Carnaby's cockatoo	EN	EN	373.45
Apus pacificus	Fork-tailed swift	MI	MI	463.15
Hydroprogne caspia	Caspian tern	MI	MI	866.67
Tringa nebularia	Common greenshank	MI	MI	866.67
Cereopsis	Recherche Cape Barren	VU	VU	866.67
novaehollandiae grisea	goose			
Actitis hypoleucos	Common sandpiper	MI	MI	866.67
Thalassarche	Atlantic yellow-nosed	VU	MI	1554.74
chlororhynchos	albatross			
Puffinus huttoni	Hutton's shearwater	EN		1727.07
Thinornis cucullatus	Hooded plover, hooded	P4		1947.47
	dotterel			
Calidris ruficollis	Red-necked stint	MI	MI	2144.72
Oxyura australis	Blue-billed duck	P4		2144.72
Leipoa ocellata	Malleefowl	VU	VU	2170.51
Calidris acuminata	Sharp-tailed sandpiper	MI	MI	2269.47
Calidris ferruginea	Curlew sandpiper	CR	CR & MI	2269.47
Tringa glareola	Wood sandpiper	MI	MI	2269.47
Plegadis falcinellus	Glossy ibis	MI	MI	2398.96

Charadrius	Greater sand plover,	VU	VU & MI	2503.56
leschenaultii	large sand plover			
Ardenna carneipes	Flesh-footed shearwater	VU	MI	2556.11
Westralunio carteri	Carter's freshwater	VU	VU	2556.11
	mussel			
Stercorarius	Brown skua, Subantarctic	P4		2556.11
antarcticus lonnbergi	skua			
Calidris canutus	Red knot (subsp. rogersi)	EN	EN & MI	2598.36
rogersi				
Pluvialis squatarola	Grey plover	MI	MI	2598.36
Zanda sp. 'white-tailed	White-tailed black	EN	EN	2618.90
black cockatoo'	cockatoo			
Notamacropus irma	Western brush wallaby	P4		2618.90
Falco peregrinus	Peregrine falcon	OS		2724.72
Limosa lapponica	Bar-tailed godwit	MI	MI	2919.38
Calidris melanotos	Pectoral sandpiper	MI	MI	2919.38
Calidris alba	Sanderling	MI	MI	3352.49
Acanthophis	Southern death adder	P3		3711.72
antarcticus				
Tringa stagnatilis	Marsh sandpiper	MI	MI	4053.34
Tringa brevipes	Grey-tailed tattler	MI & P4	MI	4053.34
Calidris canutus	Red knot	EN	EN & MI	4053.34
Arenaria interpres	Ruddy turnstone	MI	MI	6529.54
Calidris tenuirostris	Great knot	CR	CR & MI	6529.54
Isoodon fusciventer	Quenda, southwestern	P4		7076.07
	brown bandicoot			
Diomedea exulans	Wandering albatross	VU	VU & MI	7490.12
Numenius phaeopus	Whimbrel	MI	MI	8337.64
Thalassarche cauta	Shy albatross	VU	EN & MI	8337.64
cauta				
Ardenna tenuirostris	Short-tailed shearwater	MI	MI	8337.64
Oceanites oceanicus	Wilson's storm-petrel	MI	MI	8337.64
Elanus scriptus	Letter-winged kite	P4		9556.32
Charadrius bicinctus	Double-banded plover	MI	MI	12382.25
Charadrius mongolus	Lesser sand plover	EN	EN & MI	12630.02
Pluvialis fulva	Pacific golden plover	MI	MI	12630.02
Atelomastix dendritica	Recherche atelomastix	VU		13681.58
	millipede			
Pandion haliaetus	Osprey	MI	MI	16239.60
Stercorarius	Arctic jaeger, Arctic skua	MI	MI	16796.59
parasiticus				
Parantechinus apicalis	Dibbler	EN	EN	17848.06

Appendix 3: Infrastructure plans

Typical Booster Pump Setup



Marine Infrastructure Specialists



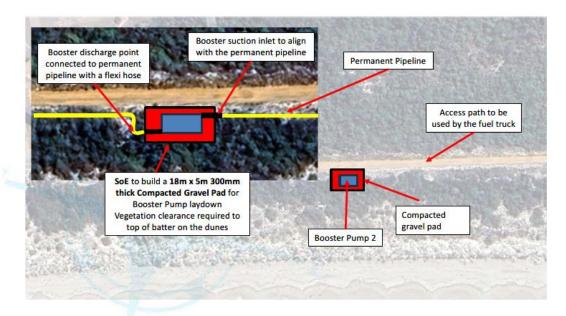
Booster Pump 1



Marine Infrastructure Specialists



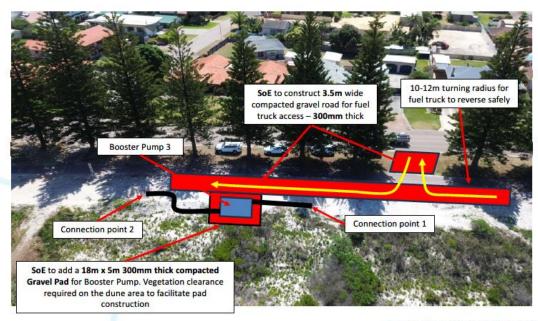
Booster Pump 2



Marine Infrastructure Specialists



Booster Pump 3



Marine Infrastructure Specialists

