

Reserve 24633 Coomalbidgup Swamp Swamp Yate PEC Assessment

Offset Site for Shire of Esperance Strategic Purpose Permit CPS 9524/1



Report compiled by Shire of Esperance Environmental Team: Katherine Walkerden– BSc, MEnvSc, Environmental Officer Julie Waters – BEnvSc (Hons), Environmental Coordinator

June 2023



1 Executive Summary

The Shire of Esperance was required to demonstrate 1.49 ha of Swamp Yate PEC as an environmental offset for their Strategic Purpose Permit CPS 9524/4.

Initially Reserve 26192 'Roberts Swamp reserve' was offered as an offset site to Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER), however this site did not meet the Swamp Yate PEC listing documentation criterion.

Reserve 24633 'Coomalbidgup Swamp' will now be offered as an alternative site as this site does meet the Swamp Yate PEC listing documentation criterion. This report demonstrates Coomalbidgup Swamp's suitability.

2 Swamp Yate, Priority Ecological Community (PEC)

The Priority 3(iii) "Swamp Yate, *Eucalyptus occidentalis*, woodlands in seasonally inundated clay basins in the South Coast of Western Australia" Ecological Community, was initially nominated as a Priority Ecological Community by Ecologia in 2008 as part of their Regional Flora and vegetation assessment for Grange Resources Limited Southdown Magnetite Proposal. (Appendix 1).

As discussed at the Esperance District Threatened Flora and Ecological Communities Recovery Team meeting on 8/3/2023, this is listing documentation should be used to carry out assessments on potential occurrences of this PEC.

3 Reserve 24633, Coomalbidgup Swamp

Reserve 24633 was initially offered as a conservation offset site in 2017 CPS 7487/1, CPS 7485/1 and CPS 7489/1 (Waters, 2017). The 201.67ha reserve is located on the intersection of South Coast Highway and Coomalbidgup Road, approximately 50km west of Esperance. The reserve contains 171.5 ha of vegetation mapped as 'Yate / paperpark mixed forest'.

A report published in June 2008 as part of the South Coast Wetland Monitoring Project states that numerous dead Swamp Yate trees are scattered throughout the wetland as a result of altered hydrology which was evident after high rainfall events which occurred in the 1980's when the wetland became flooded. In recent years regenerating yates have been observed within the shore buffer zones. In discussions with long time Coomalbidgup resident John Gray the swamp used to dry out sometimes but in the 45 years he's been at Coomalbidgup he's only seen it dry twice, and it hasn't dried up for the last 20 years. Clearing in the catchment is likely to be the main cause of this increased inundation.



Figure 1. Coomalbidgup Swamp in 2007.



Figure 2. Coomalbidgup swamp in 2013.



Figure 3. Coomalbidgup swamp in 2018.

4 Fire History

The 2017 report stated that the fire history of this site appears to be long unburnt with no obvious signs of any recent fire activity.

However on 2/1/2023 a small fire burnt the south west corner of reserve 24633. This was extinguished by the creation of machine built firebreaks. The fire went into the yate vegetation.



Figure 4. Coomalbidgup swamp fire January 2023.

5 Swamp Yate PEC Assessment

On 26/5/2023, Katherine Walkerden and Julie Waters carried out an assessment on Coomalbidgup Swamp against the Ecologia (2008) listing criterion to ascertain that the site met the PEC listing criterion.

Swamp Yate (Eucalyptus occidentalis) woodlands in seasonally inundated clay basins with intact understorey and fringing vegetation	Criterion 1: Abiotic Factors i) Occurs on valley floor; ii) Basin is more or less circular; iii) Seasonally inundated.	Criterion 2: Centre of basin inhabited by Eucalyptus occidentalis low woodland (often with an understory of Melaleuca cuticularis).	Criterion 4: Fringing the wetland is dense rushes and sedges.	Criterion 3: Peripheral to the central basin is a waterlogged zone of <i>E. occidentalis</i> associated with heath to open scrub and/or small trees. <i>Melaleuca calycina</i> , <i>M. glaberrima</i> , <i>M. incana</i> , <i>M. pulchella</i> , <i>Taxandria callistachys</i> ;	Swamp Yate PEC
Eucalyptus occidentalis over Melaleuca cuticularis - 171.546 ha	i)occurred on a valley floor ii)Basin is circular ii)Basin would historically dry out over summer. The Swamp has only dried out once since 2010.	Littoral vegetation was dominated by Eucalyptus occidentalis with Melaleuca cuticularis understorey. Central basin was previously dominated by Eucalyptus occidentalis prior to a significant flooding event in 2007.	Edge of littoral vegetation was a dense layer of Cyperaceae sedges with scattered rushes.	Peripheral to the central basin was <i>Melaleuca</i> cuticularis.	Mostly consistent with PEC



Figure 5. Photo of Yate Swamp taken from Western side of Coomalbidgup Swamp. Photo taken by Katherine Walkerden on the 26.05.2023.



