

Dear ,

On 26th October 2022 a Black Cockatoo Habitat Tree Assessment was undertaken along Talbot West Road, Mt Observation, between SLK 12.12 and SLK 13.15. The site location is shown on **Figure 1** below.

Figure 1: Site location.



Background

A Black Cockatoo Habitat Tree Assessment records trees which create potential habitats for Black Cockatoo species. The assessment is the primary technique used to inform decisions on significant impact for Black Cockatoos.

York is located within the Wheatbelt area that is identified as known Breeding habitat for Carnaby's cockatoo (*Calyptorhynchus latirostris*). This species generally occurs in woodland or forest and nests in hollows in live or dead trees of salmon gum (*Eucalyptus salmonophloia*), Wandoo (*Eucalyptus wandoo*), Tuart (*Eucalyptus gomphchelea*), Jarrah (Eucalyptus marginata), Flooded gum (*Eucalyptus rudis*), York gum (*Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *loxophleba*), Powderbark (*E. accedens*), Karri (*Eucalyptus diversicolor*) and Marri (*Corymbia calophylla*).

Black Cockatoos breed in large hollow-bearing trees, generally within woodlands or forests. Hollows form as trees age with only old trees having suitable size hollows. The size of the tree, measured as the diameter at breast height (DBH), is a useful indicator of the hollow-bearing potential of the tree. Habitat trees considered potentially suitable for Black Cockatoo breeding have a DBH greater than 500 mm (for salmon gum and wandoo, suitable DBH is 300 mm). All native trees with the described DBH parameters were recorded as part of this assessment.

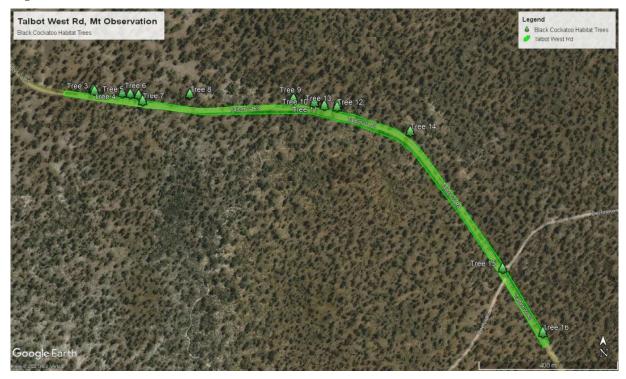
Habitat Tree Assessment

The assessment was undertaken by measuring each native tree and recording those with a DBH greater than 500 mm (300 mm for salmon gum and wandoo). Visual observations from ground level and materials (including plant samples, scats, and feathers) collected from the site were used to identify the tree species, health, hollow size and height, including signs of potential cockatoo use.

Results

In total, sixteen trees were recorded as potential Black Cockatoo Habitat trees due to their size. Four trees (25%), consisting of 2 Jarrah and 2 Wandoo, contained hollows large enough to support Black Cockatoo breeding. The results of the survey are provided in **Appendix A** and shown on **Figure 2** below.

Figure 2 – Habitat Tree Locations



Conclusion

Talbot West Road, Mt Observation, (SLK 12.12 to SLK 13.15) contains sixteen potential Black Cockatoo Habitat trees, consisting of 10 *Eucalyptus wandoo* (Wandoo), 3 *Eucalyptus marginata* (Jarrah) and 3 *Corymbia calophylla* (Marri), with a DBH greater than 500mm. Four trees, 2 Jarrah and 2 Wandoo contain hollows large enough to support Black Cockatoo breeding. 60% of the trees recorded contain hollows.

It is recommended to avoid and protect the 4 trees (Tree 4, 12, 14 and 16)) with large hollows and where possible avoid the removal of trees with a DBH over 500mm. If trees are removed, the Shire of York could consider an offset for any removals with a 3 to 1 planting ratio.

Results of the Black Cockatoo Habitat Tree Assessment are provided in **Appendix A** and shown on **Figure 2**.

Information regarding Appendix A

Hollows	Information
Large Hollow	< 20cm entrance
Medium Hollow	10-20cm entrance
Small Hollow	5-10cm entrance

Tree Health	Information
Very Good	Tree overall health is excellent
Good	Tree presents minor signs of stress
Degraded/Stressed	Tree has some markers of its health deteriorating
Dead	Tree has no alive branches

 $na = not \ applicable$

Kind Regards

Delfank

Director

Del Botanics Environmental Consulting

BLACK COCKATOO HABITAT TREES RECORDED ALONG TALBOT ROAD WEST, MT OBSERVATION BETWEEN SLK 12.12 AND SLK 13.15 APPENDIX A:

		Comments	na	na	na
		Hollows	4 small 1 medium	5 small	na
	DBH	(mm)	783.44	757.96	627.39
	Approx.	height (m)	30	25	25
	Health (Very Good, Good,	Stressed, Dead)	Very Good	Very Good	Very Good
	Location (Eastings/Northings)	WG84 (50)	50 J 458133.55 6461436.093	50 J 458131.64 6461438.670	50 J 458136.32 6461432.984
		Tree species	Eucalyptus wandoo	Eucalyptus wandoo	Corymbia calophylla
AND SLK 13.15		Photo			
AND SI	Tree	No.	1	7	ю

	Г	<u> </u>
na	na	na
4 large 5 small	па	Па
1296.18	636.94	834.39
25	25	30
Dead	Very Good	Very Good
50 J 458216.64 6461426.346	50 J 458239.11 6461424.547	50 J 458263.26 6461421.651
Eucalyptus marginata	Corymbia calophylla	Corymbia calophylla
4	vo	9

na	na	na
6 small	6 medium 2 small	na
1003.18	1038.22	321.66
25	30	50
Good	Very Good	Very Good
50 J 458275.21 6461404.299	50 J 458410.48 6461422.976	50 J 458705.50 6461408.096
Eucalyptus wandoo	Eucalyptus wandoo	Eucalyptus wandoo
r-	∞	6

or o	et.	E .
I medium 5 na small	I medium 3 na small	10 small 3 na medium 1 large
853.50	955.41	1114.65
30	30	30
Very Good	Very Good	Very Good
50 J 458764.17 6461399.475	50 J 458792.24 6461390.730	50 J 458828.27 6461385.958
Eucalyptus wandoo	Eucalyptus wandoo	Eucalyptus wandoo
10	=	12

па	na	2 main trunks same size
па	1 large	na
735.67	1324.84	853.50
30	30	25
Very Good	Very Good	Very Good
50 J 458829.97 6461396.083	50 J 459034.31 6461318.098	50 J 459295.12 6460936.844
Eucalyptus marginata	Eucalyphus marginata	Eucalyptus wandoo
13	14	15

6460756 medium 2 large