Figure 6. Photo of yate swamp taken from edge of burned area. Photo taken by Katherine Walkerden on the 26.05.2023.



Figure 7. Recently burned area of yate swamp. Photo taken by Katherine Walkerden on the 26.05.2023.



Figure 8. Photo of Yate swamp showing dense sedge layer. Photo taken by Katherine Walkerden on the 26.05.2023.



Figure 9. Photo of Coomalbidgup Yate swamp. Photo taken by Katherine Walkerden on the 26.05.2023.

6 References

Hopkinson, K (2002) Wetland Conservation at Esperance WA Recommendations for the Management of the Coomalbidgup Swamp wetlands, A report produced by Green Skills for the Natural Heritage Trust and the Water and Rivers Commission.

Waters J (2017) Offsets Proposal Coomalbidgup Swamp - Reserve 24633, Flora and Vegetation Report June 2017, Shire of Esperance.

Appendix 1: Swamp Yate (*Eucalyptus occidentalis*) woodland in seasonally-inundated basins - Community Description

Description obtained from: Ecologia for Grange Resources Limited (2008) Southdown Magnetite Proposal. Regional Flora and vegetation assessment. Unpublished Report

Swamp Yate (Eucalyptus occidentalis) woodland in seasonally-inundated basins

Community Description

The centre of these sumplands was usually inhabited by Swamp Yate (*Eucalyptus occidentalis*) low woodland often with an understorey of the Saltwater Paperbark (*Melaleuca cuticularis*). Peripheral to the central seasonally-inundated basin of these wetlands there was often a waterlogged zone of E. occidentalis associated with *Kunzea recurva* heath to open scrub and/or the small trees *Melaleuca preissiana* and *Banksia littoralis* and a number of mallees (primarily *Eucalyptus decipiens subsp. adesmophloia*). Fringing the wetland there was usually an *Anarthria laevis* sedgeland. However in the wetlands where there was shallow laterite, the sedgeland was usually replaced with a Pericalymma ellipticum heath.

The understorey shrubs of this vegetation were typically very open. Melaleuca cuticularis, Kunzea recurva and Hakea nitida generally formed an open tall shrub layer. Hakea denticulata, Hakea laurina. Hakea varia, Exocarpos sparteus, Agonis theiformis, Lambertia inermis and Nuytsia floribunda were also sometimes present in the seasonally waterlogged areas fringing the sumplands. Other common shrub taxa, recorded at low density across the sampled sites were Isopogon trilobus, Acacia pulchella var. glaberrima, Taxandria spathulata, Astartea glomerosa, Astartea aspera, Beaufortia empetrifolia, Melaleuca concinna and Conothamnus aureus. Other mid and low shrub species recorded at lower abundance included Acacia biflora, Acacia luteola, A. subcaerulea, Adenanthos cuneatus, Banksia baueri, Banksia dryandroides, Bossiaea praetermissa, Daviesia inflata, Dryandra falcata, Dryandra mucronulata subsp. mucronulata, Dryandra tenuifolia var. tenuifolia, Gompholobium confertum. Hibbertia lineata, Leucopogon conostephioides, Melaleuca subtrigona, Petrophile squamata subsp. squamata, Petrophile media, Spyridium majoranifolium, Stirlingia anethifolia and Thomasia stelligera. The perennial herbs Villarsia parnassifolia, Anthotium humile, Stylidium corymbosum, Goodenia filiformis and Velleia trinervis were abundant in the wetlands in good condition. These herbs inhabited the shallowly-inundated zone of the wetland and were most apparent when the water receded and the herbs were in flower in late summer. A dense ground layer was generally present in the seasonally waterlogged fringe of the sumplands and this was dominated by rushes and sedges including Anarthria laevis, Baumea juncea, Gahnia ancistrophylla, Lepidosperma striatum, Schoenus laevigatus, Schoenus subfascicularis and Tricostularia compressa. A suite of native grasses was also recorded including Amphipogon amphipogonoides, Austrostipa hemipogon, Cyperochloa hirsuta, Deyeuxia quadriseta and Neurachne alopecuroidea. Naturalised alien grasses and herbs were prevalent in the more disturbed wetlands and these included *Aira caryophyllea, *Cirsium vulgare, *Conyza parva, *Conyza sumatrensis, *Hordeum leporinum, *Hypochaeris glabra, Juncus pallidus, *Lagurus ovatus, *Pennisetum clandestinum, *Pseudognaphalium luteoalbum, *Rumex crispus, *Solanum nigrum and *Vulpia myuros var. megalura

Appendix 2: Threatened and Priority Ecological Community (TEC/PEC) Occurrence Report Form

Department of Parks and Wildlife Ecologic	reatened and Prior cal Community (TE currence Report Fo	C/PEC)		Version 6.0	Page 1 July 2013
000	dirence Report i	71111			
Swamp Yate, Eupalyptus cool COMMUNITY: in seasonally inundated play i Coast of Western Australia		SERVATION D	ATE: 26/0	5/2023	
New occurrence Site ID:	co	INS STATUS:)P3		
OBSERVER/S: Katherine Walkerden, Julie V		PHONE:	0418558774	4	
ROLE: Envronemntal officer & Coordinator	ORGANISATION: 8	hire of Esperan	00		
EMAIL: Katherine.Walkerden@esperance.wa	a.gov.au				
DESCRIPTION OF LOCATION (Provide at least	nearest town/named locality, and t	he distance and d	inaction to that p	lace):	
Eucalyptus occidentalis dominated swamp frin	ge with Melaleuca cuticulari	is understorey.			
Edge of littoral vegetation was dominated by a					
Central swamp was inhabitated by scattered E permanent inundation.	ucalyptus occidentalis trees	prior to	Reserve No:	24633	
	LGA: Esperance		Land ma	nager pres	ent: 🗷
	cords provided, Zone is also required)	METHOD U 8E		myar praz	
DecDegrees 🛄 I	DegMinSec 🔲 UTMs 🖾	GPS 🔲	Differential C	PS 🛮	Map 🛭
GDA94 / MGA94	555	No. satellites:		Map uso	ed:
WGS84 Long / Easting: 3491)	74				
Unknown 🔲 Zone: 51		Boundary polygo	in captured: 🎬	Map uso	et:
LAND TENURE:					
National park State forest P Conservation park Water reserve D	UCL SLK/Pole	Rail reserve D	Or Specify other		serve 🗷
AREA ASSESSMENT: Edge survey EFFORT: Time spent surveying (minutes):	Partial survey Full sur	minutes spent / 1	a observed (m	(*):	
EPPORT. Time speak surveying (minutes):					
THREATS - type, and supporting information:	Cause/Agent: e.g. weed type, grazing species	Area	Current impact	Potontial Impact	Potential Threat
e.g. clearing, too frequent fire, weed, disease. Refer to field manual for list of threats & agents.	recreation type	'	(74-E)	(L-E)	Onset (S-L)
Altered hydrological regime	Broadacre clearing surrounding occurence		ь н	Ħ	
Weed invasion	Asparagus asparagoides PEC: Leptospermum laevigatum invasion in surrounding vegetion	in .	s II	m	
 Increased use of the reserve for recreation. 4WD 	Fire access tracks installe during January 2023 fire	d .	s ii	м	
Use of the reserve by neighbouring fire brigade	Fire access tracks installe during January 2023 fire	d -	s ii	M	
•			4		
•					
•					
•			4		
			4		
"Rate current and potential three	at impact: N=Nil, L=Low, M=Mi	edium, HeHigh,	b=Extreme	•	
	itt: S=Short (<12mths), M=Med	ium (<5yra), L=L	ong (Syra+)		
"Estimate time to potential impa					
	Please return form to: nities.data@dpaw.wa		dey Delivery	Centre WA	6983





Threatened and Priority Ecological Community (TEC/PEC) Occurrence Report Form

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CONDITION OF OCCURRENCE: (Bush Forever Scale) (estimate % of area in each)							
Pristin	c 🗆 📉 %	Very Good	O%	Degra	ided 🔲 🔙 %		
Excellen	nt 🔲 🚃 %	Good	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Completely Degra	ided 🔲 🔙 %		
DECOMMENDED M	ANACEMENT ACTI	ONE					
Recommended in Rehabilitate firebreak		ONS: e.g. roadside mark	ers, weed control, etc.				
Renabilitate firebrear	K tracks						
ACTIONS IMPLEME	ENTED (Include date	9):					
HABITAT INFORMA	TION: (Check mans the	in one box for combination	s or where necessary)				
LANDFORM:	ROCK TYPE:	LOOSE ROCK:	SOIL TYPE:	80IL COLOUR:	DRAINAGE:		
		(on soil surface: e.c.			_		
Crest D	Granite D	gravel, quartz fields)	Sand Sand Sandy loam S	Red D	Well drained		
Ridge 🗖	Laterite D		Loam D	Yelow D	Seasonally inundated		
Outcrop	Iranstana D	0-10%	Clay loam D	White D	Permanently		
Slope D	Limestone D	10-30%	Light clay	Grey D	inundated M		
Flat D	Quartz 🗖	30-50%	Post D	Black D	Tidal 🗖		
Open depression	Quantz in	50-100%	7 1.11	District and			
Drainage line	Receils other		Canada athan	Results other	Receile ather		
Closed depression	Specify other:		Specify other:	Specify other:	Specify other:		
Wetland B							
	ement: (Parior to field manu	of for additional actions			<u> </u>		
apeoino Landionii Ex	ement. year to too meta	al for additional values()					
	_						
CONDITION OF SOIL:				_			
Dry Moist Moist	Waterlogged	Inundated	Cracked 🔲	Saline 🔲 Othe	r:		
	1. Eucalyptus occiden	ntalis swamp fringe with	Melaleuca outiculari	s			
VEGETATION 2. Scattered Eucalyptus occidentalis over dense mixed sedges CLA 8 8 IFICATION:							
CLASSIFICATION:	3.						
	4.						
	4.						
Please return form to:							
		munities.data@d					
or Species and Cor	mmunities Branch, Dep	artment of Parks and W	/Idlife, Locked Bag 1	04, Bentley Delivery (Centre WA 6983		
			informat:				





Threatened and Priority Ecological Community (TEC/PEC) Occurrence Report Form

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FIRE HIST	ORY-						
7							
Last Fire:	Season/Month: January	Year: 2023	Fire Intensity:	High 🛄	Medium 🚨	Low 🖾	No evidence of fire 🛄
	-						
Actual Oc	currence Landuse:	Picnic area					
Adjacent I	Landuse:	Farmland, Fi	ire brigade, satel	lite townsi	ite		
Associate	d Flora Species:						
Eucalyptus	ocodentalis						
Melaleuca o	outi culiaris						
Lepidospen	ma sp.						
Acadia cycle	ops						
Acadia salig	na						
Mixed sedg	es						
* Note a 20	17 Esperance Wildflower	Society species	s list for Reserve 2	4633 exist	S		
Associate	d Fauna Species:						
large numb	jup swamp has been reg er of water birds that roo ounts conducted annually	st, nest and mou	ilt in the area. The	wetlands h	nave also bee		
	pecies of waterbirds have					e reserve t	fringing Coomalbidgup
Swamp ider	ntified 36 different specie	is, including brei	eding pairs of Eura	Islan Coots	6		
OTHER	OMMENT O						
	OMMENT 8: : Wetland Conservation :	nt Francisco 3N	I. Danammandali	as for the		of the Con-	malhida en Cuenca
wetlands, A	report produced by Gree er Kevin Hopkinson Dec	en Skills for the I					
			Diagna	in man de .			
			<i>Please return f</i> ities.data@d		OUN 311		
or Speci	ies and Communities Bra	anch, Departmer	of Parks and Wi	idlife, Lock	.gov.au ed Bag 104, B	lentley Del	Ivery Centre WA 6983





Threatened and Priority Ecological Community (TEC/PEC) Occurrence Report Form

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ATTACHED:	Мар 🔲	Mudmap		Photo 🔲	GIS	data 🔲	Field notes	
Other:								
COPY SENT TO:	Regional Office		District Office	ce 🗵	Other:			
Submitter of record:	Katherine Wa	lkerden			Role:	Environme	ental Officer	
8ignature:					Date subm	Itted:	08.08.2023	

Please return form to:

communities.data@dpaw.wa.gov.au er Species and Communities Branch, Department of Parks and Wildlife, Locked Bag 104, Bentley Delivery Centre WA 6983

Record entered by:	Date entered:	Database no: